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SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES

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SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES

A DDC BIBLIOGRAPHY

DDC-TAS-72-74

JANUARY 1973

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13. ABSTRACT This bibliography contains unclassified and unlimited references on Short Take-Off Planes. Discussed are design, configurations, wing-body configurations, flight testing, wind tunnel tests, aerodynamic configurations, aerodynamic characteristics, handling qualities, performance and stability of Short Take-Off Planes. Corporate Author-Monitoring Agency, Subject, Title, and Personal Author Indexes are included.		

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F O R E W O R D

This bibliography consists of 150 unclassified and unlimited references pertaining to *Short Take-Off Planes*. These references were selected from entries processed into the Defense Documentation Center's data bank during the period of January 1960 through August 1972. Individual entries are arranged in AD number sequence under the heading AD Bibliographic References.

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OFFICIAL


ROBERT B. STEGMAIER, JR.
Administrator
Defense Documentation Center

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PERSONAL AUTHOR.....	P-1

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-257 571
VEHICLE RESEARCH CORP PASADENA CALIF

DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS FOR PREDICTING V/STOL AIRCRAFT
CHARACTERISTICS (U)

DEC 60 IV RETHORST, SCOTT ROYCE, W.W.:
REPT. NO. 7
CONTRACT: NONR309900

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *HELICOPTERS, *LOAD DISTRIBUTION, *SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, AIRFRAMES,
AIRPLANES, CONVERTIBLE AIRPLANES, DESIGN, FLIGHT,
MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
PROPELLERS (AERIAL), STABILITY, VARIABLE-PITCH
PROPELLERS (U)

ANALYSES ARE DEVELOPED WHICH ENABLE PREDICTION OF
THE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF A GENERALIZED
SPECTRUM OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT. THE ANALYSES ALSO
DEFINE OPTIMUM CONFIGURATIONAL FEATURES WITHIN THIS
BROAD SPECTRUM. A RESOLUTION TO THE CONFLICT
BETWEEN THE HOVERING AND FORWARD FLIGHT REGIMES IS
PROVIDED BY THE ANALYSIS. BOTH AERODYNAMIC AND
STRUCTURAL WEIGHT ASPECTS ARE INVESTIGATED. THESE
TWO BASIC FACTORS ARE ANALYZED SEPARATELY, AND THEN
COMBINED TO PROVIDE AN INTEGRATED ANALYSIS AS A BASIS
FOR QUANTITATIVE PERFORMANCE PREDICTION. THE
ANALYSIS DEFINES QUANTITATIVELY THE PERFORMANCE
POTENTIAL OF ANY VTOL VEHICLE AS A FUNCTION OF ITS
GEOMETRY, OPERATING CONDITIONS, AND WEIGHT. THIS
UNIQUE POTENTIAL IS CHARTED TO ILLUSTRATE THE VARIOUS
TRADE-OFFS IN PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AVAILABLE
TO THE OPERATOR. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-257 800

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D
C

A FLIGHT EXAMINATION OF OPERATING PROBLEMS OF V/STOL
AIRCRAFT IN STOL-TYPE LANDING AND APPROACH (U)

JUN 61 1V INNIS, ROBERT C. QUIGLEY, HERVEY C.
REPT. NO. TN D 862

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: •AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, •CONTROL
SYSTEMS, •SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •TRANSPORT PLANES,
•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPLANE LANDINGS, CONTROL,
DRAG, FLIGHT TESTING, LIFT, PITCH (MOTION), ROLL,
STABILITY, STALLING (U)

THE OPERATING ENVELOPE OF A LARGE TWIN-ENGINE
STOL AIRCRAFT HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND GENERAL
LIMITATIONS HAVE BEEN POINTED OUT WHICH THE PILOT
MUST CONSIDER WHEN CHOOSING A MINIMUM LANDING
APPROACH SPEED FOR STOL AIRCRAFT. THE
SIGNIFICANCE OF SATISFACTORY STABILITY AND CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS IN THIS REGARD IS DISCUSSED. THE
PROBLEMS REVIEWED IN THE REPORT WOULD ALSO BE
REPRESENTATIVE OF THOSE OF A LARGE, OVER-LOADED VTOI
AIRCRAFT OPERATING IN AN STOL MANNER.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-257 882

WICHITA STATE UNIV KANS

ACHIEVING CONSISTENCY IN MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE STOL
LANDINGS

(U)

JAN 61 IV CRAIG, A. J. I
REPT. NO. ER 351
CONTRACT: DA44 177TC354
MONITOR: TRECOM TR-61-41

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, *AIRPLANE
LANDINGS, *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *TRANSPORT PLANES,
AIRPLANES, FLIGHT PATHS, FLIGHT TESTING,
INSTRUMENTATION, LANDING FIELDS, LANDINGS,
MANEUVERABILITY, PILOTS, TEST METHODS, TESTS
IDENTIFIERS: U-1 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

FACTORS INFLUENCING THE ACHIEVEMENT OF MINIMUM
DISTANCE LANDINGS OVER A BARRIER WERE INVESTIGATED TO
DETERMINE WHAT MIGHT BE DONE TO PROVIDE CONSISTENCY
IN LANDING IN A COMPUTED MINIMUM DISTANCE. IT WAS
FOUND THAT THE PILOT REGULARLY EXTRACTED THE MAXIMUM
AERODYNAMIC PERFORMANCE OF THE AIRPLANE, BUT THAT
LIMITATIONS ACCOMPANYING MAXIMUM AERODYNAMIC
PERFORMANCE PREVENTED CONSISTENTLY SHORT LANDINGS.
THE PRIMARY LIMITATION WAS THE INABILITY TO FLATTEN
OR STEEPEN THE DESCENT PATH DURING THE APPROACH TO
THE BARRIER. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-258 268

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D
C

STOL CHARACTERISTICS OF A PROPELLER-DRIVEN, ASPECT-
RATIO-10, STRAIGHT-WING AIRPLANE WITH BOUNDARY-LAYER
CONTROL FLAPS, AS ESTIMATED FROM LARGE-SCALE WIND-
TUNNEL TESTS (U)

JUN 61 1V WEIBERG, JAMES A.; HOLZHAUSER, CURT A.;
REPT. NO. TN D 1032

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, *BOUNDARY
LAYER CONTROL, *FLAPS, *LANDINGS, *SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, *TAKE-OFF, AIRPLANE MODELS, ASPECT RATIO,
BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS, DUAL-ROTATION
PROPELLERS, FLIGHT SPEEDS, LIFT, MODEL TESTS, PITCH
(MOTION), ROLL, STABILITY, TESTS, TRANSPORT PLANES, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS (U)

RESEARCH PRESENTED RELATIVE TO THE TAKE-OFF AND
LANDING DISTANCES POSSIBLE WITH A CONVENTIONAL
PROPELLER-DRIVEN TRANSPORT-TYPE AIRPLANE INDICATED
THAT IF HIGHLY EFFECTIVE FLAPS WERE USED IN
COMBINATION WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF POWER TO AUGMENT
LIFT (STOL), THE LANDING AND TAKE-OFF DISTANCES
WOULD BE LESS THAN HALF OF THE DISTANCES FOR
CONVENTIONAL OPERATION. THE STUDY IS BASED ON THE
WIND-TUNNEL TESTS OF A MODEL WITH BLC ON THE
TRAILING-EDGE FLAPS AND CONTROL SURFACES. AT THE
LOWEST SPEEDS CONSIDERED (ABOUT 50 KNOTS),
ADEQUATE LONGITUDINAL STABILITY WAS OBTAINED BUT THE
LATERAL AND DIRECTIONAL STABILITY WERE
UNSATISFACTORY. AT THESE LOW SPEEDS THE
CONVENTIONAL AERODYNAMIC CONTROL SURFACES MAY NOT BE
ABLE TO COPE WITH THE FORCES AND MOMENTS PRODUCED BY
SYMMETRIC AS WELL AS ASYMMETRIC ENGINE POWER.
THIS PROBLEM WAS ALLEVIATED BY INCREASING CONTROL
EFFECTIVENESS BY USE OF BLC. FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN
THE LANDING AND TAKE-OFF SPEEDS TO OBTAIN SHORTER
DISTANCES PROBABLY WILL RESULT IN THE NEED TO
SUPPLEMENT THE AERODYNAMIC CONTROLS, THE NEED FOR
COUNTERROTATING PROPELLERS, AND POSSIBLY THE NEED FOR
INTERCONNECTED SHAFTING ON THE PROPELLERS.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-263 450

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO CINCINNATI OHIO

RESULTS OF WIND TUNNEL TESTS OF A FULL SCALE FUSELAGE
MOUNTED, TIP TURBINE DRIVEN LIFT FAN, VOLUME 2.
ADDITIONAL 30 HOURS OF WIND TUNNEL TESTS, SEPTEMBER-
DECEMBER 1960 (U)

APR 61 1V

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC584

MONITOR: TRECOM

TR-61-15-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *SHROUDED
PROPELLERS, *WIND TUNNELS, ACCELERATION, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, DECELERATION, DRAG, INSTRUMENTATION,
LIFT, MEASUREMENT, MODEL TESTS, MOMENTS, PITCH
(MATERIAL), PITCH (MOTION), STABILITY, TAILS (AIRCRAFT),
TEST EQUIPMENT, TEST FACILITIES, TEST METHODS, TORQUE,
WIND TUNNEL MODELS (U)

ANALYSES OF THE RESULTS ARE PRESENTED IN
CONSIDERABLE DEPTH DEFINING FAN HOVER PERFORMANCE AND
VARIATION WITH FLIGHT SPEED, COMPARING FAN POWERED
WITH BASIC AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE AND CALCULATING
VARIOUS TRANSITION PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND
CONFIGURATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CASES OF MAXIMUM
ACCELERATION, MAXIMUM CLIMB, CONTROLLED DESCENT,
UNACCELERATED LEVEL FLIGHT AND SHORT TAKE OFF
(WITH AND WITHOUT OVERLOADS). (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-263 597

CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

THE INFLUENCE OF TWO-DIMENSIONAL STREAM SHEAR ON
AIRFOIL MAXIMUM LIFT (U)

AUG 61 1V VIDAL, R. J.; CURTIS, J. T.; HILTON, J. H. I
REPT. NO. A1 1190 A 7
CONTRACT: DA44 177TC439
MONITOR: TRFCOM TR-61-93

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *AIRFOILS, *LIFT, *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FLIGHT SPEEDS, GAS FLOW, JETS,
LANDINGS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MODEL TESTS,
PERTURBATION THEORY, PRESSURE, TAKE-OFF, WINGS (U)

THE EFFECTS OF STREAM VELOCITY GRADIENT ON AIRFOIL
MAXIMUM LIFT ARE DEFINED WITH EXPERIMENTAL DATA OBTAINED
IN A SIMULATED TWO-DIMENSIONAL SLIPSTREAM. THE EXPERIMENTAL
RESULTS SHOW THAT WHEN POSITIONED NEAR THE SLIPSTREAM PLANE
OF SYMMETRY, THE AIRFOIL MAXIMUM LIFT VARIES MARKEDLY WITH
LOCATION IN THE SLIPSTREAM. IN MOVING THE AIRFOIL FROM ABOVE
TO BELOW THE SLIPSTREAM PLANE OF SYMMETRY THROUGH A TOTAL
DISTANCE CORRESPONDING TO THE AIRFOIL THICKNESS, FORCE DATA
AND BOUNDARY-LAYER OBSERVATIONS SHOW THAT BOUNDARY-LAYER
SEPARATION IS DELAYED TO HIGHER ANGLE OF ATTACK AND THE
AIRFOIL MAXIMUM LIFT IS DOUBLED. IT IS CONCLUDED THAT THE
DESTALLING EFFECT OBSERVED IN THE NONUNIFORM SLIPSTREAM IS
ASSOCIATED WITH SLIPSTREAM BOUNDARY INTERFERENCE BUT
STEMS FROM THE INFLUENCE OF THE LARGE LOCAL SLIPSTREAM
SHEAR ON AIRFOIL CHARACTERISTICS. THE EFFECTS OF UNIFORM
AND NONUNIFORM SHEAR ON AIRFOIL LIFT AND PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTION ARE DISCUSSED, WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF
EXISTING FIRST-ORDER, SMALL-SHEAR THEORY, TO SHOW THAT
THESE EFFECTS OF SHEAR TEND TO PROMOTE STALL. A
POHLHAUSEN CALCULATION OF THE LAMINARY BOUNDARY LAYER
IN A STREAM WITH SHEAR IS USED TO IDENTIFY AND ASSESS
THE EFFECTS OF STREAM SHEAR ON BOUNDARY-LAYER
SEPARATION CRITERIA. (U)

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AD-266 771

FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

GAS TURBINE ENGINES IN SHORT OR VERTICAL TAKE-OFF AND
LANDING AIRCRAFT (U)

DEC 61 14 WATKY, D. J
REPT. NO. MCL 1392

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *GAS TURBINES, AIRPLANE ENGINES, DATA, JET
ENGINES, JET PROPULSION, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
TRANSLATIONS, TURBOFAN ENGINES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES (U)

IDENTIFIERS: GERMANY (U)

A REVIEW IS GIVEN OF THE EMPLOYMENT POSSIBILITIES
OF GAS TURBINE POWER PLANTS IN STOL-, VTOC- AND
VTOL-AIRCRAFT. THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW GAS
TURBINE ENGINES FOR VTOL-AIRCRAFT WAS GENERALLY
DISCONTINUED WHILE CONVENTIONAL GAS TURBINES ARE MADE
SERVICEABLE FOR SPECIAL VTOL PURPOSES OF TAKE OFF,
E.G. BY TRAVERSING THE ENGINE, DEFLECTION OF GAS JET;
THRUST NOZZLE ROTATION, AND JACKETED FANS. A
PRIME REQUIREMENT EXISTS FOR LOW ENGINE MASS/THRUST
RATIO EXEMPLIFIED BY THE LIGHT WEIGHT JET TURBINE
RB.108 OF THE ROLLSROYCE LTD. MENTION IS
MADE OF THE SPECIAL VTOL GAS TURBINE BY BRISTOL-
SIDDELEY ENGINES LTD. WHICH IS PROVIDED WITH A
TURBOFAN, THE TYPE DESIGNATION OF WHICH IS STILL
UNKNOWN. DATA PERTAINING TO GAS TURBINE ENGINES
USED IN VTOL AIRCRAFT ARE TABULATED. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-267 523

WICHITA STATE UNIV KANS SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

A SUMMARY ANALYSIS OF AN STOL TRANSPORT (U)

AUG 61 IV RAZAK, KENNETH; CRAIG, A. J. I

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, ANALYSIS, DEFLECTION, DESIGN, DOWNWASH, DRAG, FLAPS, JET FLAPS, JETS, LIFT, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, MODEL TESTS, MOMENTS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, THEORY, TOPOLOGY, TRANSPORT PLANES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, WINGS (U)

THIS REPT. INCLUDES: THE TOPOLOGY OF THE AERODYNAMIC PARAMETERS OF AN AIRPLANE WITH A JET-AUGMENTED FLAP, BY WILLIAM H. WENTZ, JR.

THESIS, JUNE 61, 58P. INCL. ILLUS. A

PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS HAS BEEN MADE OF AN STOL TRANSPORT OF 35,000 POUNDS GROSS WEIGHT EQUIPPED WITH FEATURES THAT PRODUCE A TOTAL PERFORMANCE NOT HERETOFORE ACHIEVED IN A SINGLE AIRPLANE. THE PRIME GOAL OF THE ANALYSIS WAS TO SECURE AN AIRPLANE IN WHICH A PILOT COULD CONSISTENTLY ACHIEVE LANDINGS SUCH THAT THE LANDING FIELD LENGTH IS THE SAME AS THE BEST PERFORMANCE OF THE AIRPLANE. THE LANDING DISTANCE OF THIS AIRPLANE IS 1170 FEET AND THE TAKE-OFF DISTANCE IS 1380 FEET, BOTH OVER A 50-FOOT OBSTACLE AT ICAO STANDARD SEA LEVEL CONDITIONS. A METHOD OF ANALYSIS IS DESCRIBED WHICH INVOLVES THE USE OF TRAILING EDGE FLAPS DEFLECTED TO 100 DEGREE AND THE USE OF THRUST TO FLARE THE AIRPLANE. THE CONTROL OF THE AIRPLANE L/D RATIO MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE CONSISTENTLY THE ABOVE LANDING DISTANCES. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-269 082

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D
C

TABLES OF INTERFERENCE FACTORS FOR USE IN WIND-TUNNEL
AND GROUND-EFFECT CALCULATIONS FOR VTOL-STOL
AIRCRAFT. PART I - WIND TUNNELS HAVING WIDTH-HEIGHT
RATIO OF 2.0 (U)

JAN 62 1V HEYSON, HARRY H. I
REPT. NO. TN D 933

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, *WIND TUNNELS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
CONFIGURATION, GROUND EFFECT, INTERFERENCE, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS, TABLES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS (U)

TABLES OF INTERFERENCE FACTORS FOR USE IN WIND-
TUNNEL AND GROUND-EFFECT CALCULATIONS FOR VTOL-STOL
AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED FOR WIND TUNNELS HAVING A
WIDTH-HEIGHT RATIO OF 2.0. THESE TABLES WERE
MACHINE-CALCULATED AND ARE INTENDED FOR USE WITH THE
PROCEDURES OF NASA TECHNICAL REPORT R-124.
THESE TABLES ARE PRESENTED WITHOUT COMMENT.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM96

AD-269 091

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D
C

TABLES OF INTERFERENCE FACTORS FOR USE IN WIND-TUNNEL
AND GROUND-EFFECT CALCULATIONS FOR VTOL-STOL
AIRCRAFT. PART II - WIND TUNNELS HAVING WIDTH-HEIGHT
RATIO OF 1.5 (U)

JAN 62 1V HEYSON, HARRY H. I
REPT. NO. TN D 934

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, *WIND TUNNELS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
CONFIGURATION, GROUND EFFECT, INTERFERENCE, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS, TABLES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS (U)

DESCRIPTORS: (DOPPLER TRACKING, ATELITE
VEHICLES, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, ANALYTIC
GEOMETRY, EQUATIONS, MATRIX ALGEBRA.)
(*STELLE VEHICLE TRAJECTORIES, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, LEAST SQUARES
METHOD.) (ERROR, PROPAGATION, ANALYSIS OF
VARIANCE, DETERMINANTS.) IDENTIFIER:
POLYDOP. THE MATHEMATICS FOR POLYDOP IS
PRESENTED. THE DEVELOPMENT STARTS WITH THE
DERIVATION OF THE BASIC MATHEMATICAL RELATIONS. THE
CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE EXISTENCE OF A UNIQUE
SOLUTION TO THESE EQUATIONS ARE DISCUSSED, AND THE
SOLUTIONS TO A NUMBER OF POLYDOP SYSTEM EQUATIONS ARE
PRESENTED. THE PROBLEMS THAT APPEAR WHEN MORE THAN
ONE VEHICLE IS IN THE REGION OF OBSERVATION OF THE
SYSTEM AT ANY GIVEN TIME ARE DISCUSSED. SITUATIONS
ARE CONSIDERED IN WHICH THE SAME DATA MIGHT BE TAKEN
EVEN IF THE VEHICLE PATHS CORRESPONDING TO THIS DATA ARE
NOT THE SAME. THE PROBLEM OF CONVERSION OF RANGE
INFORMATION INTO CARTESIAN COORDINATE INFORMATION IS
TREATED. THE TWO MOST COMMON MEASURES OF ERROR
PROPAGATION AND A METHOD FOR FINDING THE POINT OF
INTERSECTION OF TWO CONICS ARE INCLUDED.
AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-269 921

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D
C

TABLES OF INTERFERENCE FACTORS FOR USE IN WIND-TUNNEL
AND GROUND-EFFECT CALCULATIONS FOR VTOL-STOL
AIRCRAFT, PART IV - WIND TUNNELS HAVING WIDTH-HEIGHT
RATIO OF 0.5 (U)

JAN 62 1V HEYSON, HARRY H.:
REPT. NO. TN D 936

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *INTERFERENCE, *TABLES, *WIND TUNNELS,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, BOUNDARY LAYER,
CONFIGURATION, DATA, JETS, LIFT, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, WIND TUNNEL MODELS (U)

TABLES OF INTERFERENCE FACTORS FOR USE IN
WINDTUNNEL AND GROUND-EFFECT CALCULATIONS FOR
VTOLSTOL AIRCRAFT ARE PRESENTED FOR WIND TUNNELS
HAVING A WIDTH-HEIGHT RATIO OF 0.5. THESE TABLES W
RE MACHINE-CALCULATED AND ARE INTENDED FOR USE WITH
THE PROCEDURES OF NASA TECHNICAL REPORT R-124
(AD-269 611). (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-270 110
PRINCETON UNIV N J

APPLICATION OF SMALL-SCALE PROPELLER TEST DATA TO V/
STOL AIRCRAFT DESIGN (U)

OCT 61 IV PAYNE, HENRY E. III. I

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *MODEL TESTS, *PROPELLER BLADES, *ROTOR
BLADES (ROTARY WINGS), *ROTOR BLADES (TURBOMACHINERY),
*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, LABORATORY EQUIPMENT,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, RELIABILITY, TEST EQUIPMENT,
TEST METHODS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, WIND TUNNELS (U)

A COMPILATION OF AVAILABLE EXPERIMENTAL AND
ANALYTICAL DATA IS PRESENTED, DEALING WITH THE
EFFECTS OF PROPELLERS (AND ROTORS) ON V/STOL
TAKE-OFF AND TRANSITION FLIGHT. SINCE THE MAJORITY
OF THE EXPERIMENTAL WORK WAS CONDUCTED WITH SMALL-
SCALE PROPELLERS/ROTORS, CONSIDERABLE EFFORT WAS
EXPENDED TO DEMONSTRATE THE APPLICABILITY OF THESE
DATA TO FULL-SCALE PROPELLERS. THE DEPENDENCE OF
TAKE-OFF PERFORMANCE ON BLADE REYNOLD'S NUMBER AND
TIP MACH NUMBER IS DESCRIBED. RECENT RESULTS
FROM THE NAVY FLYING WIND TUNNEL HAVE CONCLUSIVELY
INDICATED THE DEPENDENCE OF MODEL V/STOL TRANSITION
FLIGHT DATA ON THE CHARACTER OF THE MODEL TEST
FACILITY. THEREFORE, THE CORRELATION OF MODEL VS.
FULLSCALE PROPELLER/ROTOR TRANSITION DATA WAS
IMPOSSIBLE BECAUSE OF THE NON-AVAILABILITY OF
ACCURATE FULL-SCALE RESULTS. DATA ARE PRESENTED
DESCRIBING IDENTICAL TESTS RUN ON THE AIRSHIP AND IN
THREE DIFFERENT WIND TUNNELS. A BRIEF ANALYTICAL
TREATMENT IS DESCRIBED WHICH MIGHT ENABLE MORE WORK
TO PROCEED TO CORRECT FOR WALL INTERFERENCE. IN
ADDITION, THE EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES USED TO OBTAIN
ACCURATE LOW VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS AND TO OBTAIN
VIBRATION-FREE STRAINAGE TRACES ARE BRIEFLY
DESCRIBED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-275 507

CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSES WASHINGTON D C OPERATIONS
EVALUATION GROUP

STATUS OF V/STOL TECHNOLOGY

(U)

APR 62 IV MILLER, R.H. I
REPT. NO. IRM15

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *TRANSPORT PLANES,
*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, CARRIER LANDINGS, DESIGN,
LOGISTICS, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, NAVAL AIRCRAFT, NAVAL
OPERATIONS, OPERATIONS RESEARCH (U)

THE MISSION AND CAPABILITIES OF A TILT-WING VTOL
LOGISTIC TRANSPORT, AS REQUIRED BY THE NAVY, ARE
DISCUSSED. THE DESIGN PARAMETERS NEEDED TO FULFILL
THESE REQUIREMENTS AS WELL AS THE CURRENT STATE OF
THE ART ARE PRESENTED. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-276 504

NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION INC LOS ANGELES CALIF

LOW SPEED FREE AIR TESTS OF A POWERED .165 SCALE FOUR
ENGINE TILT WING V/STOL MODEL (U)

MAR 62 1V
REPT. NO. NA62H 211

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *CONVERTIBLE AIRPLANES, *SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, DRAG, LIFT, MODEL TESTS, MOMENTS,
TABLES (U)

LOW SPEED FREE AIR TESTS OF A POWERED .165 SCALE FOUR
ENGINE TILT WING V/STOL MODEL.

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-276 616

ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

FACTORS LIMITING THE LANDING APPROACH SPEED OF
AIRPLANES FROM THE VIEWPOINT OF A PILOT

(U)

APR 61 12P INNIS, R.C.:
REPT. NO. 358

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL, *JET FIGHTERS,
*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *TRANSIENTS, AILERONS, AIRPLANE
LANDINGS, CONTROL, FLAPS, FLIGHT TESTING, PROPELLERS
(AERIAL), STABILITY, WAKE (U)

AN EXAMINATION WAS MADE FROM THE PILOT'S POINT OF
VIEW OF SOME OF THE FACTORS LIMITING THE LANDING
APPROACH SPEED OF AIRPLANES. THE RESULTS OF TWO
SPECIFIC AIRCRAFT WERE CONSIDERED: ONE A SWEEPWING
JET FIGHTER EMPLOYING BLOWING-TYPE BOUNDARY LAYER
CONTROL (BLC) ON HIGHLY DEFLECTED LEADING AND
TRAILING-EDGE FLAPS, AND THE OTHER A STRAIGHT-WING,
TWIN-ENGINE CARGO AIRCRAFT USING PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM
IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN AREA SUCTION BLC SYSTEM ON
THE FLAPS AND DROOPED AILERONS TO DEVELOP HIGH LIFT.
AN ATTEMPT IS MADE TO PROVIDE A BETTER
UNDERSTANDING OF THE EFFECT OF VARIOUS STABILITY AND
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS ON THE PILOT'S SELECTION OF
APPROACH SPEEDS. IT IS SHOWN THAT IN THE PRESENCE
OF POOR HANDLING QUALITIES, THE PILOT DEMANDS AN
EXCESS MARGIN OF SPEED WHICH HE USES TO COMPENSATE
FOR THE ATTENTION REQUIRED BY THE UNDESIRABLE
CHARACTERISTICS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDMOB

AD-283 081
BELL AEROSYSTEMS CO BUFFALO N Y

CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN
TRANSITION

(U)

JUL 62 223P HENDERSON, C. I. KROLL, J. I. HESBY, A. I.
REPT. NO. 2023 917002
CONTRACT: N0W-61-0859

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *FLIGHT SIMULATORS, *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, ANALOG SYSTEMS, CONTROL
SIMULATORS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DAMPING, FLIGHT PATHS,
FLIGHT SPEEDS, HOVERING, PITCH (MATERIAL), PITCH
(MOTION), ROLL, YAW

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: HOVERING, VTOL CRAFT BELL D-
2064, VTOL CRAFT BELL D-58K. A SIMULATOR STUDY
WAS MADE OF THE LONGITUDINAL CONTROL AND FLIGHT
HANDLING CHARACTERISTICS OF THREE TYPES OF V/STOL
AIRCRAFT DURING THE TRANSITIONAL PHASE OF FLIGHT BET
WEEN HOVE° AND CONVENTIONAL LEVEL FLIGHT. THE
AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS STUDIED WERE IN THE 35,000
POUND WEIGHT CLASS AND OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES:
(1) DUAL TANDEM DUCTE PROPELLER, (2) TILT
ROTOR, AND (3) TILT WING WITH DEFLECTED
SLIPSTREAM. FLIGHT EVALUATION OF CONTROL POWER AND
DAMPING WERE CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE PILOT RATING
BOUNDARIES FOR EACH CONFIGURATION. OTHER
AERODYNAMIC AND CONTROL PARAMETERS INVESTIGATED WERE:
(1) SPEED STABILITY PARAMETER, (2) STATIC
STABILITY PARAMETER, (3) CHANGE IN PITCHING MOMENT
DUE TO CHANGE IN THROTTLE, (4) CONVERSION RATE,
(5) THROTTLE GRADIENT AND (6) SLOPE OF THE
POWER REQUIRED CURVE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZDMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-285 079

VEHICLE RESEARCH CORP PASADENA CALIF

DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS FOR PREDICTING V/STOL AIRCRAFT
CHARACTERISTICS (U)

DEC 61 1V RETHORST, SCOTT; FUJITA, TOSHIO;
REPT. NO. 12
CONTRACT: NONR309900

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *HELICOPTERS, *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS,
AIR FORCE OPERATIONS, AIRFRAMES, COMPUTERS, CONVERTIBLE
AIRPLANES, DESIGN, FLIGHT PATHS, JET PLANES, LOAD
DISTRIBUTION, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MATHEMATICAL
PREDICTION, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, NOMOGRAPHS,
OPERATIONS RESEARCH, TABLES (U)

DESCRIPTORS: *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *HELICOPTERS, MATHE
MATICAL ANALYSIS, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
CONVERTIBLE AIRPLANES, DESIGN, OPERATIONS RE
SEARCH, AIR FORCE OPERATIONS, MILITARY RE
QUIREMENTS, JET PLANES, FLIGHT PATHS, AERODY
NAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, AIRFRAMES, LOAD DISTRI
BUTION, COMPUTERS, NOMOGRAPHS, TABLES,
AERODYNAMICS. THE ANALYSES OF THE PREVIOUS
PHASE I (AD-244 736) AND PHASE II (AD-257
571) STUDIES ARE EXTENDED AND REFINED. THE
RELATIONSHIPS AMONG BASIC V/STOL PERFORMANCE
PARAMETERS ARE BROUGHT INTO FOCUS. RESULTS ARE
CAST INTO AN ENGINEERING FORM. A 'SLIDE-RULE' TYPE
COMPUTER AND A SET OF NOMOGRAPHS ARE FURNISHED TO
SIMPLIFY PREDICTION OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT
CHARACTERISTICS. PROPELLERDRIVEN V/STOL AIRCRAFT
ARE ANALYZED IN TERMS OF TRADE-OFFS AMONG BASIC
PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS FOR A GENERALIZED MISSION
PROFILE. THE ATTAINMENT OF HIGH PERFORMANCE
POTENTIAL IS DEPENDENT ON THE BASIC AERODYNAMIC
PARAMETERS GOVERNING THE FORWARD FLIGHT CAPABILITIES
OF CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT. FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT
THE VARIABLE DISC AREA PARAMETER (RATIO OF HOVERING
DISC AREA TO FORWARD FLIGHT DISC AREA) HAS A MARKED
EFFECT ON PERFORMANCE POTENTIAL. THE 'SLIDE-RULE'
AND NOMOGRAPHS ENCOMPASS A WIDE RANGE OF BASIC
PARAMETERS INCLUDING VARIABLE DISC AREA AND ARE
APPLICABLE TO PROP-DRIVEN V/STOL AIRCRAFT.

17

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UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-289 561
PRINCETON UNIV N J

A PRELIMINARY STUDY OF THE DYNAMIC STABILITY AND
CONTROL RESPONSE DESIRED FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT (U)

JUN 62 1V ELLIS,D.R.;CARTER,G.A.;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTIONS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES; ACCELERATION, AUTOMATIC, AUTOMATIC PILOTS,
EQUATIONS, FEEDBACK; FLIGHT PATHS, FLIGHT SIMULATORS,
GUSTS, HELICOPTERS, HOVERING, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS,
MOTION, PITCH (MOTION), SIMULATION, STABILITY,
STABILIZATION SYSTEMS, VELOCITY (U)

LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS AND CONTROL RESPONSE DESIRED FOR
VTOL/STOL AIRCRAFT STABILIZED AUTOMATICALLY.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-401 106

BOEING CO MORTON PA VERTOL DIV

RESEARCH PROGRAM TO DETERMINE THE FEASIBILITY AND
POTENTIAL OF THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
(GETOL) CONFIGURATION (U)

DEC 62 198P

WAHL, H. MCHUGH, F. I

REPT. NO. R 276

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC663

MONITOR: TRECOM

TR-62-63-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, AIRPLANE MODELS, ARMY AIRCRAFT, DUCTED
FANS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, GROUND EFFECT, MODEL
TESTS (U)

WIND TUNNEL STUDIES TO EVALUATE THE FEASIBILITY AND
POTENTIAL OF THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (GETOL)
CONFIGURATION.

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL No. /ZOM08

AD-401 149

BOEING CO MORTON PA VERTOL DIV

RESEARCH PROGRAM TO DETERMINE THE FEASIBILITY AND
POTENTIAL OF THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
(GETOL) CONFIGURATION, VOLUME I (U)

DEC 62 1V

REPT. NO. R276

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC663

MONITOR: TRECOM TR-62-63-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: *SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, AIRPLANE MODELS, ARMY AIRCRAFT, DUCTED
FANS, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, GROUND EFFECT, MODEL
TESTS (U)

WIND TUNNEL STUDIES TO EVALUATE THE FEASIBILITY AND
POTENTIAL OF THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (GETOL)
CONFIGURATION.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL No. /ZOM08

AD-421 955

GENERAL DYNAMICS/CONVAIR SAN DIEGO CALIF

GETOL RESEARCH PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

AUG 63 165P

REPT. NO. GDC-62-370

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-722

PROJ: DA-1-D-121401-A-147

TASK: 1-D-121401-A-14701

MONITOR: TRECOM TR-63-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), MODEL TESTS, HOVERING, CONTROL, BASE FLOW, PRESSURE, TAKE-OFF, THRUST VECTOR CONTROL SYSTEMS, PITCH (MOTION), LOAD DISTRIBUTION, SLOTTED FLAPS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, GROUND EFFECT MACHINES, DEFLECTION, INLET GUIDE VANES, TAILS (AIRCRAFT), DRAG, LANDINGS, YAW, ROLL, NOZZLES, EXHAUST NOZZLES, GROUND EFFECT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: 1963; GETOL (U)

RESULTS ARE PRESENTED FOR AN EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCH PROGRAM TO DETERMINE THE AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF A GROUND-EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (GETOL) AIRCRAFT AND TO ASCERTAIN THE FEASIBILITY AND POTENTIAL OF A GETOL AIRCRAFT SYSTEM. THE OBJECTIVE OF THE GETOL CONCEPT IS TO PRODUCE AN AIRCRAFT THAT WOULD ELIMINATE CONVENTIONAL LANDING GEAR AND PROVIDE A CAPABILITY FOR TAKE-OFF AND LANDING OVER UNPREPARED TERRAIN. THE PROGRAM INCLUDED STATIC-ROOM AND WIND-TUNNEL TESTING. THE DATA AND RESULTS FROM THE TESTS PROVIDED THE BASIS FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS AND LAYOUTS OF THE GETOL AIRCRAFT STUDY CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-426 13U

MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIV STATE COLLEGE

THE MARVEL PROJECT. THE MARVELETTE AIRPLANE
BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION.

(U)

NOV 63 25P

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-892(T)

PROJ: DA-1-D-121401-A-142

TASK: 1-D-121401-A-14203

MONITOR: TRECOT TR-63-54

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, RESEARCH PLANES);
(•RESEARCH PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES), ARMY
AIRCRAFT, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, DESIGN, SHROUDED
PROPELLERS, TAILS (AIRCRAFT), RING WINGS, FLIGHT
TESTING, BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS, SUCTION
SLOTS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: 1963; MARVELETTE AIRCRAFT, MARVEL
PROJECT, AG-14 AIRCRAFT, XAZ-1 AIRCRAFT

(U)

A RESEARCH PROJECT CURRENTLY BEING UNDERTAKEN AT
MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY IS REPORTED IN
WHICH AN AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH AIRCRAFT, THE MARVEL,
IS BEING DESIGNED TO EXPLORE THE PROBLEM AREAS
INHERENT IN STOL FIXED-WING AIRCRAFT. AFTER
SEVERAL YEARS OF EXPERIMENTATION WITH MODIFIED OFF-
THE-SHELF AIRCRAFT, IT BECAME EVIDENT THAT FULL
EVALUATION OF NEW STOL DESIGN TECHNIQUES WAS
SEVERELY LIMITED BY BASIC CONFIGURATIONS OF AVAILABLE
AIRCRAFT AND THAT AN AIRCRAFT INCORPORATING THE LATEST
TECHNIQUES IN ITS BASIC CONFIGURATION SHOULD BE
DESIGNED AND TESTED. AS AN INTERIM STEP TOWARD
REFINEMENT OF THE MARVEL DESIGN, A TEST BED
AIRCRAFT, THE MARVELETTE (XAZ-1), HAS BEEN
DESIGNED, BUILT AND FLOWN. THIS REPORT PRESENTS THE
BACKGROUND HISTORY OF THE MARVEL AND THE
DESCRIPTION OF THE MARVELETTE. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-426 377

ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

AERODYNAMIC ASPECTS OF BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL FOR
HIGH LIFT AT LOW SPEEDS, (U)

JAN 63 67P WILLIAMS, J. BUTLER, S. F. J.

MONITOR: AGARD 414

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PRESENTED AT THE AIRCRAFT TAKE-
OFF AND LANDING SPECIALISTS' MEETING SPONSORED BY
THE AGARD FLIGHT MECHANICS PANEL, 15-18 JAN 63,
PARIS.

DESCRIPTORS: (BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS), TRAILING CONTROL
SURFACES, JET FLAPS, SUCTION SLOTS, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, AIRFOILS, SUPERSONIC AIRFOILS, LIFT,
PITCH (MOTION), DRAG, LAMINAR FLOW, FLIGHT TESTING,
LANDINGS, TAKE-OFF, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), FLAPS,
COANDA EFFECT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: 1963 (U)

THE USEFULNESS OF BOUNDARY-LAYER CONTROL
(B.L.C.) AT THE KNEE OF A TRAILING-EDGE FLAP, OVER
THE WING NOSE CLOSE TO THE LEADING EDGE OR AT THE
KNEE OF A LEADING-EDGE FLAP IS FIRST NOTED. VARIOUS
METHODS OF PROVIDING B.L.C. ARE OUTLINED,
COMPRISING SLOT BLOWING, SLOT SUCTION, AREA SUCTION,
INCLINED AIR-JETS, AND SPECIALLY DESIGNED AEROFOIL
SHAPES. THE AERODYNAMIC ASPECTS OF SLOT BLOWING
OVER TRAILING-EDGE FLAPS AND THE WING NOSE ARE THEN
EXAMINED IN DETAIL, AND BOTH SLOT SUCTION AND AREA
SUCTION ARE ALSO CONSIDERED. THE ASSOCIATED
PRACTICAL DESIGN FEATURES REQUIRED FOR GOOD
PERFORMANCE ARE DISCUSSED AND SOME FLIGHT-HANDLING
IMPLICATIONS ARE MENTIONED. (AUTIOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-426 783

TORONTO UNIV (ONTARIO) INST FOR AEROSPACE STUDIES

PERFORMANCE AND OPERATION OF QUASI TWO DIMENSIONAL
JET FLAPS,

(U)

NOV 63 52P KORBACHER, G.K.:
REPT. NO. REPT. 90
CONTRACT: DA-TC-44-177-G1
PROJ: DA-1-D-121401-A-142
TASK: 1-D-121401-A-14224
MONITOR: TRECOM TR-63-58

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (JET FLAPS, AERODYNAMIC CONTROL
SURFACES), (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, JET FLAPS),
TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW, RECOVERY, THRUST, LIFT,
DRAG, WINGS, OPTIMIZATION, ANGLE OF ATTACK,
MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTER
ISTICS, FLUID FLOW, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, DE
FLECTION, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, DESIGN,
THEORY, VELOCITY.
IDENTIFIERS: 1963.

(U)

(U)

TRUE TWO-DIMENSIONAL AND QUASI TWO-DIMENSIONAL JET-
FLAP TEST RESULTS ARE EVALUATED FOR EXPERIMENTAL
EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OR AGAINST THE ONCE MUCH-DISPUTED
JET-FLAP THRUST HYPOTHESIS. THE THRUST HYPOTHESIS
IS VERIFIED EXPERIMENTALLY AS CONCLUSIVELY AS IT HAS
BEEN PROVEN THEORETICALLY. THE DEVELOPMENT IS
PRESENTED OF JET-FLAP CHARACTERISTICS FOR TRULY AND
QUASI TWO-DIMENSIONAL JET-FLAPPED WINGS. FOR ANY
DESIRED LIFT, IT RENDERS ANY NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS
OF RATE OF BLOWING, JET-DEFLECTION ANGLE, AND ANGLE
OF ATTACK WHICH CAN PRODUCE THIS LIFT. BESIDES, IT
PERMITS THAT AMOUNT OF THE JET-SHEET THRUST WHICH CAN
BE RECOVERED AS PROPULSIVE THRUST OR WHICH IS
NULLIFIED BY THE DRAG OF THE JET-FLAPPED WING TO BE
READ OFF SIMULTANEOUSLY. THE RATIO OF THESE VALUES
REFLECTS ON THE PERFORMANCE AND ECONOMY OF OPERATION
OF THIS WING. IF THEN, THE PRODUCTION OF A
SPECIFIC LIFT IS OPTIMIZED WITH RESPECT TO THE LOWEST
EXPENDITURE IN BLOWING AT THE SMALLEST POSSIBLE DRAG,
AN "OPERATING LINE" CAN BE DEFINED AND ADDED TO THE
JET-FLAP CHARACTERISTICS. THE RANGE OF
ECONOMICAL JET-FLAP OPERATION WAS FOUND TO COINCIDE
WITH THE REGION IN WHICH ANY CHANGE IN THE RATE OF
BLOWING RESULTS IN EXACTLY THE SAME CHANGE IN THE
MEASURED THRUST. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOR

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-430 063

DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT CO INC LONG BEACH CALIF

A STUDY OF ROUGH-TERRAIN-INDUCED STRUCTURAL LANDING
LOADS. (U)

DEC 63 181P

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-735

PROJ: DA-1-D-121401-A-146

TASK: 1-D-121401-A-14602

MONITOR: TRECOM TR-63-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (AIRPLANE LANDINGS, LOADING (MECHANICS)),
(SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPLANE LANDINGS), STRUCTURES,
WEIGHT, TERRAIN, LANDING GEAR, LANDING IMPACT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: 1963, V-1 AIRCRAFT (U)

AN INVESTIGATION WAS MADE OF THE EFFECT OF ROUGH
TERRAIN ON THE LOADS, WEIGHTS, AND PERFORMANCE OF THE
OV-1 AIRPLANE DURING LANDINGS. THE LOAD
CALCULATIONS, WHICH WERE CONDUCTED ON AN IBM 7090
COMPUTER, CONSIDERED THE INTERNAL OPERATING MECHANISM
OF THE LANDING GEAR AND THE FLEXIBILITIES OF THE GEAR
AND STRUCTURE AS A MUTUALLY INTERACTING DYNAMIC
SYSTEM. THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION AND CERTAIN
DETAILS OF THE COMPUTER PROGRAM ARE PROVIDED. A
DETERMINATION WAS MADE OF THE TERRAIN ROUGHNESS AT
WHICH MODIFICATION TO THE AIRPLANE WAS CONSIDERED
NECESSARY AND THE TERRAIN ROUGHNESS AT WHICH THE
REDUCED PERFORMANCE OF THE OV-1 AIRPLANE, DUE TO
INCREASED WEIGHT, BECAME EQUAL TO OR INFERIOR TO A
VTOL AIRCRAFT OF EQUAL WEIGHT. THIS WORK WAS
CONCERNED WITH THE DETERMINATION OF MAXIMUM LOADS
AND CORRESPONDING WEIGHT AND PERFORMANCE PENALTIES;
HOWEVER, OBSERVATIONS WERE MADE REGARDING THE
IMPORTANCE OF REPEATED LOADS DURING LANDING OR
TAXIING ON SURFACES WITH MULTIPLE IRREGULARITIES.
THE PRIMARY RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION SHOW THE
TERRAIN ROUGHNESS AT WHICH STRUCTURAL REINFORCEMENT
IS CONSIDERED NECESSARY AND THE TERRAIN ROUGHNESS AT
WHICH THE PERFORMANCE OF THE AIRPLANE BECOMES EQUAL
TO THAT OF A VTOL AIRCRAFT OF THE SAME WEIGHT.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-452 582

ARMY AIRBORNE ELECTRONICS AND SPECIAL WARFARE BOARD FORT
BRAGG N C

INTEGRATED ENGINEERING/SERVICE TEST OF LOW LEVEL
EXTRACTION TECHNIQUES (LOLEX) FROM CV-28 AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

SEP 64 1V

REPT. NO. AB5563

PROJ: USATECOM4 4 7475

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIR DROP OPERATIONS, LOW ALTITUDE),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR DROP OPERATIONS), RELEASE
MECHANISMS, FLIGHT TESTING, AVIATION SAFETY,
RELIABILITY, PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), PARACHUTES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-2 AIRCRAFT, EXTRACTION (U)

THIS REPORT OF TEST INCLUDES RESULTS OF FLIGHT
SAFETY, ENGINEER, AND SERVICE TEST OF LOW LEVEL
EXTRACTION TECHNIQUES (LOLEX) FOR AIR DELIVERY
OF ARMY SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT FROM CV-28
AIRCRAFT. TESTS NR 1 AND 4 - 9 WERE THE SERVICE
TEST PHASE OF THE TEST CONDUCTED BY THE USAAESW
BOARD, EXECUTIVE TEST AGENCY, UNDER FIELD
CONDITIONS AT FORT BRAGG, NORTH CAROLINA,
DURING THE PERIOD 26 MAY TO 26 JUNE 1964. TEST
NR 2 WAS THE FLIGHT ENGINEER TEST PHASE CONDUCTED
BY USAATA, SUPPORTING TEST AGENCY, AT EDWARDS
AFB, CALIFORNIA, DURING THE PERIOD 10 MARCH TO 3
APRIL 1964. TEST NR 3 WAS THE ENGINEER TEST
PHASE CONDUCTED BY YPG, SUPPORTING TEST AGENCY,
AT YUMA, ARIZONA, DURING THE PERIOD 6 - 29
APRIL 1964. THE USAAVNTB, SUPPORTING TEST
AGENCY, WITH PRIMARY INTEREST IN AIRCRAFT
OPERATIONS AND CREW PROCEDURES, PARTICIPATED IN ALL
TESTS. THE USAQMS (ABN), WITH PRIMARY INTEREST
IN PUBLICATION OF TECHNIQUES AND PROCEDURES, OBSERVED
ALL SERVICE TESTS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-457 142

LING-TEMCO-VOUGHT INC DALLAS TEX

FEASIBILITY STUDY, XC-142A MODIFIED FOR OPEN OCEAN
OPERATION, (U)

FEB 65 188P MARSH, K. R. I
REPT. NO. 2-55400/4R-963
CONTRACT: NOW-64-0500

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SEAPLANES),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SEAPLANES), (*SEAPLANES,
TRANSPORT PLANES), FEASIBILITY STUDIES, SEAPLANE FLOATS,
INFLATABLE STRUCTURES, ANTISUBMARINE AIRCRAFT, OCEANS,
OPERATION, AIRPLANE LANDINGS, LOADING (MECHANICS),
IMPACT SHOCK, LANDING GEAR, STRUCTURES, AIRFRAMES, TEST
WINGS, FUSELAGES, HULLS (MARINE), HYDRODYNAMICS,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, WEIGHT, DESIGN, DATA,
GRAPHICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT, V-464 AIRCRAFT,
GRAPHS (U)

A STUDY HAS BEEN PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE
FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING A SEAPLANE VERSION OF THE
MODEL XC-142A AIRPLANE. A STOL SEAPLANE
VERSION AND VTOL SEAPLANE VERSION OF THE MODEL
XC-142A AIRPLANE, BOTH FITTED WITH INFLATABLE
VERTICAL FLOATS, WERE STUDIED, AND THE FEASIBILITY OF
DEVELOPING BOTH OF THESE AIRPLANES WAS ESTABLISHED.
AS A RESULT OF THIS FEASIBILITY STUDY, IT IS
RECOMMENDED THAT FURTHER ENGINEERING WORK BE DONE TO
ESTABLISH THE VALIDITY OF THE ASSUMPTIONS USED IN
THIS STUDY. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-482 115 1/3 20/4
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE

THE STUDY OF OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS AND TECHNIQUES IN
WIND TUNNEL TESTING OF VTOL AND STOL VEHICLES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: PROGRESS REPT. NO. 4, 31 MAR-1 OCT
65,

OCT 65 4P RAE, WILLIAM H. JR.
CONTRACT: DA-ARO(D)-31-124-G481
PROJ: 4506-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), DUCTED FANS, ROTOR
BLADES(ROTARY WINGS), SIMULATION, WALLS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), TILT WINGS,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, AIRPLANE MODELS, MODEL
TESTS, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, TEST METHODS, WIND
TUNNELS, GAS FLOW, BOUNDARY LAYER (U)

THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THIS INVESTIGATION IS TO
DEVELOP AN ECONOMICAL METHOD OF EXPERIMENTALLY
CHECKING THE EFFECT OF WIND TUNNEL WALL CONSTRAINTS
ON ROTORS, DUCTED FANS, TILT PROPS, AND OTHER METHODS
OF OBTAINING AIRCRAFT WITH V/STOL PERFORMANCE, BY
THE USE OF INSERTS WITHIN A WIND TUNNEL TO SIMULATE
DIFFERENT SIZE TEST SECTIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-600 500

FULTON (ROBERT E) JR NEWTON CONN

FULTON AIR-TO-GROUND PICKUP SYSTEM FOR CARIBOU
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

FEB 64 52P

CONTRACT: DA44 177TC804

TASK: 1D141812XXX02

MONITOR: TRECOM

TR64 17

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*AERIAL PICKUP SYSTEMS, FLIGHT TESTING),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERIAL PICKUP SYSTEMS),
AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT, AIR-SEA RESCUES, BALLOONS (U)

THE REPORT CONTAINS OBSERVATIONS, RECOMMENDATIONS,
AND CONCLUSIONS REGARDING THE JOINT ENGINEER-USER
TESTS OF THE FULTON AIR-TO-GROUND PICKUP
SYSTEM. ALSO INCLUDED ARE THE HISTORICAL
BACKGROUND OF THE SYSTEM, THE PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION,
AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE EQUIPMENT EMPLOYED. THE
TEST SERIES WAS SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED AND
JUSTIFIES CONCLUDING THE RECOVERY SYSTEM IS SAFE,
RELIABLE, AND READY FOR USE WITH THE CARIBOU
AIRCRAFT TO RECOVER PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT FROM LAND
AND FROM WATER. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOR

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-601 051

UNITED AIRCRAFT CORP STRATFORD CONN SIKORSKY AIRCRAFT
DIV

STRUCTURAL DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF LARGE LOGISTIC V/STOL
VEHICLES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL DOCUMENTARY REPT., JUN 62-
FEB 64,

APR 64 203P RICH, M. J. IJEPSON, W. D. I
BUFFALANO, A. C. I STEBBINS, R. F. I

CONTRACT: AF 33(657)-8452

PROJ: AF-1370

TASK: 137008

MONITOR: AFFDL

TDR-64-44

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, LOADING
(MECHANICS)), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LOADING
(MECHANICS)), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, AERODYNAMIC
CONFIGURATIONS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES, DESIGN, AERODYNAMIC LOADING, GUST LOADS,
TAKE-OFF, LANDING IMPACT, MANEUVERABILITY, WEIGHT,
TRANSPORT PLANES, VIBRATION (U)

PRELIMINARY DESIGNS ARE EVOLVED FOR FIVE LARGE
LOGISTIC V/STOL CONFIGURATIONS. STRUCTURAL
ELASTIC CHARACTERISTICS AND MASS DISTRIBUTIONS ARE
CALCULATED. THE STRUCTURAL DYNAMIC RESPONSE IS
INVESTIGATED FOR GROUND LANDING, TAKE-OFF ABORT,
MANEUVERS, GUST PENETRATION AND LANDING CONDITIONS.
THE RESULTS OF THIS INVESTIGATION ARE TABULATED IN
A MATRIX SHOWING THE DEGREE AND RELATIVE CRITICALNESS
FOR THE CONDITIONS AND THE V/STOL CONFIGURATIONS.
THE DEGREE OF CRITICALNESS IS ESTABLISHED AS THE
RATIO OF THE PEAK DYNAMIC LOADING AND/OR STRESS TO
THE VALUES USED IN THE CONFIGURATION DESIGN
STRUCTURAL STUDY. THE LATTER STRUCTURAL LOADS AND/
OR STRESSES ARE EVOLVED THROUGH THE USE OF EXISTING
MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS OR NORMAL DESIGN PRACTICES.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-603 375

BUREAU OF NAVAL WEAPONS HYDROBALLISTICS ADVISORY COMMITTEE
WASHINGTON DC

ESTIMATION OF STOL A/C TAKE-OFF DISTANCES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: WEAPONS SYSTEMS ANALYSIS DIV.
REPT.,

AUG 64 22P THIBAUT, E. A. ;
MONITOR: NAVWEPS, RS 64 17

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*TAKE-OFF, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, TAKE-OFF), ROLL, DATA,
CORRELATION TECHNIQUES (U)

THE STUDY WAS UNDERTAKEN TO FIND AN EASY-TO-USE
TAKE-OFF DISTANCE PREDICTION METHOD AND TO EVALUATE
ITS APPLICABILITY TO STOL AIRCRAFT. FOR THE
PURPOSES OF THE STUDY STOL AIRCRAFT WERE DEFINED AS
THOSE REQUIRING A TAKE-OFF GROUND ROLL OF LESS THAN
1000 FT. TWO EXISTING TAKE-OFF GROUND ROLL
ESTIMATE METHODS WERE EVALUATED BY COMPARING
PREDICTED VALUES WITH AVAILABLE DATA FOR SEVERAL
STOL AIRCRAFT. THE RESULTING ACCURACIES WERE
RESPECTIVELY WITHIN 9% AND 11% ERROR. IT WAS
FOUND THAT ONE OF THESE METHODS COULD BE FURTHER
SIMPLIFIED AND YET STILL YIELD ACCEPTABLE RESULTS.
THAT IS, EXCLUDING TWO PREDICTIONS THIS SIMPLIFIED
METHOD YIELDED AN ACCURACY WITHIN 13% ERROR. IN
ADDITION, SOME CORRELATION WAS FOUND TO EXIST BETWEEN
SHORT TAKE-OFF GROUND ROLL AND TOTAL DISTANCE OVER A
50 FT OBSTACLE. AS A RESULT AN EXPRESSION WAS
DERIVED RELATING THE TWO. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDMOA

AD-608 186

DYNASCIENCES CORP FORT WASHINGTON PA

EFFECTS OF PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM ON V/STOL AIRCRAFT
PERFORMANCE AND STABILITY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. FOR 24 APR 63-4 MAR
64,

AUG 64 124P GOLAND, L. MILLER, N. BUTLER,

L. I

REPT. NO. DCR-137

CONTRACT: DA44 177AMC48T

TASK: ID121401A:4203

MONITOR: TRECOM, TR64 47

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, PERFORMANCE
(ENGINEERING)), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, PERFORMANCE
(ENGINEERING)), (•PROPELLERS (AERIAL); AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•WINGS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS),
AERODYNAMIC LOADING, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, TAKE-
OFF, LANDINGS, CONTROL, STABILITY, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS, LIFT, DRAG, DELTA WINGS, FLIGHT, THEORY,
STALLING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: SLIPSTREAM (U)

PRESENTED IS AN ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATION OF THE
AERODYNAMIC FORCES ACTING ON WING-PROPELLER
COMBINATIONS INCLUDING THE EFFECTS OF PROPELLER
SLIPSTREAMS. THE RESULTS OF THE DEVELOPED THEORY
ARE THEN APPLIED TO TYPICAL TWO- AND FOUR-PROPELLER
VTOL AND STOL WING CONFIGURATIONS. CORRELATION
WITH EXISTING TEST DATA IS SHOWN TO BE SATISFACTORY.
CONSIDERATION IS ALSO GIVEN TO SUCH ASSOCIATED
ITEMS AS THE EFFECTS OF THE SLIPSTREAM ON (1)
WING STALL (2) AIRCRAFT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
PERFORMANCE AND (3) AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND
CONTROL. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZDMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-608 515

TORONTO UNIV (ONTARIO) INST FOR AEROSPACE STUDIES

PERFORMANCE, OPERATION, AND USE OF LOWASPECT-RATIO
JET-FLAPPED WINGS. (U)

AUG 64 44P

KORBACHER, G. K. I

REPT. NO. UTIAS-97

CONTRACT: DA 44 177 AMC 63 G9

TASK: 1D12:401A:4203

MONITOR: TRECOM .

TR64 38

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*WINGS, JET FLAPS), (*JET FLAPS,
OPERATION), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, WINGS), ASPECT
RATIO, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, PROPULSION, DRAG, LIFT,
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING) (U)

THE CHARACTERISTICS OF A JET-FLAPPED WING OF ASPECT
RATIO 6 ARE PRESENTED, DISCUSSED, AND EVALUATED FOR
STOL APPLICATION. AGAIN, AS FOR HIGH-ASPECT-
RATIO (AR = 20) JET-FLAPPED WINGS, A RANGE FOR
THE MOST ECONOMICAL JETFLAP OPERATION IS WELL
DEFINED. THE ANGLE OF ATTACK AS AN EFFICIENT MEANS
OF LIFT PRODUCTION LOSES ITS USEFULNESS WITH LOW-
ASPECT-RATIO JET-FLAPPED WINGS, WHEREAS THE OPTIMUM
JET-DEFLECTION ANGLE SEEMS HARDLY AFFECTED. A MOST
EFFICIENT JET-FLAP APPLICATION FOR STOL CALLS FOR A
COMPLETE INTEGRATION OF THE LIFTING AND PROPULSIVE
SYSTEMS. IN THE RANGE OF MOST ECONOMICAL JET-FLAP
OPERATION, SEMIEMPIRICAL RELATIONSHIPS PREDICT
PARAMETER CHANGES ACCURATELY ENOUGH FOR PRACTICAL
PURPOSES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-612 906

PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

PRELIMINARY DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR A V/STOL WIND
TUNNEL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. FOR 1 JUL 63-31 A' 4.
JAN 65 40P KNOWLTON, MARCUS P. I

CONTRACT: AF33 657 12174

PROJ: 8219

TASK: 821907

MONITOR: AFFDL TDR-64-146

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (WIND TUNNELS, DESIGN), AIRPLANE MODELS,
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, POWER,
COSTS, COOLING, HONEYCOMB CORES (U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES A TANDEM TEST SECTION LOW
SPEED WIND TUNNEL AND THE ATTRIBUTES AND DESIGN
CONSIDERATIONS OF USING EITHER AN OPEN RETURN OR
CLOSED RETURN. POWER AND COST ESTIMATES ARE MADE.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM08

AD-613 523

LEAR SIEGLER INC GRAND RAPIDS MICH INSTRUMENT DIV

STATE OF THE ART FOR V/STOL CONTROL DISPLAY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM REPT.

OCT 63 6SP

REPT. NO. GRR-1445

CONTRACT: AF33 657 11740

PROJ: 6190

TASK: 619005

MONITOR: RTD , TDR63-4167

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, REVIEWS),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, REVIEWS), DISPLAY SYSTEMS,
CONTROL SYSTEMS, PROPULSION, FEASIBILITY STUDIES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, SIMULATION, AIRCRAFT
ENGINES, INSTRUMENTATION, HOVERING, FLIGHT TESTING (U)

A SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED TO ESTABLISH THE 'STATE-OF-THE-ART' IN V/STOL CONTROL-DISPLAY DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION. VISITATIONS WERE MADE TO FIFTEEN UNITED STATES FIRMS AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN V/STOL DEVELOPMENT AND DATA CORRELATED WITH REPORTED EUROPEAN V/STOL DEVELOPMENT. MOST RESEARCH ACTIVITY TO DATE HAS BEEN CONCERNED WITH PROPULSION FEASIBILITY AND AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS WITH LITTLE EMPHASIS ON CONTROL-DISPLAY SUB-SYSTEMS ANALYSIS. SOME V/STOL SIMULATION HAS BEEN CONDUCTED, PRIMARILY IN THE AREAS OF ALTITUDE CONTROL DURING THE HOVER PHASE. AREAS REQUIRING INTENSIVE CONTROL-DISPLAY ANALYSIS TO FULLY UTILIZE THE UNIQUE V/STOL CAPABILITIES INCLUDE: ENGINE INSTRUMENTATION, LOW AIR SPEED SENSING AND DISPLAY, WING STALL CONDITION AND ANGLE OF ATTACK DURING TRANSITION PHASES, VISIBILITY REQUIREMENTS, AND TERMINAL GUIDANCE REQUIREMENTS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZDM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-614 585

MCDONNELL AIRCRAFT CORP ST LOUIS MO

STOL-V/STOL CITY CENTER TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT
STUDY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

OCT 64 174P

REPT. NO. B-122

CONTRACT: FA64WAS012

MONITOR: FAA-ADS ,

26

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIR TRAFFIC ANALYSIS), (*CIVIL AVIATION;
ECONOMICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, CIVIL AVIATION),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, CIVIL AVIATION), (*TRANSPORT
PLANES, FEASIBILITY STUDIES), COSTS, URBAN AREAS,
ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, DESIGN, AIRPORTS, FACTOR ANALYSIS,
AIRCRAFT ENGINES, STATISTICAL DATA (U)

THIS IS PART OF A STUDY TO INVESTIGATE THE ECONOMIC
FEASIBILITY OF STOL AND V/STOL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT
OPERATION FROM CITY CENTER TO CITY CENTER. A
COMPARISON IS MADE OF DESIGN, PERFORMANCE, AND DIRECT
OPERATING COSTS OF TWO V STOL AND TWO STOL
TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT TO BE OPERATIONAL IN 1975. THE
V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN THE STUDY ARE A TILT WING-
PROPELLER TYPE AND A TURBOFAN LIFT ENGINE TYPE. THE
STOL AIRCRAFT ARE THE PROPELLER DEFLECTED
SLIPSTREAM TYPE AND A STOL VERSION OF THE TILT
WING-PROPELLER TYPE. PROPULSION SYSTEMS ARE
PROJECTED TO A TECHNOLOGICAL LEVEL THAT COULD BE
EMPLOYED IN AN AIRCRAFT DESIGN INITIATED IN 1970.
MICROMINIATURIZATION OF ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT IS
INCORPORATED TO THE DEGREE THAT IS CONSIDERED
ACCEPTABLE OPERATIONALLY AND COST-WISE BY 1975.
ALL AIRCRAFT ARE DESIGNED FOR A STAGE LENGTH OF 500
STATUTE MILES, AND PERFORMANCE AND DIRECT OPERATING
COSTS ARE SHOWN FOR STAGE LENGTHS OF 50 TO 750 MILES
AND FOR AIRCRAFT GROSS WEIGHTS OF 40,000 TO 100,000
POUNDS. TYPICAL THREE-VIEWS ARE SHOWN FOR ONE SIZE
OF EACH OF THE FOUR AIRCRAFT. THE RESULTS OF THE
PARAMETRIC SIZING STUDY OF EACH AIRCRAFT ARE SHOWN AS
GROUP WEIGHT BREAKDOWNS, MISSION PERFORMANCE,
DIMENSIONAL TABULATIONS AND CURVES, NOISE LEVEL
PROFILES, AND TAKE-OFF AND LANDING CHARACTERISTICS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

36

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-614 598

STANFORD RESEARCH INST MENLO PARK CALIF

AN ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF COMMERCIAL VTOL AND STOL
TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,

FEB 65 236P

WALDO, RICHARD K. ITILTON,

PETER D. I

CONTRACT: FA64WA4997

PROJ: ISU4922

MONITOR: FAA-ADS ,

25

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SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: AVAILABLE COPY WILL NOT PERMIT FULLY
LEGIBLE REPRODUCTION. REPRODUCTION WILL BE MADE IF
REQUESTED BY USERS OF DDC. COPY IS AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC
SALE.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, FEASIBILITY STUDIES),
(*CIVIL AVIATION, ECONOMICS), (*AIR TRAFFIC, ANALYSIS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, CIVIL AVIATION), (*SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, CIVIL AVIATION), AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL
SYSTEMS, AIRPORTS, FACTOR ANALYSIS, URBAN AREAS,
STATISTICAL DATA, COSTS, DESIGN (U)

ON THE BASIS OF THE RESEARCH UNDERTAKEN IN THE
PRELIMINARY STUDY, IT WOULD APPEAR THAT THE PROVISION
OF CITYCENTER V/STOL SERVICE WOULD REPRESENT A
SOMEWHAT MARGINAL UNDERTAKING FROM THE STANDPOINT OF
BOTH THE AIR CARRIER AND THE AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURING
INDUSTRIES. THE TRAFFIC POTENTIAL FOR INTERCITY
V/STOL SERVICES AND, ACCORDINGLY, THE MARKET
POTENTIAL FOR COMMERCIAL V/STOL AIRCRAFT WOULD BE
QUITE LIMITED. INDEED, THE SIZE INDICATED FOR THIS
AIRCRAFT MARKET SUGGESTS THAT COMMERCIAL V/STOL
DEVELOPMENT WOULD BE ATTRACTIVE ONLY AS A FOLLOW-ON
TO A MILITARY PROGRAM. THIS OUTLOOK COULD BE
CHANGED THROUGH SIGNIFICANT ADVANCES IN THE STATE OF
THE ART THAT WOULD PERMIT REDUCTIONS IN DIRECT
OPERATING COSTS AND THROUGH THE AVAILABILITY OF
SIGNIFICANT FOREIGN MARKETS FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-614 616

TORONTO UNIV (ONTARIO) INST FOR AEROSPACE STUDIES

CHARACTERISTICS OF A RECTANGULAR WING WITH A
PERIPHERAL JET IN GROUND EFFECT, PART III.

(U)

AUG 64 80P SURRY, D. I
REPT. NO. UTIAS-TN-77
CONTRACT: AF33 657 8451

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: RESEARCH SUPPORTED IN PART BY
DEFENCE RESEARCH BOARD, OTTAWA, AND NATIONAL
RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA, OTTAWA. SEE ALSO AD-
290 393.

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, GROUND EFFECT
MACHINES), (•GROUND EFFECT MACHINES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (•WINGS, GROUND EFFECT), JETS, WIND TUNNEL
MODELS, MODELS TESTS, LIFT, DRAG, PITCH (MOTION),
TAKEOFF, LANDINGS, FLAPS, COANDA EFFECT, ANGLE OF
ATTACK, VELOCITY, AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS,
AERODYNAMICS, THRUST, STABILITY, MATHEMATICAL
ANALYSIS

(U)

LIFT, DRAG, AND PITCHING MOMENT WERE MEASURED ON A
RECTANGULAR WING WITH A PERIPHERAL JET IN GROUND
EFFECT FOR THREE ANGLES OF ATTACK, THREE HEIGHTS
ABOVE GROUND, AND FOR A RANGE OF FORWARD SPEEDS
NECESSARY FOR TAKE-OFF CALCULATIONS. FURTHERMORE,
NINE CONFIGURATIONS WERE TESTED IN THIS FASHION -
EACH WITH DIFFERENT JET ANGLES AND DIFFERENT RATIOS
OF L.E. TO T.E. JET STRENGTHS. WHEREEVER
POSSIBLE, PROCEDURES WERE AUTOMATED AND ON-LINE DATA
REDUCTION WAS USED. SOME FLOW VISUALIZATION TESTS
WERE MADE ON SPECIFIC CONFIGURATIONS. THE RESULTS
WERE USED TO STUDY AN INTEGRATED LIFT AND PROPULSION
SYSTEM FOR AIR-CUSHION TAKE-OFF AND LANDING. THESE
CALCULATIONS SHOWED LITTLE ADVANTAGE TO BE GAINED
FROM USING VARIABLE JET STRENGTHS AND ANGLES DURING
TAKE-OFF AT CONSTANT HEIGHT WHEN COMPARED TO FIXED
CONFIGURATION RESULTS. THE LATTER USED ANGLE OF
ATTACK, OR DIVERSION OF THRUST FROM THE CUSHION TO
DIRECT FORWARD THRUST AS MEANS FOR KEEPING THE HEIGHT
CONSTANT. A SIMPLE TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE IN WHICH THE
HEIGHT IS ALLOWED TO INCREASE NATURALLY, LED TO
SLIGHTLY POORER RESULTS, BUT ALL THE TAKEOFF
PROCEDURES STUDIED PROVIDED SHORT-FIELD PERFORMANCE.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-615 452

MELPAR INC FALLS CHURCH VA

SIMULATION OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME
V. SUMMARY OF FINAL RESULTS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT. FOR SEP 63-DEC 64.

DEC 64 17P FAITH, RUTH L. ;

CONTRACT: N61339 1205

MONITOR: NAVTRADEVCEM , 1205-5

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: AVAILABLE COPY WILL NOT PERMIT FULLY
LEGIBLE REPRODUCTION. REPRODUCTION WILL BE MADE IF
REQUESTED BY USERS OF DDC. COPY IS AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC
SALE. SEE ALSO AD-611 412.

DESCRIPTORS: (+HELICOPTERS, SIMULATION), (+HELICOPTER
ROTORS, SIMULATION), (+VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SIMULATION), (+SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SIMULATION),
MOTION, FLIGHT SIMULATORS, PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS),
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, ANALOG COMPUTERS, TILT WINGS,
AIRPLANE LANDINGS, TRAINING DEVICES, NAVAL TRAINING,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V/STOL AIRCRAFT (U)

SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS, CONCLUSIONS, AND
RECOMMENDATIONS WHICH WERE DERIVED FROM A STUDY
PROGRAM DESIGNED TO DEVELOP THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION
OF HELICOPTER AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN A FORM
SUITABLE FOR SIMULATION USING EITHER AN ANALOG OR A
DIGITAL COMPUTER. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-617 748

ARMY AVIATION MATERIEL LABS FORT EUSTIS VA

SUGGESTED REQUIREMENTS FOR V/STOL FLYING
QUALITIES.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: RESEARCH TECHNICAL MEMO. NO. 37,

JUN 65 SSP CURRY, PAUL R. MATTHEWS,

JAMES T. JR.:

REPT. NO. USAAVLABS-TR-65-45

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), FLIGHT,
SPECIFICATIONS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
MILITARY REQUIREMENTS

(U)

THIS RESEARCH TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM PRESENTS
SUGGESTIONS FOR A SPECIFICATION ON FLYING AND
HANDLING QUALITIES REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBSONIC V/STOL
AIRCRAFT. IN ADDITION TO INCLUDING THE IDEAS OF
MANY OTHERS, THE AUTHORS HAVE INCORPORATED TWO BASIC
SUGGESTIONS: (1) THE USE OF A PILOT RATING SYSTEM
(SINCE THE ULTIMATE MEASURES OF HANDLING QUALITIES
ARE DETERMINED BY THE PILOT) AND (2) THE USE OF
SERVO-ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES AND TERMS TO DEFINE
QUANTITATIVE REQUIREMENTS. THERE ARE NO
STATISTICAL OR QUANTITATIVE DATA AVAILABLE TO VERIFY
THE STATED REQUIREMENTS IN SOME CASES; HOWEVER, THE
REQUIREMENTS ARE BASED ON MANY DIFFERENT V/STOL
RESEARCH AIRCRAFT FUNDED BY THE U. S. ARMY AND
FLOWN BY U. S. ARMY PILOTS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-619 538

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE

THE STUDY OF OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS AND TECHNIQUES IN
WIND TUNNEL TESTING OF VTOL AND STOL VEHICLES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: PROGRESS REPT. NO. 3, 1 OCT 64-31

MAR 65,

MAR 65 3P RAE, WILLIAM H., JR.

CONTRACT: DA ARD31 124G481

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*WIND TUNNELS, EFFECTIVENESS),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TESTS), (*SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES, TESTS), TEST METHODS, OPERATION,
ROTARY WINGS, DUCTED FANS (U)

THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THIS INVESTIGATION IS TO
DEVELOP AN ECONOMICAL METHOD OF EXPERIMENTALLY
CHECKING THE EFFECT OF WIND TUNNEL WALL CONSTRAINTS
ON ROTORS, DUCTED FANS, TILT PROPS, AND OTHER METHODS
OF OBTAINING AIRCRAFT WITH V/STOL PERFORMANCE, BY
THE USE OF INSERTS WITHIN A WIND TUNNEL TO SIMULATE
DIFFERENT SIZE TEST SECTIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-623 158

WYLE LABS INC HUNTSVILLE ALA RESEARCH STAFF

BASIC MECHANISMS OF NOISE GENERATION BY HELICOPTERS,
V/STOL AIRCRAFT, AND GROUND EFFECT MACHINES. (U)

MAY 65 39P LOWSON, M. V. 1
REPT. NO. WR-65-9

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*NOISE, AIRCRAFT), (*HELICOPTERS,
NOISE), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, NOISE),
(*GROUND EFFECT MACHINES, NOISE), VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, ACCELERATION, STRESSES,
FORCE(MECHANICS), SOURCES, AIRPLANE NOISE,
ENGINE NOISE (U)

THE BASIC MECHANISMS OF NOISE GENERATION DUE TO
MASS INTRODUCTION, APPLIED FORCE AND APPLIED STRESS
ARE DISCUSSED WITH REFERENCE TO THEIR IMPLICATIONS
FOR HELICOPTERS, V/STOL AIRCRAFT, AND GROUND
EFFECT MACHINES. THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE
DIMENSIONAL DEPENDENCE OF MONOPOLE, DIPOLE AND
QUADRUPOLE FIELDS IS SHOWN. THE RESULTS OF A NEW
THEORY GIVING THE EFFECTS OF SYSTEM ACCELERATIONS ON
NOISE ARE PRESENTED. THIS THEORY WILL OFTEN HAVE
APPLICATION TO NOISE PROBLEMS FOR THESE MACHINES
BECAUSE OF THE CENTRIFUGAL ACCELERATIONS ASSOCIATED
WITH MANY OF THE NOISE GENERATING COMPONENTS.
SYSTEM ACCELERATIONS GIVE RISE TO HIGHER ORDER
POLES IN THE SOUND FIELD WHICH BECOME PARTICULARLY
IMPORTANT AT HIGH SPEEDS. AN EXPRESSION FOR THE
SOUND FIELD PRODUCED BY FLUCTUATING LIFT AND DRAG
FORCES IN A ROTATING AND CONVECTED SYSTEM IS GIVEN.
AS A FURTHER EXAMPLE OF THE APPLICATION OF THE
GENERAL THEORY THE SOUND FIELD RADIATED BY A HOVERING
HELICOPTER IS ANALYZED. IT IS SHOWN HOW A
PREVIOUSLY UNRECOGNIZED SOURCE OF SOUND ARISES FROM
THE OUTWARD COMPONENTS OF FORCE INDUCED BY THE
EFFECTS OF BLADE CONING ANGLE AND LAG. THE SOURCE
OF SOUND HAS ITS MAXIMUM IN THE PLANE OF THE ROTOR
DISC. THE IMPORTANCE OF INCLUDING THE PROPER
MOMENTUM TERMS IN CALCULATIONS OF NOISE RADIATED BY
MOVING MASS SOURCES IS DEMONSTRATED. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-625 599 1/2 1/3
SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY INC HAWTHORNE CALIF

AN ANALYTICAL STUDY OF V/STOL HANDLING QUALITIES IN
HOVER AND TRANSITION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
OCT 65 172P STAPLEFORD, R. L. IWOLKOVITCH, J.
MAGDALENO, R. E. SHORTWELL, C. P. JOHNSON, W. A. :

REPT. NO. TR-140-1
CONTRACT: AF33(615)-1300
PROJ: AF-8219
TASK: 821909
MONITOR: AFFDL , TR-65-73

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•CONVERTIBLE PLANES, HANDLING),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, HANDLING), (•VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, HANDLING), GUSTS, HOVERING,
PILOTS, CONTROL, DAMPING, HELICOPTERS, TILT
WINGS, GEOMETRIC FORMS (U)

THE HOVER ANALYSIS CONSIDERS PILOT ATTITUDE AND
POSITION CONTROL TASKS IN THE PRESENCE OF HORIZONTAL
GUSTS. THE EFFECTS OF EACH OF THE STABILITY
DERIVATIVES ON THE DIFFICULTY OF THE CONTROL TASKS
AND ON THE CLOSED-LOOP GUST RESPONSES ARE DETERMINED.
IT IS CLEARLY SHOWN THAT THE HANDLING QUALITIES
STUDIES OF CONTROL SENSITIVITY AND ANGULAR DAMPING
MUST CONSIDER THE INFLUENCES OF $M_{SUB U}$ (OR $L_{SUB V}$)
AND SHOULD INCLUDE GUST INPUTS. THESE
CONCLUSIONS ARE SUBSTANTIATED BY PREVIOUS VARIABLE-
STABILITY-HELICOPTER EXPERIMENTS. THE EFFECTS OF
VEHICLE SIZE AND GEOMETRY ARE INVESTIGATED BY SEVERAL
APPROACHES. THE KEY RESULT OF INCREASING SIZE IS
FOUND TO BE A REDUCTION IN $M_{SUB U}$ AND $L_{SUB V}$
WHICH CAN, IN TURN, LOWER THE REQUIREMENTS FOR
CONTROL POWER AND DAMPING. THE HANDLING QUALITIES
DURING TRANSITION OF TWO VEHICLES, A TILT DUCT AND A
TILT WING, WHICH WERE PREVIOUSLY TESTED ON A
SIMULATOR ARE ANALYZED. IT IS SHOWN THAT BOTH TRIM
CONTROL AND PERTURBATIONS ABOUT THE TRIM CONDITIONS
MUST BE CONSIDERED. IN FACT, PART OF THE INCREASED
DIFFICULTY IN LANDING TRANSITIONS, IN COMPARISON WITH
TAKEOFF TRANSITIONS, IS DUE TO MORE DIFFICULT TRIM
CONTROL. THE MUCH MORE STRINGENT POSITION CONTROL
REQUIREMENTS IN LANDING ARE ALSO A CONTRIBUTING
FACTOR. (AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-625 722 1/2 1/3
NAVAL AIR TEST CENTER PATUXENT RIVER MD

FLIGHT TEST EVALUATION OF THE UF-XS JAPANESE STOL
SEAPLANE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT.,
AUG 64 59P VAGIANOS, NICHOLAS J. IRONEY,
EUGENE C. I
REPT. NO. FT2121-031R-64
TASK: RA1200005/201-1/WS417A0-0

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (*SEAPLANES, FLIGHT TESTING), JAPAN,
HYDRODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, STABILITY,
PITCH(MOTION), TAKE-OFF, LANDINGS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: U-16 AIRCRAFT, EVALUATION (U)

THE UF-XS JAPANESE STOL SEAPLANE WAS
EVALUATED TO DETERMINE THE FLYING QUALITIES IN
CONFIGURATIONS PA, L, AND TO AT APPROACH SPEEDS
IN THE VICINITY OF 55 KT AND THE HYDRODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS WHILE ON THE WATER. THE NASA AMES
SIMULATOR SHOWED GOOD CORRELATION WITH THE AIRPLANE'S
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS. THE AIRPLANE HAS
NEUTRAL TO UNSTABLE STATIC LONGITUDINAL STABILITY,
WEAK DIRECTIONAL STABILITY, LARGE ADVERSE YAW, A LONG
PERIOD MODERATELY DAMPED DUTCH ROLL MODE, A
DIVERGENT SPIRAL MODE, AND TRIMS FOR FLIGHT IN A 13
DEGREE LEFT SIDESLIP. AN AUTOMATIC STABILIZATION
EQUIPMENT (ASE) MAKES THE STATIC LONGITUDINAL
STABILITY AND SPIRAL MODES POSITIVE BUT DOES NOT
IMPROVE THE REMAINING ITEMS. TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
TOUCHDOWN SPEED IS 50 KT. THE AIRPLANE HAS A
HYDRODYNAMIC STABLE ELEVATOR RANGE OF 20 TO 35
DEGREES UP ELEVATOR. A 'DIGGING IN' AND SLIGHT
'PORPOISING' TENDENCY IS EXHIBITED AT ELEVATOR
POSITIONS LESS THAN 20 DEGREES. THE AIRPLANE
POSSESSES GOOD SPRAY CHARACTERISTICS. THE MISSION
CAPABILITY OF A STOL SEAPLANE SHOULD GREATLY
IMPROVE WITH REDUCTION IN TAKEOFF AND LANDING SPEED,
HOWEVER, EVALUATION OF THE AIRPLANE AT LOWER SPEEDS
WAS NOT POSSIBLE DUE TO SEVERAL AIRPLANE LIMITATIONS.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-626 360 1/3
AMERICAN HELICOPTER SOCIETY NEW YORK

PROCEEDINGS OF NATIONAL V/STOL AIRCRAFT SYMPOSIUM
(1ST), 3-4 NOVEMBER 1965, WRIGHTPATTERSON AFB, OHIO. (U)

65 375P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SYMPOSIA),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SYMPOSIA), DESIGN,
FLIGHT TESTING, OPERATION,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), PROPULSION, ATTITUDE
CONTROL SYSTEMS, HOVERING, TILT WINGS (U)

THE TECHNICAL PAPERS PRESENTED ARE GROUPED INTO THE
FOLLOWING THREE CATEGORIES: (1) V/STOL AIRCRAFT
DESIGN, (2) V/STOL SUBSYSTEM DESIGN, AND (3)
V/STOL AIRCRAFT TESTING AND OPERATION. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM08

AD-629 632 1/1 1/3
ARMY AVIATION MATERIEL LABS FORT EUSTIS VA

OV-1A MOHAWK FLIGHT LOADS INVESTIGATION PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: ENGINEERING LAB. REPT.,
JAN 66 57P CHESTNUTT, DAVID I
REPT. NO. USAAVLABS-TR-66-6,
PROJ: DA-1P125901A142
TASK: 1P125901A14229

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT),
LOADING(MECHANICS), EXPERIMENTAL DATA,
MANEUVERABILITY, DESIGN, ACCELERATION, AIRSPEED,
ALTITUDE, WEIGHT
IDENTIFIERS: V-1 AIRCRAFT (U)
(U)

A PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THIS EFFORT WAS TO PROVIDE
OPERATIONAL DATA FOR ESTABLISHING FUTURE SHORT
TAKEOFF AND LANDING (STOL) AIRCRAFT DESIGN
CRITERIA. TO ACCOMPLISH THIS END, TWO OV-1A
AIRCRAFT WERE SELECTED THAT WERE PARTICIPATING IN
AIR-ASSAULT MANEUVERS. APPROXIMATELY 200 HOURS OF
FLIGHT DATA WERE RECORDED WITHIN APPROXIMATELY 10
WEEKS. THE PARAMETERS RECORDED WERE: AIRSPEED,
ALTITUDE, OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE, AND ACCELERATION
AT THE AIRCRAFT CENTER OF GRAVITY. IN ADDITION,
SUPPLEMENTARY DATA WERE COLLECTED ON THE TYPE OF
MISSION AND GROSS WEIGHT OF THE AIRCRAFT. THESE
DATA ARE PRESENTED AS SEVERAL FREQUENCY-OF-OCCURRENCE
FORMS, EXCEEDANCE CURVES, AND GUST SPECTRA.
(AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-629 637 1/1

DYNASCIENCES CORP FORT WASHINGTON PA

AN INVESTIGATION OF PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM EFFECTS ON
V/STOL AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE AND STABILITY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REPT. FOR APR 64-MAR 65,
FEB 66 145P BUTLER, L. HUANG, K. P. I
GOLAND, L. I

REPT. NO. DCR-174,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-48(T),
TASK: 1D121401A14203,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS, TR-65-81

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)),
(•PROPELLERS(AERIAL), STABILITY), STALLING,
WINGS, PITCH(MOTION), ANALOG COMPUTERS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: SLIPSTREAM (U)

SPECIFIC AREAS INVESTIGATED INCLUDE WING STALL
DURING TRANSITION, MINIMUM WING SIZE FOR STALL-FREE
TRANSITION, AND THE EFFECTS OF SLIPSTREAM ON AIRCRAFT
PITCHING MOMENTS. IN ADDITION, A STABILITY
ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED, AND ANALOG COMPUTER
TECHNIQUES WERE USED TO DETERMINE THE FEASIBILITY OF
UTILIZING THE SLIPSTREAM FOR STABILITY AUGMENTATION.
FINALLY, THE EFFECTS OF THE NONUNIFORMITY OF
SLIPSTREAM VELOCITY AND WING GEOMETRY MODIFICATIONS
ON PERFORMANCE WERE ANALYZED. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-629 647 1/1
BOEING CO MORTON PA VERTOL DIV

INVESTIGATION OF AN ISOLATED MONOCYCLIC V/STOL
PROPELLER PERFORMANCE AND OSCILLATORY STRESS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
FEB 66 122P DE DECKER, R. W. I
REPT. NO. R-432,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-319(T),
PROJ: DA-1P121401A141
TASK: 1P121401A14178,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS , TR-65-80

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, TESTS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, TESTS),
OSCILLATION, STRESSES, PROPELLER BLADES,
CONTROL, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PITCH(MOTION), STALLING, DRAG (U)

TEST RESULTS CONFIRMED: (1) THAT THERE IS AN
APPARENT PHASE SHIFT OF THE MONOCYCLIC AXIS AT HIGH
COLLECTIVE ANGLE, CAUSED BY HYSTERESIS IN THE
AIRFOIL'S STALL CHARACTERISTICS, AND (2) THAT
THERE IS AN INCREASE IN SIDE FORCE AS COLLECTIVE
ANGLE IS INCREASED, CAUSED BY A NONLINEAR VARIATION
IN AIRFOIL DRAG WITH CYCLIC PITCH. THE MONOCYCLIC
PROPELLER TEST PROGRAM ALSO INCLUDED INVESTIGATION OF
THE EFFECTS OF CONTROL SYSTEM STIFFNESS ON THE
DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF THE PROPELLER AND CONTROL SYSTEM.
THE RESULTS INDICATE THAT THE USE OF CYCLIC-BLADE-
PITCH CONTROL REDUCES THE HARMONIC CONTENT OF CONTROL
SYSTEM OSCILLATORY LOADS TO BASICALLY A FIRST-
HARMONIC RESPONSE. HIGHER HARMONIC LOADS ARE
PRESENT, BUT THEIR AMPLITUDES ARE LESS THAN 10
PERCENT OF THE RESULTANT PEAK-TO-PEAK LOAD, AND ARE
THEREFORE CONSIDERED NEGLIGIBLE. THE RESULTS OF
THE PROGRAM ALSO INDICATE THAT THE INCREASE OF
CONTROL SYSTEM STIFFNESS RESULTED IN AN INCREASE IN
BLADE-PITCH-LINK OSCILLATORY LOADS. (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM08

AD-634 548 1/3
AMERICAN HELICOPTER SOCIETY NEW YORK

PROCEEDINGS OF NATIONAL V/STOL AIRCRAFT SYMPOSIUM
(1ST), SUPPLEMENT, HELD 3-4 NOVEMBER 1965 AT WRIGHT-
PATTERSON AFB, OHIO. (U)

NOV 65 143P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, SYMPOSIA),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SYMPOSIA), DESIGN,
FLIGHT TESTING, LIFT, FANS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: X-22 AIRCRAFT (U)

A DESCRIPTION OF THE X-22A AIRPLANE AND ITS
SYSTEMS IS GIVEN INCLUDING THE SPECIAL TESTING
UNDERTAKEN TO PROVE THESE SYSTEMS. TEST PROGRESS
AND CERTAIN PROBLEM AREAS RELATED TO VTOL DESIGN
ARE DISCUSSED. TEST PILOT PARTICIPATION IN THE
PRE-FLIGHT PHASES OF THE PROGRAM AND PILOT
PREPARATION FOR FIRST FLIGHTS IS DESCRIBED.
PROGRESS IN GROUND TEST BUILDUP TO FIRST FLIGHT IS
REPORTED. APPROACH TO FIRST FLIGHT AND DEVELOPMENT
OF V/STOL PROFILES IS COVERED AND THE DEMONSTRATION
PROGRAM INCLUDING MILITARY PARTICIPATION IS OUTLINED.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-634 722 20/4
DYNASCIENCES CORP FORT WASHINGTON PA

CHARTS FOR ESTIMATING AERODYNAMIC FORCES ON STOL
AIRCRAFT WINGS IMMERSED IN PROPELLER SLIPSTREAMS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
NOV 65 81P HUANG, K. P. IGOLAND, L. IBALIN,
I. I
REPT. NO. DCR-161,
CONTRACT: NOW-64-0316

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMICS),
(WINGS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), MATHEMATICAL
PREDICTION, PROPELLERS(AERIAL):
FORCE(MECHANICS), LIFT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: SLIPSTREAM (U)

EQUATIONS AND CHARTS ARE PRESENTED FOR ESTIMATING
THE LIFT AND LONGITUDINAL FORCE COEFFICIENTS OF
STOL AIRCRAFT WINGS IMMERSED IN PROPELLER
SLIPSTREAMS. SAMPLE CALCULATIONS ARE MADE AND THE
RESULTS SHOW FAIR TO GOOD CORRELATION WITH AVAILABLE
EXPERIMENTAL DATA. THE EFFECT OF MANY DESIGN AND
OPERATING PARAMETERS IS ANALYZED. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-637 133 1/2
AVIATION SAFETY ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH PHOENIX ARIZ
PRINCIPLES FOR IMPROVING STRUCTURAL CRASHWORTHINESS
FOR STOL AND CTOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.
JUN 66 73P REED, WILLIAM H. I AVERY, JAMES
P. 1
REPT. NO. AVSER-45-18,
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-254(T),
TASK: 1P125901A14230,
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-39

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

DESCRIPTORS: (•AVIATION ACCIDENTS, •SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), AIRFRAMES, LOADING(MECHANICS), IMPACT
SHOCK, DEFORMATION, AVIATION SAFETY, ACCELERATION,
CRASH INJURIES, DESIGN (U)
IDENTIFIERS: CRASHWORTHINESS (U)

THE AREA OF CRASH BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS OF AIRCRAFT
STRUCTURES IS INVESTIGATED. THE INVESTIGATION
BEGINS WITH THE DEFINITION OF TWO INDICES OF
CRASHWORTHINESS OF BASIC AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES AND THE
ANALYSIS OF THE INFLUENCE OF SEVERAL GENERAL TYPES OF
STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS UPON THESE TWO INDICES.
THIS ANALYSIS, USING FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF
MECHANICS, CONTAINS SEVERAL SIMPLIFYING ASSUMPTIONS,
WHICH ARE EXPLAINED AS THEY ARE INTRODUCED. DESIGN
CONCEPTS TO IMPROVE THE ABILITY OF THE PROTECTIVE
CONTAINER TO MAINTAIN LIVING SPACE FOR OCCUPANTS
DURING A CRASH OR TO ATTENUATE THE ACCELERATIONS
EXPERIENCED BY OCCUPANTS DURING A CRASH ARE DEVELOPED
FOR CRASH CONDITIONS WHICH ARE EITHER PRIMARILY
LONGITUDINAL IN NATURE OR PRIMARILY VERTICAL IN
NATURE. ANALYTICAL METHODS ARE THEN PROVIDED TO
SHOW HOW AND WHEN TO APPLY THESE DESIGN CONCEPTS TO
ANY PARTICULAR AIRCRAFT. THE PRINCIPLES WHICH ARE
PRESENTED ARE SUITABLE FOR USE DURING DESIGN OF NEW
AIRCRAFT AS WELL AS MODIFICATION OF EXISTING
AIRCRAFT. THE RESULTS ARE PRESENTED FROM THREE
FULL-SCALE CRASH TESTS OF SMALL TWIN-ENGINE AIRPLANES
WHICH WERE CONDUCTED AS A PART OF THIS INVESTIGATION.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-641 506 15/5 5/3
MCCONNELL AIRCRAFT CORP ST LOUIS MO

TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF AIRCRAFT FOR
INTERCITY SHORT-HAUL TRANSPORTATION. VOLUME I. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

APR 66 47P

CONTRACT: FA-65-WA-1246

MONITOR: FAA-ADS 74-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE AD-641 507 AND AD-641-508.

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIR TRANSPORTATION, •ECONOMICS),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, ECONOMICS), (•VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, ECONOMICS), COMMERCIAL PLANES,
COSTS, AIRPORTS, AIR TRAFFIC, CALIFORNIA,
SIMULATION, OPERATION (U)

THIS REPORT EVALUATES THE POTENTIAL AIRLINE USE OF
STOL/VTOL AIRCRAFT TO SERVE INTERCITY SHORT HAUL
TRAVELERS. THE AIR TRAVEL MARKET IN THE
CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR (BETWEEN LOS ANGELES
AND SAN DIEGO ON THE SOUTH AND SACRAMENTO AND
SAN FRANCISCO ON THE NORTH) WAS USED FOR THE
STUDY BUT THE RESULTS WOULD BE GENERALLY APPLICABLE
TO OTHER AREAS. BASED ON 1970 TECHNOLOGY, FOUR
STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS WERE
DESIGNED AS 60-, 90-, AND 120-PASSENGER TRANSPORTS,
AND DEVELOPED FOR LOWEST OPERATING COSTS FOR A 500-
MILE STAGE LENGTH. A CONVENTIONAL JET TRANSPORT
WAS USED AS A BASE OF REFERENCE AND A CONVENTIONAL
HELICOPTER WAS INCLUDED FOR COMPARISON. THE
SPECIAL STOL/VTOL AIRPORTS WERE LOCATED FOR
PASSENGER CONVENIENCE AND ACCEPTABLE NOISE LEVELS FOR
THE SURROUNDING AREAS. TO EVALUATE STOL/VTOL
ECONOMIC VIABILITY, STOL AND VTOL AIRLINE
SERVICE WAS SIMULATED IN THE CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR
IN 1975 AND 1980, AND THEN COMPARED WITH THE
CONVENTIONAL JET SIMULATION IN THOSE YEARS. IT WAS
FOUND THAT THE TIME SAVINGS AND CONVENIENCE PROVIDED
BY EITHER STOL OR VTOL AIRLINE SERVICE WOULD
ENABLE STOL OR VTOL TO CAPTURE A SUBSTANTIAL
SHARE OF THE SHORT-HAUL AIR TRAVEL MARKET WHEN
COMBINED IN A SYSTEM WITH CONVENTIONAL JETS, AND
WOULD INDUCE ADDITIONAL AIR TRAVEL. THIS SYSTEM
WOULD GIVE A SATISFACTORY RETURN ON INVESTMENT. THE
REPORT IS IN THREE VOLUMES. VOLUME I IS AN
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY CONTAINING INTRODUCTION,
CONCLUSIONS, AND THE SUMMARY OF METHOD AND RESULTS. (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-641 507 15/5 5/3
MCDONNELL AIRCRAFT CORP ST LOUIS MO

TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF AIRCRAFT FOR
INTERCITY SHORT-HAUL TRANSPORTATION. VOLUME II. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

APR 66 190P

CONTRACT: FA-63-WA-1246

MONITOR: FAA-ADS 74-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-641 506 AND AD-641
508.

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIR TRANSPORTATION; *ECONOMICS),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES; ECONOMICS), (*VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES; ECONOMICS), COMMERCIAL PLANES,
COSTS, AIRPORTS, AIR TRAFFIC, CALIFORNIA,
SIMULATION, AIRPLANE NOISE, OPERATION (U)

THIS REPORT EVALUATES THE POTENTIAL AIRLINE USE OF
STOL/VTOL AIRCRAFT TO SERVE INTERCITY SHORT HAUL
TRAVELERS. THE AIR TRAVEL MARKET IN THE
CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR (BETWEEN LOS ANGELES
AND SAN DIEGO ON THE SOUTH AND SACRAMENTO AND
SAN FRANCISCO ON THE NORTH) WAS USED FOR THE
STUDY BUT THE RESULTS WOULD BE GENERALLY APPLICABLE
TO OTHER AREAS. BASED ON 1970 TECHNOLOGY, FOUR
STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS WERE
DESIGNED AS 60-, 90-, AND 120-PASSENGER TRANSPORTS,
AND DEVELOPED FOR LOWEST OPERATING COSTS FOR A 500-
MILE STAGE LENGTH. A CONVENTIONAL JET TRANSPORT
WAS USED AS A BASE OF REFERENCE AND A CONVENTIONAL
HELICOPTER WAS INCLUDED FOR COMPARISON. THE
SPECIAL STOL/VTOL AIRPORTS WERE LOCATED FOR
PASSENGER CONVENIENCE AND ACCEPTABLE NOISE LEVELS FOR
THE SURROUNDING AREAS. TO EVALUATE STOL/VTOL
ECONOMIC VIABILITY, STOL AND VTOL AIRLINE
SERVICE WAS SIMULATED IN THE CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR
IN 1975 AND 1980, AND THEN COMPARED WITH THE
CONVENTIONAL JET SIMULATION IN THOSE YEARS. IT WAS
FOUND THAT THE TIME SAVINGS AND CONVENIENCE PROVIDED
BY EITHER STOL OR VTOL AIRLINE SERVICE WOULD
ENABLE STOL OR VTOL TO CAPTURE A SUBSTANTIAL
SHARE OF THE SHORT-HAUL AIR TRAVEL MARKET WHEN
COMBINED IN A SYSTEM WITH CONVENTIONAL JETS, AND
WOULD INDUCE ADDITIONAL AIR TRAVEL. THIS SYSTEM
WOULD GIVE A SATISFACTORY RETURN ON INVESTMENT.
THE REPORT IS IN THREE VOLUMES. VOLUME I IS AN
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY CONTAINING INTRODUCTION,

53

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-641 508 15/5 5/3
MCDONNELL AIRCRAFT CORP ST LOUIS MO

TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF AIRCRAFT FOR
INTERCITY SHORT-HAUL TRANSPORTATION, VOLUME III. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

APR 66 178P
CONTRACT: FA-65-WA-1246
MONITOR: FAA-ADS 74-VOL-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-641 507 AND AD-641
506.

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIR TRANSPORTATION, •ECONOMICS),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, ECONOMICS), (•VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, ECONOMICS), COMMERCIAL PLANES,
COSTS, AIRPORTS, AIR TRAFFIC, CALIFORNIA,
SIMULATION, OPERATION, AIRPLANE NOISE (U)

THIS REPORT EVALUATES THE POTENTIAL AIRLINE USE OF
STOL/VTOL AIRCRAFT TO SERVE INTERCITY SHORT HAUL
TRAVELERS. THE AIR TRAVEL MARKET IN THE
CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR (BETWEEN LOS ANGELES
AND SAN DIEGO ON THE SOUTH AND SACRAMENTO AND
SAN FRANCISCO ON THE NORTH) WAS USED FOR THE
STUDY BUT THE RESULTS WOULD BE GENERALLY APPLICABLE
TO OTHER AREAS. BASED ON 1970 TECHNOLOGY, FOUR
STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS WERE
DESIGNED AS 60-, 90-, AND 120-PASSENGER TRANSPORTS,
AND DEVELOPED FOR LOWEST OPERATING COSTS FOR A 500-
MILE STAGE LENGTH. A CONVENTIONAL JET TRANSPORT
WAS USED AS A BASE OF REFERENCE AND A CONVENTIONAL
HELICOPTER WAS INCLUDED FOR COMPARISON. THE
SPECIAL STOL/VTOL AIRPORTS WERE LOCATED FOR
PASSENGER CONVENIENCE AND ACCEPTABLE NOISE LEVELS FOR
THE SURROUNDING AREAS. TO EVALUATE STOL/VTOL
ECONOMIC VIABILITY, STOL AND VTOL AIRLINE SERVICE
WAS SIMULATED IN THE CALIFORNIA CORRIDOR IN 1975
AND 1980, AND THEN COMPARED WITH THE CONVENTIONAL JET
SIMULATION IN THOSE YEARS. IT WAS FOUND THAT THE
TIME SAVINGS AND CONVENIENCE PROVIDED BY EITHER
STOL OR VTOL AIRLINE SERVICE WOULD ENABLE STOL
OR VTOL TO CAPTURE A SUBSTANTIAL SHARE OF THE
SHORT-HAUL AIR TRAVEL MARKET WHEN COMBINED IN A
SYSTEM WITH CONVENTIONAL JETS, AND WOULD INDUCE
ADDITIONAL AIR TRAVEL. THIS SYSTEM WOULD GIVE A
SATISFACTORY RETURN ON INVESTMENT.

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOA

AJ-645 883 14/2 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J DEPT OF AEROSPACE AND MECHANICAL
SCIENCES

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCETON DYNAMIC MODEL
TRACK, (U)

NOV 66 31P CURTISS, H. C. PUTMAN, W. F. I
TRAYBAR, J. J. I
REPT. NO. 738
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-8(T)
TASK: 1P1259U1A14233
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-66-73

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (TRACKS(AERODYNAMICS), SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES), DESIGN, HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS, AIRPLANE
MODELS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, VELOCITY,
MODEL TESTS (U)

THE PRINCETON DYNAMIC MODEL TRACK IS A
FACILITY WHICH CONSISTS OF A SERVOCONTROLLED
HYDRAULICALLY POWERED MODEL CARRIAGE MOUNTED ON A
MONORAIL TRACK. THE TRACK IS HOUSED INSIDE A 30-
BY-30-FOOT BUILDING 750 FEET LONG. THE CARRIAGE
CONTAINS A MODEL MOUNT DESIGNED TO ALLOW THE CARRIAGE
TO FOLLOW THE POWERED MODEL WITHOUT IMPOSING
RESTRAINTS ON THE MODEL MOTIONS BEING STUDIED.
FROM ONE TO FIVE DEGREES OF FREEDOM MOTIONS CAN BE
EXAMINED, BOTH LONGITUDINAL AND LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL,
IN OR OUT OF GROUND EFFECT. THE DYNAMIC MODEL
TRACK CAN PROVIDE STATIC AND DYNAMIC DERIVATIVE
DATA (E.G., VELOCITY AND RATE-DEPENDENT AERODYNAMIC
STABILITY AND CONTROL DERIVATIVES) ON V/STOL
AIRCRAFT MODELS OR COMPONENTS IN AND NEAR HOVER,
SLOW SPEED FLIGHT, AND DURING TRANSITION. IN
ADDITION, IT CAN PROVIDE AN EXPERIMENTAL SIMULATION
OF THE EXPECTED FULL-SCALE VEHICLE CONTROL-FIXED
DYNAMIC MOTIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-652 926 1/3
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

FLIGHT TEST INSTRUMENTATION FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

APR 61 66P BRUNING, G. I
REPT. NO. AGARD-317

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING), (*FLIGHT TESTING, INSTRUMENTATION), OPTIMIZATION, TEST METHODS, AIRBORNE, RECORDING SYSTEMS, TEST EQUIPMENT, FRANCE (U)

THE FLIGHT TESTING OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT INVOLVES THE MEASUREMENT OF CERTAIN QUANTITIES, SOME OF WHICH ARE THE SAME AS FOR CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT. WHERE THE QUANTITIES ARE DIFFERENT, THOSE CONCERNED IN THE V/STOL FIELD HAVE TACKLED THE NEW PROBLEMS IN THEIR OWN WAY. GENERAL ASPECTS ARE CONSIDERED, SOME ILLUSTRATIVE EXAMPLES ARE GIVEN, THE PHYSICAL QUANTITIES OF INTEREST IN V/STOL TESTING ARE DISCUSSED, AND RECORDING METHODS ARE DESCRIBED. FINALLY, AN ATTEMPT IS MADE TO SUGGEST AN OPTIMUM INSTRUMENTATION. IT IS CONCLUDED THAT MOST OF THE QUANTITIES OF INTEREST CAN BE MEASURED BY CONVENTIONAL METHODS, WHEREAS OTHERS, SUCH AS LOW HORIZONTAL SPEEDS, ALTITUDE, AND RATE OF CLIMB AND DESCENT, PRESENT DIFFICULTIES. THERE IS AN OBVIOUS DEMAND FOR LIGHTER AIRBORNE EQUIPMENT THAN IS AVAILABLE AT PRESENT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOR

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM04

AD-652 998 1/3 1/1
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

METHODES UTILISEES POUR LA MISE AU POINT DE L'AVION
BREGUET 940 A AILES SOUFFLEES (METHODS USED FOR THE
FINAL DESIGN ANALYSIS OF THE BREGUET 940 'BLOWER-
WING' PLANE), (U)

APR 61 25P DERICHEMONT, G. I
REPT. NO. AGARD-371

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED. TEXT IN FRENCH;
DISCUSSION PARTLY IN ENGLISH; ADDENDUM IN ENGLISH.

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DESIGN),
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, MODEL TESTS, WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, FLIGHT TESTING, FLIGHT SIMULATORS,
TRANSPORT PLANES, FRANCE (U)
IDENTIFIERS: BREGUET 940 (U)

MANY COORDINATED METHODS WERE UTILIZED IN THE STUDY
OF THE DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE AIRCRAFT
BREGUET 940. METHODS OF STUDY INCLUDED
UTILIZATION OF A FIXED MODEL IN A WIND TUNNEL, A
MOTORIZED FLYING MODEL, AN ELECTRONIC FLIGHT
SIMULATOR, AND OBSERVATIONS OF THE AIRCRAFT ITSELF IN
FLIGHT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-654 469 1/3 1/1
MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIV STATE COLLEGE DEPT OF
AEROPHYSICS

XV-11A DESCRIPTION AND PRELIMINARY FLIGHT TEST. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: RESEARCH REPT.,
MAY 67 106P ROBERTS, SEAN C. ; STEWART,
ABERDEEN W. ; BOAZ, VIRGIL L. ; BRYANT, GLENN
D. ; MERTAUGH, LAWRENCE J. , JR;
REPT. NO. AEROPHYSICS-RR-75
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-266(T)
PROJ: DA-1F125901A142
TASK: 1F125901A14203
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-21

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), GLASS TEXTILES, POLYESTER PLASTICS,
REINFORCING MATERIALS, LIFT, CAMBER, BOUNDARY
LAYER CONTROL, SHROUDED PROPELLERS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS

IDENTIFIERS: V-11 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE XV-11A IS A POLYESTER REINFORCED FIBER
GLASS STOL AIRCRAFT. THIS FOUR-PLACE AIRCRAFT,
POWERED BY A 250-HORSEPOWER T-63 TURBINE ENGINE,
WAS DESIGNED TO ACHIEVE HIGH-LIFT COEFFICIENTS BY
MEANS OF A VARIABLE CAMBER WING WITH DISTRIBUTED
SUCTION BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL. A SHROUDED
PROPELLER WAS USED FOR THRUST AUGMENTATION AT LOW
FORWARD VELOCITIES, AND BETA CONTROL ON THE PROPELLER
WAS SUCCESSFULLY USED AS A DRAG INCREMENT FOR GLIDE
PATH CONTROL. TO DATE, THE XV-11A AIRCRAFT HAS
FLOWN 49 FLIGHTS WITH A TOTAL FLIGHT TIME OF 35
HOURS. THE MAJORITY OF THE FLIGHT TIME WAS
INVOLVED IN AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH OF THE SHROUDED
PROPELLER, THE DISTRIBUTED SUCTION BOUNDARY LAYER
CONTROL SYSTEM AND IN AN EVALUATION OF THE GENERAL
HANDLING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE AIRCRAFT. A
MINIMUM OF PERFORMANCE DATA WAS COLLECTED SINCE THE
PRIMARY OBJECTIVE WAS AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH. THE
FIBER GLASS MATERIAL DEMONSTRATED THE EXCELLENT
POSSIBILITIES OF THIS TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION WHEN
COMPLEX, AERODYNAMICALLY SMOOTH CURVATURES ARE
DESIRED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOA

AD-656 810 14/2 20/4 1/1
WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE

LIMITS ON MINIMUM-SPEED V/STOL WIND-TUNNEL
TESTS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: REVISED ED.,

JAN 67 10⁵ RAE, WILLIAM H. , JR.

CONTRACT: DA-ARO(D)-31-124-G481

PROJ: AROD-4506E, DA-20014501833G

MONITOR: AROD 4506:2-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PUBLISHED IN JOURNAL OF AIRCRAFT
V4 N3 P249-54 MAY-JUNE 1967.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REVISION OF MANUSCRIPT SUBMITTED 30
SEP 66. PRESENTED AT THE AIAA AERODYNAMIC TESTING
CONFERENCE, LOS ANGELES, CALIF., 21-23 SEP 66.
PREPRINT 66-736.

DESCRIPTORS: (•ROTARY WINGS, MODEL TESTS), WIND
TUNNEL MODELS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, WIND TUNNELS,
ACCURACY, SIMULATION, DOWNWASH, GEOMETRIC FORMS,
JET FLAPS

(U)

THE PAPER PRESENTS THE RESULTS OF A SYSTEMATIC
SERIES OF WIND-TUNNEL TESTS, WHICH HAVE DETERMINED
THE MAXIMUM SIZE ROTOR THAT CAN BE TESTED IN CLOSED-
THROAT WIND TUNNELS BOTH AS A FUNCTION OF THE
DOWNWASH ANGLE AND AS A FUNCTION OF TUNNEL GEOMETRY.
FOR A GIVEN SIZE ROTOR AND TUNNEL THERE APPEARS TO
BE A MAXIMUM VALUE OF DOWNWASH THAT CAN BE TOLERATED.
IF THIS VALUE OF DOWNWASH IS EXCEEDED, THE FLOW
THROUGH THE WIND TUNNEL IS NO LONGER SIMILAR TO THE
FLOW THAT WOULD BE ENCOUNTERED IN FREE FLIGHT BUT
RATHER REPRESENTS A FLOW SIMILAR TO RECIRCULATION.
THE POINT AT WHICH THE MAXIMUM DOWNWASH IS REACHED
IS CALLED THE FLOW BREAKDOWN POINT. SIMILAR
RESULTS HAVE ALSO BEEN OBTAINED USING JET FLAPS AND
JET-LIFT MODELS. IT IS ALSO SHOWN THAT THIS FLOW
BREAKDOWN IS A FUNCTION OF TUNNEL GEOMETRY AND THAT
THE ALLOWABLE DOWNWASH ANGLES ARE DIFFERENT FOR
RECTANGULAR TUNNELS WITH WIDTH-TO-HEIGHT RATIOS OF
W/H = 1.50, 1.00, 0.67, AND 0.50. THE ADDITION
OF FILLETS TO THE TEST SECTION IS ALSO SHOWN TO HAVE
AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE ALLOWABLE DOWNWASH ANGLE.
AT THE PRESENT TIME, THE OPTIMUM TUNNEL
CONFIGURATION FOR ROTORS AND OTHER TYPES OF V/STOL
VEHICLES IS NOT KNOWN. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL No. /ZDM08

AD-657 562 1/3 20/4 1/1
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

CAL/USAAVLABS SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS. AERODYNAMIC
PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME 1.
PROPELLER AND ROTOR AERODYNAMICS. HELD JUNE 22,
1966, STATLER-HILTON HOTEL, BUFFALO, NEW YORK. (U)

JUN 66 275P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-657 563.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS; *AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), SYMPOSIA,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL); ROTOR BLADES(ROTARY
WINGS); PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING); HELICOPTER
ROTORS; TESTS; STRESSES; PREDICTIONS;
AERODYNAMIC LOADING; WAKE; VORTICES; THEORY (U)

CONTENTS: A THEORY FOR STATIC PROPELLER
PERFORMANCE; PROPELLER TESTING AT ZERO VELOCITY;
PROPELLER RESEARCH AT CANADAIR LIMITED;
PREDICTION OF THE PERFORMANCE AND STRESS
CHARACTERISTICS OF VTOL PROPELLERS; PERFORMANCE
POTENTIAL OF ROTOR BLADE INBOARD AERODYNAMIC DEVICES;
AERODYNAMIC LOADING OF HIGH-SPEED ROTORS;
PREDICTION OF ROTOR WAKE FLOWS; THE MOVEMENT,
STRUCTURE AND BREAKDOWN OF TRAILING VORTICES FROM A
ROTOR BLADE. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ODC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY RESEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM06

AD-657 563 1/3 20/4 1/1
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

CAL/USAAVLAYS SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS. AERODYNAMIC
PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME II.
PROPULSION AND INTERFERENCE AERODYNAMICS. HELD JUNE
23, 1966, STATLER-HILTON HOTEL, BUFFALO, NEW YORK. (U)

JUN 66 330P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 1, AD-657 562 AND
VOLUME 3, AD-657 564.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS; *AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), SYMPOSIA,
PROPULSION, PROPELLERS(AERIAL), SHROUDED
PROPELLERS, FANS, TURBINES, NOZZLES, WINGS,
AIRFOILS, LIFT, SHEAR STRESSES, INTERFERENCE (U)

CONTENTS: PREDICTED AND MEASURED PERFORMANCE OF
TWO FULL-SCALE DUCTED PROPELLERS; AEROTHERMAL
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE OF A HIGH BYPASS TIP TURBINE
CRUISE FAN SYSTEM; THRUST DEFLECTION NOZZLES FOR
VTOL AIRCRAFT; SHROUDED PROPELLER RESEARCH AT
MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY LEADING TO
APPLICATION ON THE UNITED STATES ARMY XV-
11A; THE LIFT, DRAG AND STABILITY OF WINGS
IMMERSED IN PROPELLER SLIPSTREAM; AERODYNAMIC
PROPERTIES OF AIRFOILS IN NONUNIFORMLY SHEARED FLOW;
EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF COMPOUND HELICOPTER
AERODYNAMIC INTERFERENCE EFFECTS; MAXIMUM LIFT
COEFFICIENT FOR STOL AIRCRAFT; A CRITICAL
REVIEW. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM06

AD-657 564 1/3 20/4 1/1
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

CAL/USAAVLABS SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS, AERODYNAMIC
PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT, VOLUME
III, AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH ON BOUNDARY LAYERS, HELD
JUNE 24, 1966, STATLER-HILTON HOTEL, BUFFALO, NEW
YORK.

(U)

JUN 66 154P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-657 563 AND
VOLUME 4, AD-657 565.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, *AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), SYMPOSIA,
BOUNDARY LAYER, ROTOR BLADES (ROTARY WINGS),
PERFORMANCE (ENGINEERING), HOVERING, BOUNDARY
LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS, LOW-DRAG AIRFOILS,
FEASIBILITY STUDIES, LIFT

(U)

CONTENTS: SPANWISE FLOW EFFECTS ON ROTOR
PERFORMANCE; A PRELIMINARY STUDY OF THE EFFECT OF A
RADIAL PRESSURE GRADIENT ON THE BOUNDARY LAYER OF A
ROTOR BLADE; THE BOUNDARY LAYER OF THE HOVERING
ROTOR; AN INVESTIGATION OF THE FEASIBILITY OF A
COMMON BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEM FOR HIGH-LIFT
AND LOW-DRAG ON AN AIRFOIL SECTION.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOH

AD-657 565 1/3 20/4 1/3
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

CAL/USAAVLABS SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS. AERODYNAMIC PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME IV. PANELS ON RECOMMENDED V/STOL AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH, PANEL SUMMARIES, FEATURED SPEAKERS, AND TECHNICAL PAPER DISCUSSIONS. HELD JUNE 22-24, 1966, STATLER-HILTON HOTEL, BUFFALO, NEW YORK. (U)

JUN 66 382P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 3, AD-657 564.

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, *AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), SYMPOSIA, ROTARY WINGS, STABILITY, CONTROL, TILT WINGS, SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH (U)

THE FOLLOWING TECHNICAL PAPERS WERE PRESENTED: AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH REQUIREMENTS AS DETERMINED FROM THE X-19 AND X-100 VTOL PROGRAMS; THOUGHTS ON PROGRESS IN ROTATING-WING AERODYNAMICS; SOME POSSIBILITIES FOR RESEARCH ON STABILITY AND CONTROL AT STOL FLIGHT SPEEDS; AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH - IMPROVEMENTS OF THE TILT WING CONCEPT; AERODYNAMIC PROBLEM AREAS OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT AND RECOMMENDED RESEARCH; A DISCUSSION OF LOW SPEED VTOL AERODYNAMIC PROBLEMS AND SUGGESTIONS FOR RELATED RESEARCH; AREAS OF FRUITFUL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT; A COMEBACK OF LOW-SPEED AERODYNAMICS RESEARCH; REQUIRED AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT; LOW SPEED AERODYNAMIC PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT; SELECTED RESEARCH RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH; RECOMMENDATIONS FOR AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH ON HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-658 432 1/3 20/4 1/1
ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE
STATION TENN

A REVIEW OF JET EFFLUX STUDIES APPLICABLE TO V/STOL
AIRCRAFT, (U)

SEP 67 2UP GARNER, JACK E. I
REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-67-163
CONTRACT: AF 40(600)-1200
PROJ: AF-7778

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH ARO,
INC., TULLAHOMA, TENN.

DESCRIPTORS: (•EXHAUST GASES, •JETS), (•SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, EXHAUST GASES), STATE-OF-THE-ART
REVIEWS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLOW FIELDS,
SUBSONIC FLOW, THRUST (U)

THE STATE-OF-THE-ART OF JETS EXHAUSTING INTO A
SUBSONIC CROSSFLOW IS PRESENTED. THESE STUDIES
COMPLEMENT THE CURRENT RESEARCH EFFORT IN DEVELOPMENT
OF AN ANALYTICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FLOW FIELD
CREATED BY A V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOR

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-658 545 1/3 5/2
AIR FORCE FLIGHT TEST CENTER EDWARDS AFB CALIF

THE REPORT OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON VSTOL
TERMINOLOGY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUL 67 17P RANSONE, ROBIN K. IBASQUEZ,
JOSEPH G. ;
REPT. NO. AFFTC-SP-67-1001

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
VOCABULARY); (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
VOCABULARY); HELICOPTERS, STANDARDIZATION,
TAKE-OFF, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, FLIGHT

(U)

THE REPORT IS A STANDARDIZED LIST OF DEFINITIONS
ASSOCIATED WITH VERTICAL SHORT TAKEOFF AND
LANDING AIRCRAFT. CONTRIBUTIONS WERE MADE FROM
AMONG THE SEVERAL MILITARY SERVICES AND AIRCRAFT
COMPANIES. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO: /ZOM08

AD-659 510 17/7 1/4
ADCOLE CORP WALTHAM MASS

V/STOL APPROACH SYSTEM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,

SEP 66 26P

CONTRACT: FA-WA-4582

PROJ: FAA-320-103-01N

MONITOR: FAA-RD 66-56

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*GLIDE PATH SYSTEMS, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*APPROACH INDICATORS, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, MICROWAVE
EQUIPMENT, FEASIBILITY STUDIES, LANDING AIDS, K
BAND, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS

(U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES A FEASIBILITY MODEL MICROWAVE
INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM (ILS) DEVELOPED FOR
THE FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY. TRANSMITTED
FREQUENCY: 15.4 KMC, LOCALIZER CLEARANCE:
PLUS OR MINUS 45 DEGREES, GLIDE SLOPE
CLEARANCE: PLUS OR MINUS 15 DEGREES. SYSTEM
HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY DEMONSTRATED AT NAPEC.

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOR

AD-661 748 1/2 1/3 1/4
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR V/STOL HANDLING QUALITIES WITH AN
ADDENDUM CONTAINING COMMENTS ON THE
RECOMMENDATIONS. (U)

OCT 64 71P
REPT. NO. AGARD-408A

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HANDLING), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, HANDLING),
HELICOPTERS, FLIGHT, AERONAUTICS, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS, MANEUVERABILITY, STABILITY, HOVERING,
ROLL, PITCH(MOTION) (U)

THE RECOMMENDATIONS, WHICH ARE NECESSARILY
TENTATIVE, PARTICULARLY AS REGARDS THEIR APPLICATION
TO LARGE AIRCRAFT, ARE BASED IN SOME RESPECTS ON
REQUIREMENTS FOR U. S. MILITARY HELICOPTERS.
BUT CONSIDERABLE USE HAS BEEN MADE OF THE RESULTS OF
FLIGHT ASSESSMENTS OF HANDLING QUALITIES OF A NUMBER
OF V/STOL RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. TO IMPROVE THEIR
VALIDITY, THEY SHOULD BE KEPT UNDER CONTINUAL REVIEW
BY CRITICAL, SYSTEMATIC COMPARISON WITH THE ACCEPTED
HANDLING QUALITIES OF AS MANY NEW V/STOL AIRCRAFT
AS POSSIBLE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDMOA

AD-661 951 20/4 1/1 14/2
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

TUNNEL-WALL EFFECTS ASSOCIATED WITH VTOL-STOL MODEL
TESTING, (U)

MAR 59 34° KUHN, R. E. INAESETH, R.
L. i
REPT. NO. AGARD-303

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED. PRESENTED AT THE
INTERFERENCE EFFECTS MEETING OF THE AGARD FLUID
DYNAMICS PANEL, 2-5 MAR, 1959, RHODE ST. GENESE,
BELGIUM.

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, MODEL
TESTS), (•MODEL TESTS, INTERFERENCE), (•WIND
TUNNELS, INTERFERENCE), WALLS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, LIFT, WINGS, CONFIGURATION, FLOW
SEPARATION (U)

WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATIONS OF VTOL AND STOL
AIRPLANE MODELS INVOLVE CONFIGURATIONS IN WHICH A
LARGE AMOUNT OF POWER IS BEING USED TO GENERATE PART
OF THE LIFT THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF PROPELLER
SLIPSTREAMS OR JET EXHAUSTS DIRECTED DOWNWARD AT
LARGE ANGLES TO THE FREE-STREAM DIRECTION. FOR
MANY CONFIGURATIONS THE PROPELLERS OR JET EXHAUSTS
ARE ARRANGED, FOR EXAMPLE, AS IN THE JET FLAP, TO
COVER THE ENTIRE SPAN OF THE WING AND THUS TO ASSIST
THE WIND IN ITS NATURAL PROCESS OF PRODUCING SO-
CALLED 'CIRCULATION' LIFT. THIS ARRANGEMENT
RESULTS IN THE STREAMLINES IN THE VICINITY OF THE
WING ALSO BEING TURNED THROUGH LARGE ANGLES TO THE
FREE-STREAM DIRECTION OF FLOW. THE PRESENCE OF THE
TUNNEL WALLS, HOWEVER, IMPOSES THE CONDITIONS THAT
THE STREAMLINES AT THE TUNNEL WALLS MUST BE PARALLEL
TO THE FREE STREAM. THUS, THE PROBLEM OF TUNNEL-
WALL EFFECTS IN VTOL-STOL MODEL TESTING IS
SIMILAR TO THAT ASSOCIATED WITH CONVENTIONAL MODEL
TESTING BUT DIFFERS GREATLY IN DEGREE. EXPERIENCE
HAS SHOWN THAT, IN ADDITION TO THESE USUAL TUNNEL-
WALL EFFECTS, FLOW SEPARATION ON THE MODEL CAN ALSO
BE INDUCED BY THE TUNNEL WALLS. THE EXPERIENCES OF
THE LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER OF N.A.S.A.
RELATED TO THESE PROBLEMS IN CLOSED-THROAT WIND
TUNNELS ARE REVIEWED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZDMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL No. /ZOM08

AD-662 686

1/2

HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MASS DIV OF ENGINEERING AND
APPLIED PHYSICS

CONJUGATE GRADIENT METHODS WITH AN APPLICATION TO V/
STOL FLIGHT-PATH OPTIMIZATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM TECHNICAL REPT.,
NOV 67 36P MEHRA, R. K. BRYSON, A.
E. JRI
REPT. NO. TR-543
CONTRACT: N00014-67-A-0298-0006
PROJ: NR-372-012

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
PATHS), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
PATHS), (•FLIGHT PATHS, OPTIMIZATION),
ALGORITHMS, CONTROL, FLIGHT (U)

CONJUGATE GRADIENT METHODS HAVE RECENTLY BEEN
APPLIED TO SOME SIMPLE OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS AND HAVE
BEEN SHOWN TO CONVERGE FASTER THAN THE METHODS OF
STEEPEST DESCENT. THE PRESENT PAPER CONSIDERS
APPLICATION OF THESE METHODS TO MORE COMPLICATED
PROBLEMS INVOLVING TERMINAL AS WELL AS IN-FLIGHT
CONSTRAINTS. A NUMBER OF METHODS ARE SUGGESTED TO
HANDLE THESE CONSTRAINTS AND THE NUMERICAL
DIFFICULTIES ASSOCIATED WITH EACH METHOD ARE
DISCUSSED. THE PROBLEM OF FLIGHT-PATH OPTIMIZATION
OF A V/STOL AIRCRAFT WAS CONSIDERED AND MINIMUM
TIME PATHS FOR THE CLIMB PHASE WERE OBTAINED USING
THE CONJUGATE GRADIENT ALGORITHM. IN CONCLUSION,
SOME REMARKS ARE MADE ABOUT THE RELATIVE EFFICIENCY
OF THE DIFFERENT OPTIMIZATION SCHEMES PRESENTLY
AVAILABLE FOR THE SOLUTION OF OPTIMAL CONTROL
PROBLEMS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOM

AD-663 756 5/2 1/3
DAYTON UNIV OHIO RESEARCH INST

DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTAL EVALUATION OF A
RETRIEVAL SYSTEM FOR AIR FORCE CONTROL-DISPLAY
INFORMATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL SUMMARY REPT. 30 JUN 66-1 JUL
67,

NOV 67 177P DEBONS, ANTHONY ISCHEFFLER,
FREDERIC L. ISNIDE, JOHN D. ;
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-5310
PROJ: AF-6190
TASK: AF-619007
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-67-119

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*INFORMATION RETRIEVAL,
EFFECTIVENESS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
DOCUMENTATION), CLASSIFICATION, CONTROL SYSTEMS,
DISPLAY SYSTEMS, AIR FORCE EQUIPMENT, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES

IDENTIFIERS: COORDINATE INDEXING, THESAURI

(U)
(U)

A PROPOSED CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM WAS STUDIED TO
DETERMINE ITS EFFICACY TO THE AIR FORCE
CONTROL-DISPLAY AREA. BASED ON NEGATIVE
OUTCOMES FROM A LOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPOSED
SYSTEM, AN ALTERNATE SYSTEM WAS PROPOSED TO INCLUDE
THE COORDINATE INDEX CONCEPT. UPON DEVELOPMENT OF
A THESAURUS AND AN INDEX SYSTEM ON 106 DOCUMENTS IN
THE VSTOL/VTOL AREA, AN EXPERIMENT WAS CONDUCTED
TO DETERMINE THE ACCEPTANCE AND EFFECTIVENESS OF THE
SYSTEM ON PROFESSIONAL WORKERS USING THE SYSTEM.
FINDINGS REVEALED THAT THE COORDINATE SYSTEM WAS
ACCEPTABLE TO THE USER AND THAT IT PROVIDED FOR THE
RETRIEVAL OF RELEVANT DOCUMENTS BEYOND THAT EXPECTED
BY CHANCE. THE STUDY SUGGESTS THAT THE COORDINATE
INDEX SYSTEM AND THE PRESENT MEASURES USED TO STUDY
ITS EFFECTIVENESS PROVIDE A RATIONALE FOR FURTHER
EXPERIMENTATION WHICH CAN EXPAND THE BASE OF THE
SYSTEM TO MEET THE NEED OF THE CONTROL-DISPLAY AREA.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOM

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOHOB

AD-664 155 1/2 1/3
AVIATION SAFETY ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH PHOENIX ARIZ

U. S. ARMY AC-1 DE HAVILLAND 'CARIBOU' EVALUATION,
FT. RUCKER, ALABAMA, 21 JANUARY 1960. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
OCT 60 65P BRUGGINK, GERARD M. (CARROLL,
JACK (KNOWLES, WILLIAM R. ;
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-TC-624
MONITOR: TRECOM TR-60-62

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPT. ON CRASH INJURY
EVALUATION.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AVIATION
ACCIDENTS), (*TRANSPORT PLANES, CRASH INJURIES),
AVIATION SAFETY, LANDING GEAR, DESCENT, SAFETY
HARNESS, HAZARDS, HATCHES, MILITARY REQUIREMENTS,
ARMY AIRCRAFT, TACTICAL AIR SUPPORT, AIRMOBILE
OPERATIONS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: C-7 AIRCRAFT, CRASHWORTHINESS (U)

THE CRASH INJURY EVALUATION OF THE U. S. ARMY
AC-1 OH 'CARIBOU' DISCLOSED SEVERAL DESIRABLE
CRASH SAFETY FEATURES INCLUDING A LIMIT LANDING GEAR
STRENGTH WHICH PERMITS A VERTICAL RATE OF DESCENT OF
14 FEET PER SECOND; THE LOCATION OF THE FUEL CELLS
OUTBOARD OF THE ENGINE NACELLES; TROOP SEAT BELT
ANCHORAGES WHICH ARE DIRECTLY SECURED TO BASIC
AIRCRAFT STRUCTURE. ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THE
REMEDIAL ACTION SUGGESTED IN THE RECOMMENDATIONS
PERTAINING TO THESE DEFICIENCIES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDMOR

AD-665 425 1/3

NORTHROP CORP HAWTHORNE CALIF NORAIR DIV

V/STOL GROUND-BASED SIMULATION TECHNIQUES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 27 JUN 66-27 MAY 67,

NOV 67 73P SINACORI, J. B. I

REPT. NO. NOR-67-85

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-462(T)

PROJ: DA-1F125901A142

TASK: 1F125901A14233

MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-67-55

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, •RESEARCH PLANES), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT SIMULATORS), JET PLANES, PILOTS, LIFT, VISUAL PERCEPTION, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, HOVERING, ROLL, COCKPITS, PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), FLIGHT TESTING, MOTION, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, VERTIGO (U)
IDENTIFIERS: X-14 AIRCRAFT, X-14A AIRCRAFT (U)

A STUDY OF VARIOUS KINDS OF SIMULATORS HAS BEEN MADE TO DETERMINE THEIR CAPABILITY TO PRODUCE DATA REPRESENTATIVE OF VISUAL FLIGHT. FOUR SIMULATIONS OF A JET-LIFT V/STOL AIRCRAFT WERE CONDUCTED USING THE SAME PILOT. CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS AND AIRFRAME PARAMETERS WERE MAINTAINED CONSTANT (AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE), AND THE SAME TASKS WERE USED BY THE PILOT IN EACH EVALUATION. THE RESULTING DATA WERE COMPARED WITH FLIGHT RESULTS FROM THE SAME AIRCRAFT. THE SIMULATORS USED DIFFERENT DISPLAYS, MOTION MODES, AND INSTRUMENTATION, AND THE RESULTS ARE DISCUSSED IN THE LIGHT OF THE CHARACTERISTICS OF EACH SIMULATOR. THE RESULTS SHOW CLEARLY THAT IN ORDER TO PRODUCE QUANTITATIVE DATA REPRESENTATIVE OF FLIGHT RESULTS, THE DISPLAY MUST HAVE A QUALITY LEVEL COMPATIBLE WITH THE TASK BEING PERFORMED. SPECIFICALLY, A PRECISION HOVERING TASK REQUIRES A HIGH RESOLUTION DISPLAY, WHILE A TRANSLATION (OR TRANSITION TASK) CAN BE PERFORMED WITH A DISPLAY OF MUCH LESS RESOLUTION. THE DISPLAY CONTENT IS IMPORTANT, PARTICULARLY FOR THE PRECISION HOVERING TASK WHERE HEIGHT HOLDING IS REQUIRED. FOR FLIGHT SIMULATION OF LARGE TRANSLATIONAL MOVEMENTS, COCKPIT MOTION DID NOT APPEAR TO AFFECT THE RESULTS;

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-667 427 1/3 20/4 1/1
AIR VEHICLE CORP LA JOLLA CALIF

LINEARIZED INVISCID-FLOW THEORY OF TWO-DIMENSIONAL
THIN JET PENETRATION INTO A STREAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
FEB 68 24P STRAND, T. IWEI, M. H. Y.

1
REPT. NO. 355
CONTRACT: DA-31-124-ARO(D)-311
MONITOR: AROD 5274:4-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, JET MIXING
FLOW), TWO-DIMENSIONAL FLOW, JETS, PENETRATION,
LINEAR SYSTEMS, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
INTERFACES, INJECTION, THRUST REVERSE, THEORY,
GROUND EFFECT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: INVISCID FLOW, JET IMPINGEMENT (U)

THE POTENTIAL FLOW OF A STREAM THAT INTERACTS WITH
A TWO-DIMENSIONAL THIN JET OF A DIFFERENT TOTAL HEAD,
BEING INJECTED INTO THE STREAM FROM AN INFINITE PLANE
SURFACE AT AN ARBITRARY ANGLE, IS ANALYZED USING
NATURAL COORDINATES. THE VELOCITY MAGNITUDES ALONG
THE INTERFACE AND THE NONDIMENSIONAL SHAPE OF THE
INTERFACE BETWEEN THE JET AND THE STREAM ARE OBTAINED
AS FUNCTIONS OF THE INJECTION ANGLE AND THE RATIO OF
THE FREE STREAM VELOCITY TO THE VELOCITY IN THE JET
AT INFINITY DOWNSTREAM. RESULTS ARE PRESENTED FOR
SEVERAL CASES WHEN THE JET ISSUES AT OBLIQUE ANGLES
FROM THE SURFACE, AND ALSO FOR THE LIMITING CASE WHEN
THE JET OPPOSES THE FREE STREAM. THE LATTER CASE
CORRESPONDS TO THE FLOW DUE TO ONE BRANCH OF A
TRANSLATING TWO-DIMENSIONAL JET AFTER THE JET HAS
BEEN SPLIT INTO TWO BRANCHES BY IMPINGEMENT ON THE
GROUND. IT MIGHT ALSO CORRESPOND TO THE FLOW OF A
TWO-DIMENSIONAL THRUST REVERSER. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-667 924 1/3 1/2 17/2
BUNKER-RAMO CORP CANOGA PARK CALIF

ARMY AIRCRAFT VOICE-WARNING SYSTEM STUDY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 10 AUG 67-10 JAN 68.
FEB 68 230P BROWN, JAMES E. IBERTONE,
CARMINE M. IOBERMAYER, RICHARD W. I
REPT. NO. G0131-8U1
CONTRACT: DAAD05-68-C-0025
MONITOR: HEL TM-6-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, EARLY WARNING
SYSTEMS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, EARLY WARNING
SYSTEMS), (*EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS, *VOICE
COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS), ARMY AIRCRAFT, OBSERVATION
PLANES, PILOTS, MALFUNCTIONS, COCKPITS, AVIATION
ACCIDENTS, HUMAN ENGINEERING, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS,
DISPLAY SYSTEMS, AUDITORY SIGNALS, INSTRUMENT
PANELS, MISSION PROFILES, JOB ANALYSIS,
QUESTIONNAIRES (U)

IDENTIFIERS: *VOICE-WARNING SYSTEMS, UH-1B
AIRCRAFT, UH-1D AIRCRAFT, AH-1G AIRCRAFT, H-
47 AIRCRAFT, CH-47 AIRCRAFT, H-54 AIRCRAFT, CH-
54 AIRCRAFT, V-1 AIRCRAFT, OV-1 AIRCRAFT, H-1
AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES AN ANALYTICAL STUDY THAT WAS
INTENDED TO SERVE AS A BASIS FOR THE APPLICATION OF
VOICE-WARNING SYSTEMS (VWS) FOR THE UH-1B AND
UH-1D (HUEY), AH-1G (Cobra), CH-47
(CHINOOK), CH-54 (SKYCRANE), AND OV-1
(MOHAWK). THE FOLLOWING PROBLEMS OF INSTALLING
A VWS IN THESE ARMY AIRCRAFT WERE STUDIED:
(1) THE IDENTIFICATION AND SELECTION OF MESSAGES
FOR MAXIMUM EFFECTIVENESS; (2) THE DETERMINATION
OF PRIORITY SEQUENCES; AND (3) THE INTEGRATION OF
THE VWS INTO EXISTING COCKPITS. THE STUDY
INVOLVED THE COLLECTION OF BASIC DATA AND THE CONDUCT
AND VALIDATION OF MISSION ANALYSES, OPERATIONAL
SEQUENCE DIAGRAMS, TASK ANALYSES, AIRCRAFT
CONFIGURATION ANALYSES, PILOT OPINION SURVEYS, AND
ARMY AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT ANALYSES. IN THE REPORT,
PRIORITY SEQUENCES ARE DERIVED FOR ALL MAJOR
EMERGENCIES FOR THE SIX VEHICLES. FURTHER ANALYTICAL
EFFORT IS DESCRIBED WHICH REDUCED THE LIST TO 20
MESSAGES FOR INCLUSION IN THE VWS. FOR EACH
AIRCRAFT, 2 LISTS OF 20 MESSAGES ARE PROPOSED:

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM08

AD-670 006 1/2 17/7
NATIONAL AVIATION FACILITIES EXPERIMENTAL CENTER ATLANTIC
CITY N J

VTOL AND STOL SIMULATION STUDY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
APR 68 54P CONWAY, ROBERT C. I
REPT. NO. NA-68-21
PROJ: 150-533-01X
MONITOR: FAA-RD 67-68

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TERMINAL AREAS,
SIMULATION), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AIRCRAFT LANDINGS), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AIRCRAFT LANDINGS), AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS,
GROUND SPEED, SIMULATORS, SEPARATION, RUNWAYS,
APPROACH, NAVIGATIONAL AIDS, TERMINAL FLIGHT
FACILITIES

(U)

A SIMULATION STUDY TO DETERMINE THE EFFECT ON AIR
TRAFFIC CONTROL WHEN BOTH VERTICAL AND SHORT
TAKEOFF AND LANDING AIRCRAFT ARE INTRODUCED INTO
A TERMINAL AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL ENVIRONMENT WAS
CONDUCTED. THE SIMULATION WAS CONDUCTED USING THE
MODEL B DYNAMIC AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL
SIMULATOR. SEVERAL APPROACH CONDITIONS, VARIOUS
GLIDE SLOPE ANGLES, AND SEPARATION CRITERIA WERE
INVESTIGATED TO DETERMINE THE EFFECT ON A TERMINAL
ENVIRONMENT. IT WAS CONCLUDED THAT VERTICAL AND
SHORT TAKEOFF AND LANDING AIRCRAFT COULD BE
ACCOMMODATED IN THE TERMINAL AREA USING PRESENT
OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AS CONTAINED IN THE TERMINAL
AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL MANUAL 7110.8.
HOWEVER, WHEN VERTICAL AND SHORT TAKEOFF AND
LANDING AIRCRAFT REDUCED FROM TERMINAL AREA SPEED
TO A SLOW FINAL APPROACH SPEED, DIFFICULTIES WERE
ENCOUNTERED IN PROVIDING NOT ONLY THE DESIRED SPACING
BETWEEN THESE AIRCRAFT BUT BETWEEN THESE AIRCRAFT AND
CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT IN THE SEQUENCE TO AND ON THE
FINAL APPROACH COURSE. THESE PROBLEMS DID NOT
EXIST WHEN VERTICAL AND SHORT TAKEOFF AND
LANDING AIRCRAFT USED A FINAL APPROACH SPEED
COMPATIBLE WITH THAT OF CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-677 079 1/2 1/3
INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ARLINGTON VA PROGRAM
ANALYSIS DIV

THE DEMAND FOR INTERCITY PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION BY
VTOL AIRCRAFT, VOLUME I: SUMMARY AND METHOD,

(U)

AUG 66 75P ASHER, NORMAN J. WETZLER,
ELLIOT HOROWITZ, SEYMOUR M. SCHNEIDER, W.
BARTZ I
REPT. NO. R-144-VOL-1
MONITOR: IDA/HQ 68-8872

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-677 080.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *CIVIL
AVIATION), AIR TRANSPORTATION, COSTS,
PREDICTIONS, HELICOPTERS, TILT WINGS, HELICOPTER
ROTORS, AIRCRAFT SEATS, DESIGN, AIR TRAFFIC,
URBAN AREAS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: COMPOUND HELICOPTERS, ROTOR-WING
AIRCRAFT, *PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION

(U)

AIRCRAFT DEMAND AND COST FUNCTIONS WERE ESTIMATED
FOR SIX TYPES OF VTOL AIRCRAFT: CONVENTIONAL
HELICOPTER, COMPOUND HELICOPTER, TILT ROTOR, TILT
WING, STOWED ROTOR, AND FAN OR JET LIFT. FROM
THESE FUNCTIONS TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROFIT OR LOSS AS A
FUNCTION OF THE NUMBER OF AIRCRAFT PRODUCED WAS
CALCULATED. RESULTS WERE CALCULATED FOR THE 90
SEAT SIZE OF ALL SIX TYPES; IN ADDITION, 30, 60, 120
AND 150 SEAT SIZES WERE ANALYZED FOR THE FAN OR JET
LIFT TYPE. THE AIRCRAFT DEMAND WAS CALCULATED
SEPARATELY FOR EACH DOMESTIC CITY PAIR AND THEN
SUMMED TO OBTAIN TOTAL DOMESTIC DEMAND. THE
DOMESTIC DEMAND WAS THEN INCREASED BY A CONSTANT
RATIO TO ACCOUNT FOR EXPORT SALES. DEMAND IS BASED
ON AIR TRAFFIC FOR 1985, THE ESTIMATED FINAL YEAR OF
PRODUCTION FOR THESE FIRST GENERATION INTERCITY VTOL
AIRCRAFT. VOLUME III PRESENTS GENERALIZED
AIRCRAFT DEMAND BY CITY PAIR AS A FUNCTION OF VTOL
AIRCRAFT FARE, BLOCK TIME AND NUMBER OF SEATS.
WITH THESE DATA, THE USER OF THE REPORT CAN
DETERMINE THE DEMAND FOR ANY VTOL PASSENGER
TRANSPORT DESIGN. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM06

AD-677 080 1/2 1/3
INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ARLINGTON VA PROGRAM
ANALYSIS DIV

THE DEMAND FOR INTERCITY PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION BY
VTOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME II: APPENDICES, (U)

AUG 68 216P ASHER, NORMAN J. WETZLER,
ELLIOT; HOROWITZ, SEYMOUR M. SCHNEIDER, W.
BARTZ;
REPT. NO. R-144-VOL-2
MONITOR: IDA/HQ 68-8873

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 3, AD-677 081.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *CIVIL
AVIATION), AIR TRANSPORTATION, HELICOPTERS,
COSTS, AIR TRAFFIC, TILT WINGS, HELICOPTER
ROTOR, ECONOMICS, TIME, DESIGN, AIRPORTS,
STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, URBAN AREAS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPOUND HELICOPTERS, ROTOR-WING
AIRCRAFT, *PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION, INVESTMENT
RETURNS (U)

CONTENTS: AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS;
DISTRIBUTION OF LOCAL ORIGINS AND DESTINATIONS;
GROUND TRANSPORTATION TIME AND COST TO THE AIRPORT;
AIRCRAFT COSTS; RATE OF RETURN ON INVESTMENT;
AIRCRAFT LOAD FACTOR; NONPASSENGER REVENUE;
CALCULATION OF AIRCRAFT FARES; COMPARATIVE COST
ESTIMATES OF VERTIPTS AND AIRPORTS; DERIVATION OF
PASSENGERS' VALUE OF TIME RELATIVE TO INCOME FROM THE
1963 CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION; VTOL STIMULATION OF
AIR TRAVEL; LOCATION OF AIRPORTS AND
VERTIPTS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-677 081 1/2 1/3
INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ARLINGTON VA PROGRAM
ANALYSIS DIV

THE DEMAND FOR INTERCITY PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION BY
VTOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME III: GENERALIZED AIRCRAFT
DEMAND BY CITY PAIR, (U)

AUG 68 20SP ASHER, NORMAN J. ; WETZLER,
ELLIOT ; HOROWITZ, SEYMOUR M. ; SCHNEIDER, W.
BARTZ ;
REPT. NO. R-144-VOL-3
MONITOR: IDA/HQ 68-8874

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 4, AD-677 082.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *CIVIL
AVIATION), AIR TRANSPORTATION, AIR TRAFFIC,
HELICOPTERS, TILT WINGS, HELICOPTER ROTORS,
COSTS, STATISTICAL DATA, TABLES, URBAN
AREAS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPOUND HELICOPTERS, ROTOR-WING
AIRCRAFT, *PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION (U)

FOR EACH CITY PAIR, RANGES OF VTOL BLOCK TIMES
AND FARES WERE ASSUMED AND FOR EACH COMBINATION OF
FARE AND BLOCK TIME THE NUMBER OF VTOL PASSENGERS
BEFORE AND AFTER VTOL SPEED STIMULATION WERE
CALCULATED, THEN FOR EACH FARE AND BLOCK TIME
COMBINATION, THE NUMBER OF AIRCRAFT REQUIRED TO CARRY
THE VTOL PASSENGERS (AFTER SPEED STIMULATION)
WAS CALCULATED FOR A VARIETY OF AIRCRAFT SEATING
CAPACITIES, AND THE ASSOCIATED DAILY ROUND-TRIP
FREQUENCY WAS PRESENTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-677 082 1/2 1/3
INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ARLINGTON VA PROGRAM
ANALYSIS DIV

THE DEMAND FOR INTERCITY PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION BY
VTOL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME IV: SPECIFIC AIRCRAFT
DEMAND BY CITY PAIR, (U)

AUG 68 112P ASHER, NORMAN J. ; WETZLER,
ELLIOT ; HOROWITZ, SEYMOUR M. ; SCHNEIDER, W.
BARTZ ;
REPT. NO. R-144-VOL-4
MONITOR: IDA/HQ 68-8875

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME I: AD-677 079.

DESCRIPTORS: (*TRANSPORT PLANES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *CIVIL
AVIATION), AIR TRANSPORTATION, AIR TRAFFIC,
HELICOPTERS, TILT WINGS, HELICOPTER ROTORS,
COSTS, STATISTICAL DATA, TABLES, URBAN AREAS,
REGRESSION ANALYSIS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPOUND HELICOPTERS, ROTOR-WING
AIRCRAFT, *PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION (U)

IN ORDER TO ACCOMPLISH RAPID MASS CALCULATION OF
DEMAND FOR MANY COMBINATIONS OF AIRCRAFT TYPE AND
AIRCRAFT PRICE, THE GENERALIZED CITY-PAIR RESULTS OF
VOLUME III (AD-677 081) WERE USED TO DEVELOP
INDIVIDUAL CITY-PAIR REGRESSION EQUATIONS. THESE
REGRESSION EQUATIONS MAKE VTOL PASSENGER DEMAND
AFTER STIMULATION A FUNCTION OF FARE (WHICH VARIES
DIRECTLY WITH AIRCRAFT PRICE) AND BLOCK TIME
(WHICH VARIES DIRECTLY WITH AIRCRAFT TYPE).
THE COEFFICIENTS OF THESE REGRESSION EQUATIONS ARE
ONE OF THE SET OF INPUTS REQUIRED IN COMPUTER PROGRAM
AIRDEMAN TO CALCULATE AIRCRAFT DEMAND FOR ALL 86
CITY PAIRS. PASSENGER DEMAND IS TRANSLATED INTO
AIRCRAFT DEMAND BY THE SAME GENERAL CONVERSION
FORMULA THAT IS USED IN VOLUME III. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-684 964 1/3 20/1
NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA OTTAWA (ONTARIO) DIV OF
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

NOISE STUDIES FROM THE FAN-IN-WING MODEL. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: AERONAUTICAL REPT.,
JUN 68 21P KRISHNAPPA, G. I
MONITOR: NAE, NRC LR-508, 10605

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DUCTED
FANS), (*DUCTED FANS, *PROPELLER NOISE),
SOUND, PROPAGATION, ACOUSTICS, HARMONIC
ANALYSIS, PROPELLER BLADES, TURBINE STATORS,
INTERACTIONS, TURBULENCE (U)
IDENTIFIERS: BROADBAND ACOUSTIC NOISE, *LIFT
FANS (U)

SOME PRELIMINARY MEASUREMENTS OF NOISE FROM A
HIGHLY LOADED FAN-IN-WING CONFIGURATION ARE REPORTED.
MEASUREMENTS OF THE SPECTRA ARE PRESENTED FOR FAN
SPEEDS OF 7500, 9750, AND 13,125 RPM (CORRESPONDING
TO TIP MACH NUMBER 0.35, 0.45, AND 0.62) AT AN
ANGLE OF 20 DEG. FROM THE AXIS OF THE FAN AND AT 5 FT
FROM THE INLET AND EFFLUX FACES OF THE FAN. THE
EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS SHOW A DISCRETE PEAK AT BLADE-
PASSING FREQUENCY, SUPERIMPOSED ON A BROAD BAND NOISE
THAT EXTENDS FROM 1000 C/S TO 15,000 C/S. AN
ANALYSIS OF THE DUCT TRANSMISSION OF HIGHER ORDER
MODES AT THE ABOVE ROTATIONAL SPEEDS REVEALS HIGH
DECAY RATES. THIS EXPLAINS THE ABSENCE OF DISCRETE
TONES AT THE HARMONICS OF THE BLADE-PASSING
FREQUENCIES. THE PRESENCE OF HIGH INTENSITY BROAD
BAND NOISE MAY BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE TURBULENCE IN THE
WAKE AND FREE STREAM TURBULENCE AHEAD OF THE ROTOR
BLADES. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-685 610 20/1 1/3
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON D C OFFICE OF
NOISE ABATEMENT

CONFERENCE ON STOL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT NOISE
CERTIFICATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.

JAN 69 176P

REPT. NO. FAA-NO-69-1

PROJ: FAA-550-003-03H

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDUSTRY/
GOVERNMENT CONFERENCE ON STOL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT
NOISE CERTIFICATION (1ST), WASHINGTON, D. C.,
30 JAN 69.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *NOISE),
(*TRANSPORT PLANES, AIRPLANE NOISE), DESIGN,
ENGINE NOISE, PROPELLER NOISE, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL
SYSTEMS, ECONOMICS, SHROUDED PROPELLERS,
SYMPOSIA

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: LIFT FANS, NOISE REDUCTION

(U)

THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONFERENCE INCLUDED PAPERS
ON STOL DEVELOPMENT, STOL NOISE SOURCES, STOL
NOISE ABATEMENT OPERATIONS, AND AIRCRAFT NOISE
EVALUATION AND ARE ASSEMBLED FOR USE IN FUTURE
ACTIVITIES RELATED TO STOL NOISE CERTIFICATION.
EXAMPLES AND FIGURES ARE GIVEN ILLUSTRATING
REPRESENTATIVE STOL CONFIGURATIONS AND ASSOCIATED
NOISE CHARACTERISTICS AS WELL AS STOL PORT DESIGNS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-686 280 13/7 13/11 1/3
HARRY DIAMOND LABS WASHINGTON D C

FLUIDIC GAS DIVERTER VALVES,

(U)

FEB 69 41P HOLMES, ALLEN B. ; GEHMAN,
STACY E. ;
REPT. NO. HDL-TR-1427
PROJ: DA-1-P-125901-A-014, HDL-45140
TASK: 1-F-125901-A01409

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*FLUIDICS, *BUTTERFLY VALVES),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, JET ENGINE VALVES),
EXHAUST GASES, MODEL TESTS, TURBULENCE, THRUST,
DEFLECTION
IDENTIFIERS: V-5 AIRCRAFT

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(U)

A V/STOL CONFIGURATION USING TURBOJET EXHAUST FOR HOVERING AND JET THRUST FOR PROPULSION REQUIRES THE USE OF HIGH-CAPACITY DIVERTER VALVES. A STUDY WAS CONDUCTED TO INVESTIGATE THE APPLICATION OF FLUIDIC PRINCIPLES TO V/STOL DIVERTER VALVE DESIGN. DURING THE PROGRAM, THREE SUBSCALE VALVES WERE BUILT AND TESTED. EACH VALVE HAS TWO OUTPUTS, ONE FEEDING A SIMULATED TAIL EXHAUST PIPE AND ONE EXHAUSTING DIRECTLY TO ATMOSPHERE. THE OPERATION OF EACH VALVE DEPENDS UPON THE VISCOUS INTERACTION BETWEEN A TURBULENT FLOW AND A WALL. THE OBJECTIVE IS TO ESTABLISH THE FLOW DIVERSION CAPABILITIES AND JET MODE THRUST PERFORMANCE OF EACH MODEL. FLOW TESTS WERE CONDUCTED USING COMPRESSED AIR AT FLOW RATES RANGING TO 3000 CFM AT 30 PSI. THE IMPULSE DELIVERED AT THE OUTPUT OF EACH VALVE WAS MEASURED IN TERMS OF THE DEVELOPED THRUST PER UNIT MASS FLOW OVER A RANGE OF SUPPLY PRESSURES. DATA REPRESENTING THE RATIO BETWEEN DELIVERABLE IMPULSE AND ISENTROPIC IMPULSE ARE INCLUDED TO PROVIDE A MEANS FOR COMPARING THE DESIGNS. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-687 167 1/3
POLITECNICO DI TORINO (ITALY) ISTITUTO DI PROGETTO DI
AEROMOBILI

PARAMETRIC INVESTIGATION OF STOL AIRCRAFT, (U)

JUN 60 73P GABRIELLI, GIUSEPPE ;
REPT. NO. PUB-12
MONITOR: AGARD OGRAPH-46

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PRESENTED AT THE SYMPOSIUM ON
VERTICAL AND SHORT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
AIRCRAFT, PARIS, JUN 60, PT1 P71-140.

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), TAKE-OFF, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, AIRCRAFT ENGINES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, TURBOFAN ENGINES, AVIATION SAFETY,
COSTS, ITALY (U)

THE PARAMETRIC INVESTIGATION CONSISTS OF THE
EVALUATION OF THE MINIMUM TAKE-OFF AND LANDING
LENGTHS, AS AFFECTED BY SOME PARAMETERS (WING
LOADING, MAXIMUM LIFT COEFFICIENT, ENGINE THRUST TO
AIRCRAFT A.U.W. RATIO, THRUS DEFLECTION
ANGLE), FOR A JET PROPELLED STOL AIRCRAFT CAPABLE
OF COMPLYING WITH ANY OTHER REQUIREMENT OF
G.O.R. 2 (INCLUDING MISSION PROFILE, MILITARY
LOADS, ETC.). THE TAKE-OFF PERFORMANCES ARE
EVALUATED UNDER THE BASIC ASSUMPTIONS THAT THE TAKE-
OFF FROM THE GROUND IS OBTAINED MAINLY THROUGH THE
AERODYNAMIC LIFT OF A WING PROVIDED WITH HIGH LIFT
DEVICES AND THAT THE AIRCRAFT IS MAINLY CONTROLLED
DURING TAKE-OFF BY CONVENTIONAL AERODYNAMIC MEANS.
AIRCRAFT WITH GEOMETRICALLY SIMILAR WINGS ARE
CONSIDERED (THAT IS, HAVING IDENTICAL WING
SECTIONS, PLANFORM, SWEEP-BACK ANGLE, ETC.). THE
WING SHAPE WAS SELECTED. AIRCRAFT POWERED BY TWO
DIFFERENT PROPULSION SYSTEMS ARE CONSIDERED AND
COMPARED. THE FIRST PROPULSION SYSTEM CONSISTS OF
A SINGLE HIGH BY-PASS AND MEDIUM COMPRESSION RATIO
TURBOFAN ENGINE PROVIDED WITH SWIVELLING PROPELLING
NOZZLES. THE ALTERNATE IS A COMPOSITE SYSTEM,
CONSISTING OF A SINGLE MEDIUM BY-PASS AND HIGH
COMPRESSION RATIO TURBOJET ENGINE GIVING HORIZONTAL
THRUST AND OF TWO, OR MORE, BOOSTER TURBOJETS, TO BE
USED DURING TAKE-OFF ONLY, HAVING A LOW COMPRESSION
RATIO AND PROVIDED WITH PROPELLING NOZZLES WHICH MAY
BE DEFLECTED DOWNWARDS AT DIFFERENT ANGLES.

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-688 921 1/3 1/1
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

THE AERODYNAMICS OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

MAY 68 496P
REPT. NO. AGARDOGRAPH-124

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED. PRESENTED AT A
LECTURE SERIES HELD AT THE INSTITUTE, RHODE-SAINT-
GENESE (BELGIUM), 13-17 MAY 68.

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), GROUND EFFECT,
HOVERING, INTERACTIONS, GROUND EFFECT MACHINES,
HELICOPTERS, SHROUDED PROPELLERS, SHROUD RINGS,
DUCTED FANS, TURBOJET ENGINES, TURBOFAN ENGINES,
LIFT, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, TAKE-OFF, FLIGHT
TESTING, BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEMS, SYMPOSIA (U)
IDENTIFIERS: LIFT FANS, TILT WINGS, TILT
ROTORS (U)

THE PUBLICATION CONTAINS THE LECTURE NOTES PREPARED
FOR THE AGARD-VKI LECTURE SERIES ON 'THE
AERODYNAMICS OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT' WHICH
TOOK PLACE AT THE VON KARMAN INSTITUTE, RHODE-
SAINT GENESE, BELGIUM, FROM MAY 13 TO 17,
1968. THE LECTURE SERIES WAS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE
AN UP-TO-DATE ACCOUNT OF SPECIAL AERODYNAMIC PROBLEMS
AND AERODYNAMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT,
INCLUDING A DISCUSSION OF THE PRESENT STATE OF
KNOWLEDGE, NOVEL AERODYNAMIC ADVANCES, IMPORTANT
AREAS FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, EXPERIMENTAL AND
THEORETICAL TREATMENTS AS WELL AS IMMEDIATE AND LONG-
TERM V/STOL AIRCRAFT PROSPECTS. IT WAS
INTENDED FOR AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERS WITH A NEED TO
ACQUIRE A MORE ADEQUATE BACKGROUND ON V/STOL
AERODYNAMICS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DOC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-689 106 1/2
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OKLAHOMA CITY OKLA NATIONAL
FLIGHT INSPECTION DIV

EVALUATION OF MDC/EAL STOL DEMONSTRATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
MAY 69 113P BRYANT, BARNEY B. ; PARR,
FRANK ;
PROJ: FAA-68-460-3

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT
PORTIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE ILLEGIBLE. SEE
INTRODUCTION SECTION OF THIS ANNOUNCEMENT JOURNAL FOR CFST,
ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT
PATHS); (*AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TERMINAL AREAS, AIR
TRAFFIC), TRANSPORT PLANES, MANEUVERABILITY,
NEW YORK, SCHEDULING, TURNING FLIGHT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: BREGUET 941 AIRCRAFT, EVALUATION (U)

DATA WERE COLLECTED DURING A DEMONSTRATION OF THE
BREGUET STOL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT IN THE NEW
YORK CITY AREA. ANALYSIS OF DATA WAS DIRECTED
TO THE TERMINAL AREA MANEUVERING REQUIREMENTS.
TURNING RADIUS FOR 80 KNOTS IAS WITH A 15 DEGREE
BANK ANGLE APPEARED CORRECT FOR USE AS A MINIMUM
STANDARD IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF DEPARTURE ROUTES AND
HOLDING PATTERNS. THE ANGLE BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE
ROUTE SEGMENTS LIMITS THE MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN
THE WAY-POINTS USED TO ESTABLISH THE INTERCEPTED
SEGMENT. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-690 041 1/3 20/4 1/1
GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA

EXPERIMENTAL AND ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF JETS
EXHAUSTING INTO A DEFLECTING STREAM, (U)

69 19P MOSHER, D. K. ; WU, J. C. ;
WRIGHT, M. A. ;
CONTRACT: DAHCO4-68-C-0004
MONITOR: AR0D T-2:2-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN AIAA/AHS VTOL RESEARCH,
DESIGN, AND OPERATIONS MEETING, GEORGIA INST. OF
TECH., ATLANTA, 17-19 FEB 69. PAPER 69-223.

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), LIFT, JETS, INTERFERENCE,
EXHAUST GASES, DEFLECTION, MASS TRANSFER, FLAT
PLATE MODELS (U)

A CIRCULAR JET ISSUING NORMALLY FROM AN INFINITE
FLAT PLATE INTO A DEFLECTING STREAM IS TREATED BY THE
USE OF A POTENTIAL FLOW MODEL WHICH REPRESENTS THE
FLOW FIELD SURROUNDING THE JET, EXCLUSIVE OF THE
WAKE. THE RESULTS INDICATE THAT THE ENTRAINMENT OF
DEFLECTING-STREAM FLUID INTO THE JET IS IMPORTANT IN
DETERMINING THE PLATE PRESSURE AND THAT, FOR THE CASE
WHERE THE JET SPEED IS MUCH HIGHER THAN THE
DEFLECTING-STREAM SPEED, IT IS POSSIBLE TO USE A TWO-
DIMENSIONAL REPRESENTATION. THE CALCULATED PLATE
PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION IS COMPARED WITH RESULTS OF
EXPERIMENTS. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS (FLOW
VISUALIZATION, PLATE PRESSURE, AND VELOCITY
MEASUREMENTS) ARE PRESENTED FOR CIRCULAR AS WELL AS
NON-CIRCULAR JETS EXHAUSTING AT VARIOUS JET
VELOCITIES FROM A LARGE FLAT PLATE. RESULTS
INDICATE THAT A STREAM-WISE JET EXIT CONFIGURATION IS
DESIRABLE. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-691 220 1/3
STEVENS INST OF TECH HOBOKEN N J DAVIDSON LAB

MODEL TESTS OF THE LOCKHEED AIR-SEA CRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUL 69 69P FRIDSMAN, GERARD ;
REPT. NO. 1381
CONTRACT: N00014-67-A-0202

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SEAPLANES, HYDRODYNAMICS),
(•ANTISUBMARINE AIRCRAFT, SEAPLANES), (•SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, SEAPLANES), MODEL TESTS,
PLANING SURFACES, SCALE, TAKE-OFF, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, WATER WAVES, HYDRODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS,
ANGLE OF ATTACK, YAW, LOADING(MECHANICS),
FEASIBILITY STUDIES, HYDRO-SKIS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: AIR SEA CRAFT (U)

A 1/25-SCALE MODEL OF THE AIR-SEA CRAFT WAS BUILT
AND TESTED TO DETERMINE ITS LANDING AND TAKE-OFF
CHARACTERISTICS IN SMOOTH WATER AND IN IRREGULAR
WAVES. THE HYDRODYNAMIC CONFIGURATION WAS
OPTIMIZED BY A COMPUTER STUDY AND BY SMOOTH-WATER
CONSTANT-SPEED TESTS, WHICH DEVELOPED THE SIZE,
LOCATION, AND ANGLES OF ATTACK OF THE PLANING
SURFACES FOR STABLE OPERATION. STATIC AND DYNAMIC
LOADS AS WELL AS THE MOTIONS OF THE CRAFT WERE
MEASURED, OVER A RANGE OF OPERATING CONDITIONS, IN
TESTS CONDUCTED WITH A YAWED MODEL AND IN TESTS
INVOLVING MODEL TAKE-OFFS AND LANDINGS UP TO SEA
STATE 5. THE RESULTS INDICATE THE AIR-SEA CRAFT TO
BE A FEASIBLE AND PRACTICAL VEHICLE FOR CARRYING OUT
THE ASW MISSION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

ODC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-697 191 1/3
NATIONAL AERONAUTICAL ESTABLISHMENT OTTAWA (ONTARIO)

FLIGHT ASSESSMENT OF A VARIABLE-STABILITY
HELICOPTER FOR STOL SIMULATIONS AND EVALUATION OF THE
INFLUENCE OF SEVERAL LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL STABILITY
DERIVATIVES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: AERONAUTICAL REPT.,
JUN 69 30P MCGREGOR, D. M. ;
REPT. NO. NAE-LR-524
MONITOR: NRC 10953

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, SIMULATION),
(•HELICOPTERS, •FLIGHT SIMULATORS), STABILITY,
APPROACH, MANOEUVRABILITY, UTILITY PLANES,
HANDLING, ROLL, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
CANADA (U)
IDENTIFIERS: U-1 AIRCRAFT, OTTER AIRCRAFT (U)

A PARTICULAR STOL AIRCRAFT (THE DE
HAVILLAND OF CANADA, •OTTER) WAS SIMULATED
USING A VARIABLE-STABILITY HELICOPTER TO ASSESS THE
SIMULATOR'S CAPABILITIES IN DUPLICATING THE FLIGHT
CHARACTERISTICS OF THIS CLASS OF AIRCRAFT. DIRECT
COMPARISONS WERE MADE BY THE PILOTS THROUGH ALTERNATE
FLIGHTS IN THE SIMULATOR AND ON THE ACTUAL AIRCRAFT,
AND THEY CONCLUDED THAT A VERY CONVINCING SIMULATION
COULD BE EFFECTED, PARTICULARLY WITH RESPECT TO
LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS. USING THE
•OTTER AS THE BASE CONDITION, SEVERAL LATERAL-
DIRECTIONAL STABILITY DERIVATIVES WERE VARIED TO
INVESTIGATE THEIR INFLUENCES ON THE HANDLING
QUALITIES DURING A LOW SPEED VISUAL MANOEUVRING AND
APPROACH TASK. THE RESULTS OF THESE INVESTIGATIONS
ARE PRESENTED IN THE FORM OF PILOT OPINION DATA.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-700 900 1/3
DENVER UNIV COLO COLL OF ENGINEERING

AUTOMATIC STABILIZATION FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN THE
VERTICAL FLIGHT MODE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
DEC 69 76P BUECHLER, RALPH LEE I

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS); (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS); (*FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
STABILIZATION SYSTEMS), GUSTS, LIFT,
OPTIMIZATION, POWER; GUST LOADS, THESES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: AUTOMATIC CONTROL (U)

POSTULATING A SIMPLE DESCRIPTIVE AIRCRAFT TRANSFER
FUNCTION FOR NON-AERODYNAMIC, SLOW SPEED FLIGHT, A
CONTROL METHOD IS PRESENTED FOR THE AUTOMATIC
STABILIZATION OF LARGE, LIFT-FAN VERTICAL AND
SHORT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (V/STOL)
AIRCRAFT FLYING IN THE VERTICAL FLIGHT MODE. DEAD-
ZONE (BANG-BANG) CONTROL IS EMPLOYED, AND THE
ENTIRE SCHEME IS TIME OPTIMAL IN THE SENSE THAT THE
ORIGIN IS OBTAINED AS FAST AS POSSIBLE FOLLOWING EXIT
FROM A DEAD-ZONE REGION AND IS FUEL CONSERVATIVE IN
THE SENSE THAT SMALL DEVIATIONS WITHIN THIS DEAD-ZONE
ARE TOLERATED, CAUSING NO FUEL TO BE BURNED,
ALTHOUGH THE METHOD IS NOT LIMITED TO ANY
PARTICULAR AIRCRAFT TRANSFER FUNCTION OR DISTURBANCE
SHAPE; IT IS USED TO CALCULATE THE APPROXIMATE
REACTION JET CONTROL POWER NEEDED TO CONTROL THE
MOMENTUM TRANSFER TO THE AIRCRAFT CREATED BY A
DISCRETE GUST UNDER A MAXIMUM ROLL DEFLECTION
CRITERION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-701 728 1/3
AEROSPACE RESEARCH LABS WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

THRUST AUGMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR STOL AND
EXTENDED CRUISE PROPULSION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
NOV 69 25P CAMPBELL, WILLIAM S. ;
REPT. NO. ARL-69-0182
PROJ: AF-7116

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *THRUST
AUGMENTATION), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), LEVEL FLIGHT,
INJECTION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: EJECTOR POWERED WINGS (U)

THE APPLICATION OF THRUST AUGMENTATION CONCEPTS TO
SHORT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (STOL) AIRCRAFT
PROPULSION IS DESCRIBED FOR SOME TYPICAL
INSTALLATIONS. AERODYNAMIC AND EJECTOR THRUST
EFFECTS ARE TREATED SEPARATELY SO THAT THE
PERFORMANCE OF THE EJECTOR-POWERED WING CAN BE
CALCULATED AS THAT OF A JET-FLAPPED AIRFOIL AND THE
EJECTOR THRUST COMPONENTS THEN ADDED. SOME
CONSIDERATIONS ON THE PERFORMANCE OF THE EJECTOR-
POWERED WING IN CRUISE ARE INCLUDED. A PROGRAM FOR
EJECTOR CALCULATIONS IS GIVEN. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-708 396 1/3 20/4
WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF AEROSPACE
ENGINEERING

NON-STEADY FLOW THROUGH A HEAVILY LOADED ACTUATOR
DISK, (U)

AUG 69 126P HU, JIA J. ; HSU, YU K. ;
REPT. NO. TR-16
CONTRACT: N00014-68-A-0512
PROJ: NR-215-163

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: REPORT ON PROJECT THEMIS.

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, CARRIER
LANDINGS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, CARRIER
LANDINGS), (*AVIATION SAFETY,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL)); (*PROPELLER BLADES,
AERODYNAMIC LOADING), (*PROPELLER HUBS, AXIALLY
SYMMETRIC FLOW), AIRFRAMES, VIBRATION,
HELICOPTER ROTORS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
PERTURBATION THEORY (U)

IDENTIFIERS: ACTUATOR DISK LOADING, NONSTEADY
FLOW, THEMIS PROJECT (U)

THE PRESENT INVESTIGATION IS CONCERNED WITH THE
NON-STEADY AXISYMMETRIC FLOW OF AN INVISCID,
INCOMPRESSIBLE FLUID THROUGH A HEAVILY LOADED
ACTUATOR DISK. SINCE THE STEADY STATE PROBLEM IS
ESSENTIALLY NON-LINEAR, A CLOSED FORM SOLUTION IS NOT
POSSIBLE. THE SMALL PERTURBATION THEORY IS
APPLIED, AND THE FIRST-ORDER SOLUTION IS OBTAINED.
THE RESULTING PERTURBATION EQUATIONS WHICH CONTAIN
THE STEADY STATE SOLUTION AS COEFFICIENTS ARE SOLVED
NUMERICALLY BY USING THE METHOD OF FINITE
DIFFERENCES. THE NON-STEADY SOLUTIONS ARE COMPARED
WITH THE ZERO-ORDER BASIC SOLUTIONS.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-712 667 20/1 1/3 5/5
SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE MEDICINE BROOKS AFB TEX

NOISE ASSOCIATED WITH OPERATION OF AIR FORCE OV-10A AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. APR-MAY 70.
AUG 70 20P GASAWAY, DONALD C. ;
REPT. NO. SAM-TR-70-51
PROJ: AF-7755
TASK: 775508

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRPLANE NOISE, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, HUMAN
ENGINEERING), (*RECONNAISSANCE PLANES, AIRPLANE
NOISE), AVIATION MEDICINE, UTILITY PLANES,
OBSERVATION PLANES, AUDITORY PERCEPTION,
COCKPITS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: COIN AIRCRAFT, OV-10A AIRCRAFT,
V-10 AIRCRAFT

(U)

NOISE MEASUREMENTS ARE DESCRIBED FOR NEAR-FIELD
POSITIONS DURING ENGINE-STARTING AND PRE-TAKEOFF
PHASES OF THE OV-10A AIRCRAFT. THE INTERNAL
NOISE ENVIRONMENT DURING VARIOUS PHASES OF GROUND AND
AIRBORNE OPERATIONS IS DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED.
FEATURES OF AEROMEDICAL IMPORTANCE ARE EMPHASIZED.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-713 138 1/3
DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT CO LONG BEACH CALIF

A FLIGHT SIMULATOR STUDY OF STOL TRANSPORT LATERAL
CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
SEP 70 125P DRAKE, DOUGLAS E. IBERG,
ROBERT A. IEPER, GARY L. ISHIRLEY, W. ALLEN;
CONTRACT: DOT-FA69WA-2186
MONITOR: FAA-RD 70-61

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEMS), (•FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, •ROLL),
FLIGHT SIMULATORS, TRANSPORT PLANES, STABILIZATION
SYSTEMS, STANDARDS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: BREGUET 941 AIRCRAFT (U)

A SYSTEMATIC INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED OF STOL
TRANSPORT TERMINAL AREA LATERAL CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS TO IDENTIFY THE SIGNIFICANT
CONSIDERATIONS AND ESTABLISH APPROPRIATE LATERAL
CONTROL CRITERIA. THE INVESTIGATION CONSISTED OF AN
ANALYSIS OF APPLICABLE EXISTING DATA AND A MOVING-
BASE FLIGHT SIMULATOR TEST PROGRAM USING THE NASA
AMES RESEARCH CENTER S-16 MOVING CAB
TRANSPORT SIMULATOR. THE FLIGHT SIMULATOR
PROGRAM COVERED A WIDE RANGE OF VEHICLE AERODYNAMIC
AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS REPRESENTATIVE OF
PRACTICAL STOL TRANSPORTS RANGING IN SIZE FROM 25,
000 TO 130,000 POUNDS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-713 9:3 13/2

RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV NEW BRUNSWICK N J EAGLETON INST
OF POLITICS

COMPARISON OF AIR POLLUTION FROM AIRCRAFT AND
AUTOMOBILES (PROJECT EAGLE).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,

SEP 70 189P

BRIGHT, COOPER ; LAMMINEN,

TOIVO ; MULLALLY, JAMES ; MARKOWITZ, FOREST ; SINGER,

STANFORD M. I

CONTRACT: W1-70-1919-1

MONITOR: FAA-NO

70-14

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIR POLLUTION, *EXHAUST GASES),
(*AIR TRANSPORTATION, AIR POLLUTION),
(*TRANSPORTATION, AIR POLLUTION), (*SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES, TRANSPORTATION), CONTROL, PASSENGER
VEHICLES, CONNECTICUT, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK,
AIRPORTS, ATMOSPHERIC MOTION, CARBON MONOXIDE,
DIFFUSION

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *HIGHWAY TRANSPORTATION, *AUTOMOBILE
EXHAUST, *JET ENGINE EXHAUST, *AIR POLLUTION
CONTROL, COMPARISON, EAGLE PROJECT, PREDICTIONS,
ABATEMENT, MASS TRANSPORTATION

(U)

THIS INVESTIGATION INTO THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS
OF ESTABLISHING AN URBAN AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
FOR THE TRI-STATE AREA OF CONNECTICUT, NEW
JERSEY, AND NEW YORK FOR DAILY COMMUTING
DEMONSTRATES THAT AIR POLLUTION AND ITS ASSOCIATED
PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS, WHICH ARE CREATED BY
AUTOMOBILE ENGINE EMISSIONS, CAN BE DRASTICALLY
REDUCED. SIMILAR RESULTS PERTAIN WHEN STOL AIR
TRANSPORTATION IS SUBSTITUTED FOR AUTOMOBILES TO
PROVIDE SERVICE FOR THE SAME AREA TO THE THREE MAJOR
AIRPORTS AROUND NEW YORK CITY. FURTHER, THE
STUDY SHOWS THAT AIR POLLUTION AT A STOLPORT IN
MANHATTAN SUPPORTING SUCH A SYSTEM WOULD BE LESS
THAN THE NORMAL BACKGROUND CONCENTRATION, EVEN DURING
PEAK TRAVEL PERIODS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-714 938 20/4 1/1 14/2
NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA OTTAWA (ONTARIO)

OBSERVATIONS OF TUNNEL FLOW SEPARATION
INDUCED BY AN IMPINGING JET, (U)

APR 70 22P TYLER, R. A. ; WILLIAMSON, R.
G. I
REPT. NO. NRC-11617
MONITOR: NAE LR-537

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*FLOW SEPARATION, *JETS), (*SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLOW SEPARATION); WIND TUNNEL
MODELS; MODEL TESTS; NOZZLE GAS FLOW, CANADA (U)
IDENTIFIERS: JET IMPINGEMENT (U)

SINGLE JETS WERE DIRECTED TOWARDS, AND
PERPENDICULAR TO, THE BOUNDARY OF THE 10-FT X 20-FT
TEST SECTION OF THE NRC V/STOL PROPULSION
TUNNEL. THE POSITION OF TUNNEL FLOW SEPARATION,
ARISING FROM JET IMPINGEMENT AND FORWARD PENETRATION,
WAS DETERMINED FROM WOOL TUFT OBSERVATIONS FOR
VARIOUS CONDITIONS OF JET GEOMETRY, JET VELOCITY, AND
TUNNEL SPEED, RELEVANT TO V/STOL MODELS INVOLVING
DISCRETE JETS. THE RESULTS INDICATED THE SEPARATION
POSITION, RELATIVE TO THE JET NOZZLE, TO BE A SIMPLE
FUNCTION OF THE PRODUCT OF EFFECTIVE MAINSTREAM/JET
VELOCITY RATIO AND NOZZLE HEIGHT/DIAMETER RATIO. A
VALUE OF THIS PRODUCT GREATER THAN 1.5 WAS FOUND TO
BE NECESSARY TO ENSURE TUNNEL FLOW SEPARATION
DOWNSTREAM OF THE JET NOZZLE. AN APPROXIMATE
EXTENSION TO INCLINED JETS, BASED ON LIMITED TEST
DATA, IS INCLUDED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-715 223 1/5
AMERICAN AIRLINES NEW YORK

TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY OF FLOATING INTERIM
MANHATTAN STOLPORT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

SEP 70 108P

CONTRACT: DOT-FA70WA-2411

PROJ: FAA-504-203-05H

MONITOR: FAA-RD 70-67

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH HOWARD,
NEEDLES, TAMMEN AND BERGENOFF, SEATTLE, WASH. AND
GIBBS AND COX, INC., NEW YORK.

DESCRIPTORS: (*AIRPORTS, FLOATING BODIES),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPORTS), FEASIBILITY
STUDIES, NEW YORK, RIVERS, SITE SELECTION,
COSTS, FLIGHT DECKS, SHIP HULLS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *FLOATING STOLPORTS, *STOLPORTS,
COST ESTIMATES (U)

THE TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY OF A FLOATING INTERIM
MANHATTAN STOLPORT, LOCATED IN THE HUDSON
RIVER NEAR W. 30TH STREET, IS EXAMINED WITH
REGARD TO THE SUITABILITY OF THE SITE FOR ATTAINING
UNOBSTRUCTED AIRSPACE PROTECTION SURFACES, ASSURING
FREEDOM FROM INTERFERENCE WITH RIVER NAVIGATION, AND
HAVING MINIMAL IMPACT ON THE EXISTING SURFACE
TRANSPORTATION NETWORK. THE REPORT PRESENTS AN
ENGINEERING ANALYSIS AND COST ESTIMATE OF THE FLOATING
STRUCTURE, INCLUDING FACILITIES REQUIRED IN SUPPORT
OF STOLPORT OPERATIONS. THE SITE IS FOUND TO BE
SUITABLE FOR A FLOATING INTERIM STOLPORT, AND
THE MOST FEASIBLE FLOATING STRUCTURE WOULD CONSIST OF
A FLIGHT DECK SUPPORTED ON INTERCONNECTED LIBERTY
SHIP HULLS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-715 553 1/3
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

V/STOL HANDLING. 1. CRITERIA AND
DISCUSSION.

(U)

DEC 70 53P
REPT. NO. AGARD-577

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: NATO FURNISHED.

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
HANDLING), STANDARDS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
FLIGHT SIMULATORS, STABILITY, HELICOPTERS

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS CRITERIA ON HANDLING QUALITIES
FOR VTOL AND STOL AIRCRAFT. INCLUDED WITH EACH
CRITERION IS A DISCUSSION POINTING OUT THE PILOT'S
REASONS FOR INCLUDING A PARTICULAR HANDLING QUALITY
FEATURE. THE CRITERIA ARE BASED ON RESULTS OF TESTS
USING PILOTED GROUND-BASED SIMULATORS, VARIABLE
STABILITY AIRCRAFT, PARTICULAR MODELS OF VTOL AND
STOL AIRCRAFT, AND VARIABLE STABILITY HELICOPTERS.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-718 798 20/4 1/1
GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE
ENGINEERING

AN EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF A TURBULENT
JET IN A CROSS FLOW.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: DOCTORAL THESIS,
DEC 70 182P MOSHER, DAVID K. ;
REPT. NO. GIT-AER-70-7
CONTRACT: DAHCO4-68-C-0004
MONITOR: AROD T-2:17-E

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*JET MIXING FLOW, INTERFERENCE),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LIFT), THRUST,
INTERACTIONS, FLOW VISUALIZATION, VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES, FLAT PLATE MODELS, THESES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *CROSS FLOW, THEMIS PROJECT

(U)

THE INTERFERENCE PHENOMENON OCCURRING WHEN A
SUBSONIC TURBULENT JET EXHAUSTS NORMALLY FROM A LARGE
FLAT PLATE INTO A LOW SPEED CROSSFLOW WAS
EXPERIMENTALLY INVESTIGATED IN THE GEORGIA TECH
NINE FOOT WIND TUNNEL. STATIC PRESSURES WERE
MEASURED ON THE SURFACE AROUND THE JET, IN THE
REGION OFF THE SURFACE, INCLUDING THE JET PLUME, WAKE
AND SURROUNDING AREAS, THE AVERAGE TOTAL AND STATIC
PRESSURES AND THE AVERAGE VELOCITY MAGNITUDES AND
DIRECTIONS WERE DETERMINED. THREE JET EXIT
CONFIGURATIONS WERE STUDIED, ONE CIRCULAR AND TWO
SLOT-SHAPED WITH WIDTH TO LENGTH RATIOS OF 0.3 AND
3.4. ALL HAVE THE SAME EXIT AREA. THE EFFECTIVE
JET TO CROSS-FLOW VELOCITY RATIO WAS VARIED, FOR EACH
OF THE EXIT CONFIGURATIONS, OVER THE RANGE 4.0 TO
12.0. ANALYSIS OF THE DATA INDICATES THAT THE
PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIONS INDUCED ON THE SURFACE ARE A
COMBINED RESULT OF THE JET'S BLOCKING AND ENTRAINING
EFFECTS ON THE CROSS FLOW WITH ENTRAINMENT BECOMING
THE MORE DOMINANT OF THE TWO AS THE EFFECTIVE
VELOCITY RATIO IS INCREASED. THIS RELATIVE
DOMINANCE BRINGS ABOUT AN ATTENUATION OF TOTAL
INTERFERENCE LIFT LOSS (WHEN COMPUTED AS A FRACTION
OF GROSS THRUST) PRIMARILY BY CAUSING A RISE IN THE
LOW PRESSURES IN THE WAKE REGION AS THE EFFECTIVE
VELOCITY RATIO INCREASES. WHEN THE EFFECTIVE
VELOCITY RATIO IS HELD FIXED, THE TOTAL INTERFERENCE
LIFT LOSS INCREASES WITH INCREASING WIDTH TO LENGTH
RATIO OF THE JET EXIT. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-719 742 1/3 20/4
FRANK J SEILER RESEARCH LAB UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
ACADEMY COLO

NONLINEAR VORTEX INTERACTIONS ON WING-
CANARD CONFIGURATIONS,

(U)

FEB 71 17P FINKLEMAN, DAVID ;
REPT. NO. SRL-TR-71-0003
PROJ: AF-7905
TASK: 790500

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PRESENTED AT THE AEROSPACE SCIENCE
MEETING (9TH), 25-27 JAN 71. AIAA PAPER 71-
95.

DESCRIPTORS: (*CANARD CONFIGURATION, LIFT),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), THIN WINGS, VORTICES,
MANEUVERABILITY, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, STABILITY,
PRESSURE, WAKE

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *SLENDER WINGS, *WING CANARD
CONFIGURATIONS, PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION, *VIGGEN
AIRCRAFT

(U)

CLOSE-COUPLED WING-CANARD CONFIGURATIONS ARE
IDEALLY SUITED TO APPLICATIONS IN WHICH HIGH AIRCRAFT
MANEUVERABILITY IS REQUIRED AT MODERATE SPEEDS.
THE SAAB VIGGEN HAS EXPLOITED THE ADVANTAGES OF
PLACING CANARD AND WING CLOSE TOGETHER, BUT NO THEORY
HAS BEEN CAPABLE OF PREDICTING THE AERODYNAMICS OF
THIS AIRCRAFT. IN THIS INVESTIGATION SACKS,
METHOD OF SIMULATING VORTEX SHEETS WITH DISTRIBUTIONS
OF DISCRETE VORTICES HAS BEEN APPLIED TO THE STUDY OF
THE INTERACTION OF A SLENDER WING WITH A NEARLY
CANARD SURFACE. THE CANARD IS DETRIMENTAL TO BOTH
LIFT AND STATIC LONGITUDINAL STABILITY. THE EXTENT
OF CANARD WAKE ROLL-UP IS IMPORTANT IN THE
INTERACTION, AND THE FLATTER THE WAKE THE MORE
ADVERSE IS THE INTERACTION. DOWNWARD CANARD
DEFLECTION MAY LEAD TO INCREASES IN LIFT OF THE
ENTIRE CONFIGURATION, AND IT IS OBSERVED THAT FOR
SMALL VERTICAL SEPARATIONS BETWEEN THE SURFACES THE
FORWARD PORTION OF THE WING IS INEFFECTIVE IN
PRODUCING LIFT. IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THE CANARD
CAN DIRECTLY AFFECT THE PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION ON THE
WING AND APPLICATION OF THIS CONFIGURATION TO DIRECT
LIFT CONTROL AND CONTROL CONFIGURED AIRCRAFT ARE
NOTED. (AUTHOR)

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DCC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-720 259 1/3 1/1 20/4
ADVISORY GROUP FOR AEROSPACE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
PARIS (FRANCE)

ASSESSMENT OF LIFT AUGMENTATION DEVICES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: LECTURE SERIES.

FEB 71 287P

REPT. NO. AGARD-LS-43-71

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PRESENTED AT A LECTURE SERIES HELD
AT INSTITUTE, RHODE-SAINT-GENESE (BELGIUM), ON
20-24 APR 70. NATO FURNISHED.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LIFT),
(*LIFT; *AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS),
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, VARIABLE-SWEEP WINGS,
FLOW SEPARATION, TWO-DIMENSIONAL FLOW, MODEL
TESTS, TRANSPORT PLANES, COST EFFECTIVENESS,
LEADING EDGE, JET FLAPS, SYMPOSIA

IDENTIFIERS: *LIFT AUGMENTATION DEVICES

(U)

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CONTENTS: AERODYNAMICS OF MECHANICAL HIGH-LIFT
DEVICES; AERODYNAMICS OF PNEUMATIC HIGH-LIFT
DEVICES; AERODYNAMICS OF VARIABLE SWEEP;
FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF FLOW SEPARATION UNDER HIGH-
LIFT CONDITIONS; SOME NOTES ON TWO-DIMENSIONAL
HIGH-LIFT TESTS IN WIND-TUNNELS; MODEL TESTING
REQUIREMENTS AND TECHNIQUES FOR HIGH-LIFT SCHEMES--
THREE-DIMENSIONAL ASPECTS; ANALYSIS OF TRANSPORT
APPLICATIONS FOR HIGH-LIFT SCHEMES; ANALYSIS OF
COMBAT AIRCRAFT APPLICATIONS FOR LIFT-AUGMENTATION
DEVICES; FLIGHT TESTING MILITARY TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT
FOR CLEARANCE IN THE STOL ROLE; LIFT-AUGMENTATION
DEVICES AND THEIR EFFECT ON THE ENGINE; OPTIMISING
THE PROPULSIVE/LIFT SYSTEM FOR TURBOFAN STOL
AIRCRAFT CONSIDERING COST EFFECTIVENESS; A NEW
TECHNIQUE FOR AEROFOIL LEADING-EDGE STUDIES; SOME
COMMENTS ON CHARACTERISTICS OF HIGH-LIFT WINGS; THE
HUNTING H-126 JET-FLAP RESEARCH AIRCRAFT;
AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH ON HIGH-LIFT SYSTEMS.

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-721 166 1/3 1/2
CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD WASHINGTON D C

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD PLANNING STUDY;
STOL-VTOL AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS,

(U)

MAR 70 37P HINTZE, CARL, JR;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), (*AIR TRANSPORTATION, *CIVIL
AVIATION), (*URBAN PLANNING, AIR
TRANSPORTATION), DESIGN, ECONOMICS, SOCIOLOGY

(U)

THE STUDY WAS PREPARED TO PROVIDE INFORMATION TO
THE CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD MEMBERS AND STAFF
ON THE CURRENT STATUS OF STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT,
TERMINALS, AND ALLIED FACILITIES. THE STUDY IS A
CONSOLIDATION OF AVAILABLE INFORMATION ARRANGED TO
INDICATE THE CONSENSUS OF OPINION OF THE VARIOUS
AUTHORITIES IN THE FIELD. THE MAJOR DESIGN CONCEPTS
OF STOL AND VTOL AIRCRAFT AND SUPPORT SYSTEMS ARE
DESCRIBED IN RELATIVELY NON-TECHNICAL TERMS.
INCLUDED IS A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE CHANGING
SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF THE MAJOR METROPOLITAN
AREAS OF THE NATION AND THEIR ANTICIPATED EFFECTS ON
URBAN TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS. THE STUDY
SUMMARIZES THE PROBABLE COURSE OF EVENTS IN THE
EVOLUTION OF STOL AND VTOL AIR TRANSPORTATION
SYSTEMS, AND FUTURE PROJECTIONS. (AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AL-723 294 14/2 20/4 1/1
ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER ARNOLD AIR FORCE
STATION TENN

AN INVESTIGATION OF SEVERAL SLOTTED WIND
TUNNEL WALL CONFIGURATIONS WITH A HIGH DISC
LOADING V/STOL MODEL.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 JUL 66-30 JUN 70,
MAY 71 65P BINION, T. W. : JRI
REPT. NO. AEDC-TR-71-77
CONTRACT: F40600-71-C-0002
PROJ: ARO-PD3714, ARO-PD3014

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH ARO,
INC., TULLAHOMA, TENN, REPT. NO. ARO-PWT-TR-
71-43. MASTERS THESIS.

DESCRIPTORS: (*WALLS, CONFIGURATION), (*MODEL
TESTS, INTERFERENCE), (*WIND TUNNELS, SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES), DESIGN, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
AERODYNAMIC SLOTS, SUBSONIC CHARACTERISTICS, WAKE,
AIRPLANE MODELS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *SLOTTED WALL CONFIGURATIONS, DISC
LOADING

(U)

THE INVESTIGATION REPORTED HEREIN IS THE
EXPERIMENTAL PORTION OF A UNIFIED THEORETICAL AND
EXPERIMENTAL SEARCH FOR A SLOTTED WIND TUNNEL WALL
CONFIGURATION WITH MINIMAL INTERFERENCE FOR
CONVENTIONAL AND V/STOL MODELS. IT IS SHOWN
THAT THEORY AND EXPERIMENT ARE IN EXCELLENT AGREEMENT
FOR THE CLASSICAL CASE PROVIDED AN APPROPRIATE
EXPRESSION IS USED TO RELATE THE WALL GEOMETRY TO THE
BOUNDARY CONDITION. CLASSICAL DATA CORRECTION
EQUATIONS ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR THE V/STOL
CASE, HOWEVER, AN ADDITIONAL TERM, NOT PREDICTED BY
THEORY, IS NEEDED TO ACCOUNT FOR CHANGES IN THE JET
WAKE. GEOMETRIC PARAMETERS WHICH INFLUENCE THE
WALL INTERFERENCE QUANTITIES ARE INDICATED. WALL
CONFIGURATIONS ARE SHOWN WHICH WILL PRODUCE
INTERFERENCE-FREE FORCE DATA TO A JET-TO-FREE-STREAM
VELOCITY RATIO OF 4.8. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-724 124 1/3
MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIV STATE COLLEGE DEPT OF AEROPHYSICS
AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

XV-11A FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
FEB 71 118P MERTAUGH, L. J. ROBERTS, S.
C. KIRAN, N. S. ;
REPT. NO. AASE-69-7
CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-266(T)
PROJ: DA-1-F-162203-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162203-A-142-03
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-70-37

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
TESTING), (•RESEARCH PLANES, FLIGHT TESTING),
BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL, THRUST AUGMENTATION,
SHROUDED PROPELLERS, CAMBER, WINGS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: XV-11A AIRCRAFT, V-11 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE RESULTS OF A TEST PROGRAM
THAT WAS CONDUCTED TO EVALUATE THE PERFORMANCE AND
STABILITY AND CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE XV-
11A AIRCRAFT. THE AIRCRAFT IS A RESEARCH VEHICLE
DESIGNED TO PERFORM BASIC AERODYNAMIC FLIGHT RESEARCH
IN THE AREAS OF HIGH-LIFT BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL,
PROPELLER THRUST AUGMENTATION, LOW DRAG GEOMETRY, AND
STOL AIRCRAFT HANDLING QUALITIES. THE AIRCRAFT
INCORPORATES A NUMBER OF UNIQUE DESIGN FEATURES
INCLUDING GLASS FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC
CONSTRUCTION; A DISTRIBUTED-SUCTION, HIGH-LIFT
BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEM; A VARIABLE-CAMBER
WING; AND A SHROUDED PROPELLER. THE TEST DATA SHOW
THAT THE AIRCRAFT HAS SUFFICIENT PERFORMANCE AND
STABILITY AND CONTROL FOR CONDUCTING LOW-SPEED
AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH. HANDLING QUALITIES RESEARCH
WOULD BE LIMITED BY THE HIGH LONGITUDINAL AND
DIRECTIONAL CONTROL FORCE GRADIENTS. ALTHOUGH LOW
STALL SPEEDS ARE DEMONSTRATED, THE INCREMENT IN LIFT
DUE TO THE BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL SYSTEM IS LESS THAN
ANTICIPATED. AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE IS SOMEWHAT
LIMITED BY PROPELLER DEFICIENCIES DUE TO HIGH BLADE
LOADING. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-724 145 1/3 20/1
AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

PERFORMANCE AND ACOUSTIC TESTING OF A
VARIABLE CAMBER PROPELLER. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. MAR-JUL 70,
FEB 71 99P MCERLEAN, DONALD P. ;
EDWARDS, DONALD E. ;
REPT. NO. AFAPL-TR-7U-80
PROJ: AF-3066
TASK: 306612

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*PROPELLER BLADES, DESIGN),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *PROPELLER NOISE),
CAMBER, MODEL TESTS, FLAPS, TRAILING EDGE,
AERODYNAMIC CONFIGURATIONS, TEST FACILITIES,
ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *VARIABLE CAMBER PROPELLERS, NOISE
POLLUTION, COMPUTER ANALYSIS (U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE TEST RESULTS OBTAINED FROM
A SERIES OF PERFORMANCE AND ACOUSTIC NEAR-FIELD
MEASUREMENTS ON A PROPELLER FITTED WITH A VARIABLE
CAMBER FEATURE. THE SUBJECT PROPELLER EFFECTS A
CHANGE IN CAMBER BY DEFLECTING A FLAP POSITIONED
ALONG THE 72% CHORDAL LINE OF EACH BLADE. THE
TESTS WERE CONDUCTED ON A 10,000 HORSEPOWER ELECTRIC
WHIRL RIG. THE TESTS REPRESENT THE ONLY TEST DATA
AVAILABLE ON THIS UNIQUE PROPELLER CONFIGURATION
WHICH IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE GOOD POTENTIAL FOR V/
STOL APPLICATIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-724 185 1/3 1/1
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

STOL HIGH-LIFT DESIGN STUDY, VOLUME 1.
STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW OF STOL AERODYNAMIC
TECHNOLOGY. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN-DEC 70,
APR 71 205P MAY, FRED WIDDISON, COLIN
A. I
REPT. NO. D210-10201-1
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1277
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-26-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 2, AD-724 186.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*AERODYNAMICS), STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEWS, LIFT,
DESIGN, FLAPS, PITCH(MOTION), PROPULSION,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: SLIPSTREAM (U)

THE STATE OF THE ART OF STOL AERODYNAMIC
TECHNOLOGY FOR SELECTED LIFT/PROPULSION CONCEPTS WAS
SURVEYED TO IDENTIFY THE AVAILABLE TEST DATA AND
PREDICTION METHODS IN THE LITERATURE. THE REPORT
CONSISTS OF TWO VOLUMES. IN VOLUME 1 IMPORTANT
AREAS OF TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE
EVALUATION OF STOL AIRCRAFT AERODYNAMICS ARE
LISTED; THE AERODYNAMIC TEST DATA AND PREDICTION
METHODOLOGY RELEVANT TO THE DEFLECTED SLIPSTREAM AND
EXTERNALLY BLOWN FLAP CONCEPTS ARE ASSESSED, WITH
EMPHASIS ON THE LATTER; AN EMPIRICAL METHOD FOR THE
PREDICTION OF THE LONGITUDINAL AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF EXTERNALLY BLOWN FLAP
CONFIGURATIONS IS PRESENTED; AND HIGH-LIFT TECHNOLOGY
FOR FIVE LIFT/PROPULSION CONCEPTS IS ASSESSED IN
APPLICATION TO A MEDIUM-SIZED STOL TRANSPORT.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-724 186 1/3 1/1
BOEING CO PHILADELPHIA PA VERTOL DIV

STOL HIGH-LIFT DESIGN STUDY. VOLUME 11.
BIBLIOGRAPHY.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN-DEC 70,
APR 71 338P MAY, FRED WIDDISON, COLIN

A. i
REPT. NO. D210-10201-2
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1277
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-26-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO VOLUME 1, AD-724 185.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
*AERODYNAMICS), (*BIBLIOGRAPHIES, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), LIFT, FLAPS, PROPULSION, FANS, TILT
WINGS, ABSTRACTS

(U)

THE VOLUME CONSISTS OF A BIBLIOGRAPHY THAT RESULTED
FROM A LITERATURE SEARCH FOR AERODYNAMIC INFORMATION
RELATED TO SEVEN LIFT/PROPULSION CONCEPTS SUITABLE
FOR STOL AIRCRAFT. THE BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTAINS
REFERENCES TO APPROXIMATELY 900 REPORTS CLASSIFIED BY
CONCEPT AND BY TECHNOLOGICAL AREA. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-725 705 17/7
EPSCO INC WESTWOOD MASS

STOL AIRCRAFT INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
FEB 71 66P HILLS, ROBERT S. ;
CONTRACT: DOT-FA-69-WA-2098
PROJ: FAA-320-114-02N
MONITOR: FAA-RD 71-17

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*INSTRUMENT LANDINGS, *MICROWAVE
EQUIPMENT), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, INSTRUMENT
LANDINGS), RADIO SCANNING, AIRPORTS, AZIMUTH,
GLIDE PATH SYSTEMS, DISTANCE-MEASURING EQUIPMENT

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: MODILS(MODULAR MICROWAVE INSTRUMENT
LANDING SYSTEMS), *MODULAR MICROWAVE
INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS

(U)

THE REPORT DESCRIBES THE DEVELOPMENT OF A
MICROWAVE SCANNING BEAM INSTRUMENT LANDING
SYSTEM FOR STOL AIRCRAFT AND AIRPORTS (MODILS).
IT IS A FLEXIBLE SYSTEM MEETING OR EXCEEDING
CATEGORY I REQUIREMENTS WITH A GROWTH POTENTIAL
FOR HANDLING ALL TYPES OF AIRCRAFT IN CATEGORIES
II AND III BY MODULAR ADDITIONS. IN AZIMUTH IT
PROVIDES PLUS OR MINUS 0.5 DEGREE ACCURACY WITH PILOT
SELECTED COURSE WIDTH BETWEEN PLUS OR MINUS 2 DEGREES
AND PLUS OR MINUS 10 DEGREES WITHIN A 60 DEGREE
COURSE SECTOR. A LEFT OR RIGHT SKEW COURSE, AS WELL
AS A CENTERLINE COURSE IS SELECTABLE. IN ELEVATION
IT PROVIDES PLUS OR MINUS 0.1 DEGREE ACCURACY OF A
PILOT SELECTED GLIDE SLOPE BETWEEN 3 DEGREES AND 12
DEGREES AND PATH WIDTH OF PLUS OR MINUS 1 TO PLUS OR
MINUS 5 DEGREES. INTEGRAL DME FUNCTIONS ARE
PROVIDED WITH AN ACCURACY OF PLUS OR MINUS 0.01
NAUTICAL MILES PLUS OR MINUS 1% OF RANGE TO A RANGE
OF APPROXIMATELY 10 NAUTICAL MILES. THE GROUND
STATION IS ENTIRELY DUALISTIC EXCEPT FOR ANTENNAS.
SWITCH-OVER FROM MAIN TO STANDBY EQUIPMENT IS
CONTROLLED BY INTEGRAL DUAL MONITOR UNITS OPERATING
IN PARALLEL. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-725 746 1/3
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

THE GENERATION OF A MILITARY SPECIFICATION
FOR FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED V/STOL
AIRCRAFT-MIL-F-83300.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. APR 66-MAR 71,
APR 71 41P KEY, DAVID L. I
REPT. NO. CAL-BB-2925-F-1
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736, F33615-70-C-1322
PROJ: AF-648DC
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-23

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SPECIFICATIONS), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SPECIFICATIONS), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, STABILITY

(U)

THE DOCUMENT DESCRIBES A FOUR YEAR EFFORT WHICH LED
TO THE ADOPTION OF A NEW MILITARY SPECIFICATION
MIL-F-83300, *FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED
V/STOL AIRCRAFT, AND THE PUBLICATION OF A
SUPPORTING DOCUMENT, *BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND
USER GUIDE FOR MIL-F-83300, MILITARY
SPECIFICATION - FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED
V/STOL AIRCRAFT (AFFDL-TR-70-88);
INCLUDED IN THE REPORT IS AN ASSESSMENT OF THE
STATUS OF V/STOL FLYING QUALITIES RESEARCH AND
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE WORK. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-726 596 21/8 20/4 1/3
FLIGHT DYNAMICS RESEARCH CORP BURBANK CALIF

A JET FLAP DIFFUSER EJECTOR.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUN 70-MAY 71,
JUN 71 158P ALPERIN, MORTON MARLOTTE,
GARY L. I
REPT. NO. TR-71-06-01
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1656
PROJ: AF-1366
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-66

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•JET PUMPS, COANDA EFFECT),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, THRUST AUGMENTATION),
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, JET FLAPS, DIFFUSERS,
KINETIC ENERGY, PRESSURE, TEST METHODS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS
IDENTIFIERS: EJECTORS

(U)

(U)

THE USE OF A JET FLAP DIFFUSER FOR RECOVERY OF
EJECTOR JET KINETIC ENERGY HAS BEEN INVESTIGATED IN A
TWO-DIMENSIONAL EXPERIMENT, UTILIZING AN EJECTOR
WHICH EMPLOYS A COANDA INLET FOR NINETY DEGREE
ROTATION OF THE PRIMARY FLOW. PERFORMANCE IS
COMPARED TO A SOLID DIFFUSER EJECTOR OF THE
EQUIVALENT POWER AND CHANNEL WIDTH. THE JET FLAP
DIFFUSER EJECTOR APPEARS TO HAVE AN ADVANTAGE OVER
SOLID DIFFUSER EJECTORS FOR THE RAPID APPLICATION OF
ADDITIONAL THRUST FOR CONTROL PURPOSES, AS WELL AS
FOR THE UTILIZATION OF ENGINE POWER IN THE PRODUCTION
OF PROPULSIVE ENERGY. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-726 962 20/1
WYLE LABS ROCKVILLE MD

EFFECTIVE PERCEIVED NOISE LEVEL EVALUATED
FOR STOL AND OTHER AIRCRAFT SOUNDS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
MAY 70 118P ADCOCK, B. D. TOLLERHEAD, J.
B. ;
REPT. NO. WR-70-9
CONTRACT: FA-67-WA-1731
MONITOR: FAA-NO 70-5

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIRPLANE NOISE, •AUDITORY
PERCEPTION), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRPLANE
NOISE), AIRCRAFT ENGINES

(U)

A PAIRED COMPARISON EXPERIMENT WAS CONDUCTED IN WHICH A GROUP OF THIRTY TWO SUBJECTS EVALUATED, IN A PROGRESSIVE WAVE FIELD, THE NOISINESS OF SIXTY RECORDED AIRCRAFT FLYOVER SOUNDS. THIRTY OF THESE RECORDINGS WERE FROM SHORT TAKE-OFF AND LANDING (STOL) AIRCRAFT. THE COMPLETE SET INCLUDED A WIDE RANGE OF TURBOFAN, TURBOJET, PISTON ENGINE AND TURBOPROP POWERED AIRCRAFT IN A VARIETY OF CATEGORIES. THE RESULTS WERE ANALYZED TO TEST THE ABILITY OF THE EFFECTIVE PERCEIVED NOISE LEVEL (EPNL) AND OTHER SCALES TO PREDICT THE SUBJECTIVE RESPONSES. BECAUSE THE SAMPLE OF AIRCRAFT SOUNDS WAS UNUSUALLY LARGE IN NUMBER, VARIETY, DYNAMIC RANGE AND DURATION, THE TEST WAS CONSIDERED TO BE SEVERE. THE MAIN CONCLUSION OF THE STUDY IS THAT THE EPNL PROCEDURE PERFORMS AS WELL FOR THE STOL SOUNDS AS IT DOES FOR THE CTOL (CONVENTIONAL TAKE-OFF AND LANDING AIRCRAFT) SOUNDS AND MAY THUS BE USED WITH EQUAL CONFIDENCE FOR RATING THE SOUNDS OF AIRCRAFT IN BOTH CLASSES. WHEN THE SOUNDS WERE DIVIDED INTO PROPULSION SYSTEM CATEGORIES IT WAS FOUND THAT EPNL, IN COMMON WITH OTHER SCALES, PERFORMED MOST CONSISTENTLY FOR JETS, PISTON ENGINE AIRCRAFT AND TURBOPROPS, IN THAT ORDER. IN GENERAL, THE INTEGRATED DURATION CORRECTION PROVED SUPERIOR TO AN APPROXIMATE CORRECTION BASED ON THE 10 DB-DOWN DURATION. ANALYSIS OF THE RESULTS SHOWED THAT THE AVERAGE MAGNITUDE OF THE TONE-CORRECTION WAS MORE THAN 3 DB AND THAT CORRECTIONS WERE AUTOMATICALLY APPLIED IN PRACTICALLY ALL CASES.

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UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-728 948 1/3
DEUTSCHE FORSCHUNGSANSTALT FUER LUFT- UND RAUMFAHRT E V
BRUNSWICK (WEST GERMANY) INSTITUT FUER STRAHLANTRIEBE

STRAHLDEFLEXION ZUR S/VTOL-
SCHUBVEKTORSTEUERUNG (JET DEFLECTION FOR S/
VTOL THRUST VECTOR CONTROL), (U)

62 19P GRASMANN, KURT I
REPT. NO. DFL-224

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AVAILABILITY: PUB. IN JAHRBUCH WGLR P381-398
1962. NO COPIES FURNISHED BY DDC OR NTIS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: TEXT IN GERMAN; SUMMARIES IN
ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LIFT),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, *THRUST VECTOR CONTROL
SYSTEMS), ATTITUDE CONTROL SYSTEMS, STABILIZATION,
CONTROL, EFFICIENCY, WEST GERMANY (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *THRUST DEFLECTORS (U)

THE AUTHOR REPORTS ON INVESTIGATIONS ON THE ECONOMY
OF THRUST DEFLECTORS USED TO CONTROL THE THRUST
VECTOR OF S/VTOL AIRCRAFT. FIRST, THE SYSTEM OF
JET DEFLECTION IS ANALYZED. FUNDAMENTAL
REQUIREMENTS ARE THEN FORMULATED AND FACTORS OF
EFFICIENCY, SUCH AS THRUST COEFFICIENT AND PRESSURE
LOSS COEFFICIENT, ARE DEFINED. THE SECOND PART
DEALS WITH DETAILS OF THE SPECIAL TECHNIQUE OF JET
DEFLECTION TESTS, AND COMMUNICATES RESULTS OBTAINED
FROM THESE TESTS ON DIFFERENT DEFLECTION SYSTEMS.
SOME ESSENTIAL DIRECTIVES TO APPRECIATE AND
AMELIORATE THRUST DEFLECTORS HAVE ALREADY BEEN
OBTAINED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-729 184 1/3 20/1
TACTICAL AIR COMMAND LANGLEY AFB VA OFFICE OF OPERATIONS
ANALYSIS

STOL TRANSPORT PARAMETERS (MILITARY AND
COMMERCIAL) WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON
NOISE.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
MAY 71 144P STICKLE, GEORGE W. BATTEN,
BOBBY G. ;
REPT. NO. TAC-OA-TR-70-17

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *AIRPLANE
NOISE); (*TRANSPORT PLANES, AIRPLANE NOISE),
LAW, REDUCTION, ATTENUATION, TURBOFAN ENGINES,
JET ENGINE NOISE, PROPELLER NOISE, GAS TURBINES,
COMMERCIAL PLANES, AIR POLLUTION (U)
IDENTIFIERS: NOISE REDUCTION, NOISE POLLUTION (U)

A SHORT HANDBOOK APPROACH RELATING PHYSICAL AND
ENVIRONMENTAL SELECTION PARAMETERS TO STOL
TRANSPORT CAPABILITY IS PROVIDED. IT REVIEWS
EXISTING LAWS AND REGULATIONS ON TRANSPORT NOISE
ABATEMENT. IT REVIEWS THE NOISE FROM TURBOFAN
POWERED TRANSPORTS AND DISCUSSES THE FUTURE RESEARCH
AND DEVELOPMENT TRENDS AND NEEDS. IT PROVIDES AN
INDEPTH ANALYSIS OF FREE TURBINE TURBOPROPELLER NOISE
ABATEMENT PROVIDING ENGINEERING FORMULAS, EXAMPLES,
AND EXPERIMENTAL DATA. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-730 121 1/3 20/4
CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y

DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED TECHNIQUES FOR THE
IDENTIFICATION OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT STABILITY
AND CONTROL PARAMETERS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. MAY 69-DEC 70,
AUG 71 359P CHEN, ROBERT T. N. ;
EULRICH, BERNARD J. ; LEBACQZ, J. VICTOR ;
REPT. NO. CAL-BM-2620-F-1
CONTRACT: N00019-69-C-0534

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•) VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•) SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS), FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS,
EQUATIONS OF MOTION, FLIGHT PATHS, STABILITY,
HOVERING, ALGORITHMS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: •TRANSITION FLIGHT, KALMAN FILTERS,
X-22 AIRCRAFT

(U)

CONTEMPORARY ANALYSES OF TRANSITION FLIGHT OF V/
STOL AIRCRAFT ARE BASED ON AERODYNAMIC DATA
MEASURED IN A WIND TUNNEL OR ON ANALYTICAL PREDICTION
USING METHODS DEVELOPED FOR CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT.
THE VALIDITY AND ACCURACY OF THESE TECHNIQUES FOR
V/STOL AIRCRAFT HAS NOT YET BEEN ESTABLISHED, AND
IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT THEY BE CORRELATED WITH FLIGHT
TEST DATA THROUGH PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION. IN
SPITE OF THE COMPLICATED NATURE OF V/STOL
DYNAMICS IN TRANSITION, SOME METHOD OF IDENTIFYING
THESE CHARACTERISTICS IS REQUIRED. THIS REPORT
DOCUMENTS THE DEVELOPMENT OF IDENTIFICATION
TECHNIQUES TO MEET THIS REQUIREMENT. THE REPORT
FIRST PRESENTS THE SELECTION OF A MATHEMATICAL MODEL
TO REPRESENT A V/STOL AIRCRAFT (THE X-22A).
THIS IS FOLLOWED BY A DISCUSSION OF AVAILABLE
IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES. BASED UPON A THOROUGH
KNOWLEDGE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PROGRAM AND THE
LIMITATIONS OF THE AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES, ADVANCED
TECHNIQUES SUITABLE FOR IDENTIFICATION OF V/STOL
AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND CONTROL PARAMETERS ARE
DEVELOPED. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-730 571 1/3
HONEYWELL INC ST PAUL MINN RESEARCH DEPT

CONCEPTUAL STUDY TO APPLY ADVANCED FLIGHT
CONTROL TECHNOLOGY TO THE COIN OR TRIM
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 1 JUL 70-3 FEB 71,
JUN 71 151P SMITH, G. A. HAMMER, J.
M. ROSE, R. E. ;
REPT. NO. 12225-FR(R)
CONTRACT: N00019-70-C-0349

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), JETS, AIRPLANE MODELS, WINGS,
WIND TUNNEL MODELS, LIFT, DRAG, AIRFOILS,
EXPERIMENTAL DATA

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: TRIM (TRAILS ROADS INTERDICTION
MISSIONS), TRAILS ROADS INTERDICTION MISSION,
TRIM AIRCRAFT, OV-10 AIRCRAFT, OV-10A
AIRCRAFT, VARIABLE DEFLECTION THRUSTERS

(U)

INVESTIGATIONS OF THE VARIABLE DEFLECTION
THRUSTER (VDT) FOR A NON-EXTERNAL-MOVING SURFACES
(NEMS) FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM HAVE BEEN EXTENDED TO
DETERMINE THE EFFECTS OF FINITE ASPECT RATIO AND
PART-SPAN BLOWING AT SUBSONIC SPEEDS. WIND TUNNEL
TESTS HAVE REVEALED THAT FULL-SPAN BLOWING IS MORE
EFFECTIVE THAN PART-SPAN BLOWING FOR OBTAINING LIFT
OR ROLLING MOMENTS. IT WAS ALSO SHOWN THAT THE
'LIFT EFFECTIVENESS' DECREASES WHEN THE RATIO OF
BLOWN AREA TO WING AREA DECREASES OR WHEN A PART-SPAN
BLOWN AREA IS MOVED TOWARD THE WING TIP. THE
RESULTS OF THE WIND TUNNEL STUDY INDICATE THAT
AVAILABLE THEORETICAL ANALYSES PROVIDE SATISFACTORY
PREDICTIONS OF JET-FLAP LIFT FOR FULL SPAN BLOWING,
BUT FURTHER THEORETICAL WORK IS NEEDED, ESPECIALLY TO
DETERMINE THE EFFECTS OF PART-SPAN BLOWING. A STUDY
TO EXAMINE THE FEASIBILITY OF USING VDT BLOWING FOR
PRIMARY FLIGHT CONTROL OF COIN (COUNTERINSURGENCY
OR TRIM (TRAILS, ROADS AND INTERDICTION MISSIONS)
AIRCRAFT WAS UNDERTAKEN. THE ESTIMATES OF THE
REQUIRED THRUST, MASS FLOW AND HORSEPOWER SEEMED
REASONABLE, SO DUCT LOSSES WERE CALCULATED, AND THE
WEIGHT AND FUEL REQUIREMENTS WERE ESTIMATED. A VDT
PRIMARY FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM WEIGHING 480 LB WAS
HYPOTHESIZED, AND THE MANEUVERING CAPABILITY OF AN
AIRCRAFT WITH THIS NEMS SYSTEM WAS COMPARED TO THE
AIRCRAFT WITH CONVENTIONAL CONTROLS.

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UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-732 570 1/3
DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT CO LONG BEACH CALIF

A FLIGHT SIMULATOR STUDY OF STOL TRANSPORT
DIRECTIONAL CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
JUN 71 135P BERG, ROBERT A. ; SHIRLEY, W.
ALLEN ; TEPPER, GARY L. ; CRAIG, SAMUEL J. ;
CONTRACT: DOT-FA70WA-2395
MONITOR: FAA-RD 71-81

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), (*TRANSPORT PLANES, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS), FLIGHT SIMULATORS, ROLL, YAW,
APPROACH, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS

(U)

A SYSTEMATIC INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED OF STOL
TRANSPORT TERMINAL AREA DIRECTIONAL CONTROL
CHARACTERISTICS TO IDENTIFY THE SIGNIFICANT
CONSIDERATIONS AND TO ESTABLISH APPROPRIATE
DIRECTIONAL CONTROL CRITERIA. THE INVESTIGATION
CONSISTED OF AN ANALYSIS OF EXISTING DATA AND A
MOVING-BASE FLIGHT SIMULATOR PROGRAM USING THE NASA
AMES RESEARCH CENTER S-16 MOVING CAB
TRANSPORT SIMULATOR. THE SIMULATOR TEST PROGRAM
COVERED A BROAD RANGE OF LATERAL AND DIRECTIONAL
AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS REPRESENTATIVE OF TYPICAL
STOL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT. THIS EFFORT IS THE
SECOND PHASE OF AN EXTENSIVE STOL SIMULATION
PROGRAM, THE FIRST PHASE OF WHICH WAS DEVOTED TO THE
INVESTIGATION OF LATERAL CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS.
THE PRESENT STUDY REVEALED THE EXISTENCE OF AN
APPRECIABLE INTERACTION BETWEEN THE ROLL AND THE
HEADING CONTROL TASKS WHICH SUGGESTS THAT ROLL-MODE
DAMPING REQUIREMENTS SHOULD BE SPECIFIED IN TERMS OF
THE HEADING DELAY CHARACTERISTICS. LATERAL CONTROL
SENSITIVITY TESTS WERE CONDUCTED WHICH CORROBORATED
THE RESULTS OF THE FIRST PHASE OF THE PROGRAM.
(AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-732 681 1/3
RAND CORP SANTA MONICA CALIF

A MODEL FOR EVALUATING VSTOL VERSUS CTOL
COMBAT AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS,

(U)

MAR 71 30P HOROWITZ, SEYMOUR ; SHISHKO,
ROBERT ;
REPT. NO. P-4587

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH FEDERAL
AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, WASHINGTON, D. C. AND
YALE UNIV., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
OPTIMIZATION), COST EFFECTIVENESS, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS, EFFECTIVENESS, PROBABILITY, SYSTEMS
ENGINEERING

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: COST MODELS

(U)

THE PAPER DESCRIBES A COST-EFFECTIVENESS STUDY OF
THE USE OF VERTICAL OR SHORT TAKEOFF AND LANDING
(VSTOL) AIRCRAFT FOR COMBAT MISSIONS. A
COMPARISON IS MADE WITH CONVENTIONAL (CTOL)
AIRCRAFT AS TACTICAL FIGHTERS IN A FUTURE NATO
ENVIRONMENT. A MODEL YIELDING THE PROBABILITY OF
COMPLETING N SUCCESSIVE MISSIONS IS USED AS A MEASURE
OF COMBAT EFFECTIVENESS. A COST MODEL WAS
CONSTRUCTED TO REFLECT THE RESOURCE IMPACT OF THE
SAME VARIABLES OR ALTERNATIVES THAT AFFECT THE
MEASURE OF EFFECTIVENESS. (AUTHOR)

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UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-732 842 13/11 1/3
AEROSPACE RESEARCH LABS WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

WHY EJECTORS FOR AIRCRAFT PROPULSION-LIFT
SYSTEMS AND WHERE WE STAND.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
AUG 71 41P FANCHER, RICHARD B. ;
REPT. NO. ARL-71-0140
PROJ: AF-7116

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•JET PUMPS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, •THRUST AUGMENTATION), NOZZLE AREA RATIO,
DIFFUSERS, LIFT, THRUST AUGMENTOR NOZZLES, JET
MIXING FLOW, EXPERIMENTAL DATA
IDENTIFIERS: EVALUATION

(U)

(U)

THE THRUST AUGMENTATION, LIFT AUGMENTATION AND
NOISE REDUCTION CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPACT EJECTORS
MAKE THEM POTENTIALLY ATTRACTIVE FOR PROPULSION LIFT
SYSTEMS; HOWEVER IN THE PAST, POOR THRUST
AUGMENTATION RESULTS HAVE NEGATED THE OTHER BENEFITS.
THIS REPORT COVERS THE GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF
EJECTORS POINTING OUT WHAT MAKES THEM ATTRACTIVE AND
WHY ONLY CERTAIN TYPES OF EJECTORS ARE OF INTEREST.
IT REVIEWS THE KEY REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH
PERFORMANCE THRUST AUGMENTATION. IT ALSO PRESENTS
A SUMMARY OF THE PERFORMANCE RESULTS ACHIEVED THUS
FAR AND PROPOSES SOME POSSIBLE APPLICATIONS FOR
VARIOUS TYPES OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

UDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-733 185 1777
NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CALIF

DETERMINATION OF STOL AIR TERMINAL TRAFFIC
CAPACITY THROUGH USE OF COMPUTER
SIMULATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
SEP 71 68P RINKER, ROBERT EVANS ;

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS;
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS)); (SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES; TERMINAL FLIGHT FACILITIES); AIR TRAFFIC
CONTROL TERMINAL AREAS; AIRCRAFT LANDINGS; TAKE-OFF;
TIME STUDIES; CONTROL SEQUENCES; MATHEMATICAL
MODELS; COMPUTER PROGRAMS; THESES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION (U)

THE CAPACITY OF AN AIR TERMINAL FOR SHORT
TAKEOFF AND LANDING AIRCRAFT IS ANALYZED. THE
TERMINAL IS CONSIDERED TO BE OPERATING AS PART OF AN
INTRA-URBAN AIR RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM. THE AIR
TRAFFIC FLOW THROUGH THE TERMINAL IS MODELED BY A
COMPUTER SIMULATION WRITTEN IN BOTH THE FORTRAN IV
AND GPSS LANGUAGES. THE MODEL IS USED TO SOLVE
THE TRAFFIC CAPACITY PROBLEM UNDER TWO SETS OF
TRAFFIC CONTROL RULES. IN THE FIRST CASE, EXISTING
FAA RULES, WHICH REQUIRE 3 MILES SEPARATION BETWEEN
ARRIVALS AND 2 MILES BETWEEN AN ARRIVAL AND A
DEPARTURE, ARE USED. IN A SECOND CASE, THE RULES
ARE 2 MILES BETWEEN ARRIVALS AND 1 MILE BETWEEN AN
ARRIVAL AND A DEPARTURE. A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF
THE MODEL IS PRESENTED SO THAT OTHERS MIGHT USE THE
MODEL. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-733 756 1/3
TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS CENTER CAMBRIDGE MASS

LINEARIZED MATHEMATICAL MODELS FOR DE
HAVILLAND CANADA 'BUFFALO AND TWIN OTTER'
STOL TRANSPORTS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL NOTE,
JUN 71 112P MACDONALD, R. A. ; GARELICK,
MEL ; O'GRADY, J. ;
REPT. NO. TSC-FAA-71-8

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, STABILITY),
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, CONTROL SURFACES, LIFT,
DRAG, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, PERTURBATION THEORY,
AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEMS
IDENTIFIERS: DHC-5 AIRCRAFT, DHC-6 AIRCRAFT, SIX
DEGREES OF FREEDOM

(U)

(U)

LINEARIZED SIX DEGREE OF FREEDOM RIGID BODY
AIRCRAFT EQUATIONS OF MOTION ARE PRESENTED IN A
STABILITY AXES SYSTEM. VALUES OF STABILITY
DERIVATIVES ARE ESTIMATED FOR TWO REPRESENTATIVE
STOL AIRCRAFT - THE DEHAVILLAND OF CANADA
'BUFFALO' AND 'TWIN OTTER.' THESE ESTIMATES
ARE BASED ON ANALYTICAL EXPRESSIONS INCLUDED IN THE
REPORT. THE COMBINATION OF THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION
AND THE ESTIMATED STABILITY DERIVATIVES PROVIDES AN
AIRCRAFT MODEL WHICH IS USEFUL FOR NAVIGATION,
GUIDANCE AND ATC STUDIES. RESULTING
TRANSIENT RESPONSES TO CONTROL INPUTS ARE PRESENTED.

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-735 399 17/7 1/3
NATIONAL AVIATION FACILITIES EXPERIMENTAL CENTER ATLANTIC
CITY N J

ANALYTICAL STUDY OF THE ADEQUACY OF VOR/DME
AND DME/DME GUIDANCE SIGNALS FOR V/STOL
AREA NAVIGATION IN THE LOS ANGELES AREA. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM REPT. JUL 70-JUN 71,
DEC 71 102P DINERMAN, BERNHART V. 1
REPT. NO. FAA-NA-71-4B
PROJ: FAA-045-390-UIX, FAA-330-014-04X
MONITOR: FAA-RD 71-96

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•NAVIGATIONAL AIDS,
RELIABILITY(ELECTRONICS)), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, ALL-WEATHER AVIATION), CIVIL AVIATION,
VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TERMINAL FLIGHT
FACILITIES, DISTANCE-MEASURING EQUIPMENT, FLIGHT
PATHS, OPTIMIZATION, FEASIBILITY STUDIES,
CALIFORNIA (U)
IDENTIFIERS: VOR(VERY HIGH FREQUENCY OMNIRANGE),
VERY HIGH FREQUENCY OMNIRANGE, EVALUATION (U)

AN ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PERSONNEL OF THE
NATIONAL AVIATION FACILITIES EXPERIMENTAL
CENTER (NAFEC) TO DETERMINE THE ADEQUACY OF VERY
HIGH FREQUENCY OMNIRANGE/DISTANCE MEASURING EQUIPMENT
(VOR/DME) GUIDANCE SIGNALS FOR VERTICAL/SHORT
TAKEOFF AND LANDING (V/STOL) AIRCRAFT AREA
NAVIGATION (RNAV) IN THE LOS ANGELES (LAX)
AREA. GUIDANCE SIGNALS WERE DERIVED FROM EXISTING
VOR/DME AND 'CONVERTED' VOR FACILITIES.
(AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-737 752 1/3
ARMY AIR MOBILITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LAB FORT EUSTIS
VA EUSTIS DIRECTORATE

DYNAMIC RESPONSE OF THE OV-1A AIRCRAFT TO
SOFT FIELD LANDINGS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUL-AUG 67,
OCT 71 147P ALEXANDER, WILLIAM T. I
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-146
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14602
MONITOR: USAAMRDL TR-71-62

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, TERRAIN),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS),
ROUGHNESS, LANDING IMPACT,
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), EQUATIONS OF MOTION,
OBSERVATION PLANES
IDENTIFIERS: OV-1A AIRCRAFT, V-1 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS THE GROUND LOADS MEASURED ON AN
INSTRUMENTED OV-1 AIRPLANE DURING LANDINGS ON
SMOOTH AND ROUGH FIELDS. TEST RESULTS FOR THREE
LANDINGS ARE COMPARED WITH THE RESULTS OF DYNAMIC
LOADS COMPUTATIONS PERFORMED ON A DIGITAL COMPUTER.
THE COMPUTING PROGRAM IS ALSO USED TO CALCULATE THE
LOADS WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN OBTAINED BY LANDINGS AND
ROLLOUTS ON THE ROUGHEST PORTIONS OF TWO FIELDS WHOSE
CONTOURS WERE MEASURED. FAILING LOADS WERE OBTAINED
ON ONE FIELD ONLY. THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION FOR THE
COMPUTER PROGRAM ARE PRESENTED. RECOMMENDATIONS
ARE MADE FOR FUTURE INVESTIGATIONS THAT WILL IMPROVE
THE ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-740 063 17/7
NATIONAL AVIATION FACILITIES EXPERIMENTAL CENTER ATLANTIC
CITY N J

EVALUATION OF STOL INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM
(TALAR IV).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JUL 70-JUL 71,
APR 72 45P ADAMS, GLEN D. ;
REPT. NO. FAA-NA-72-27
PROJ: FAA-320-114-USX
MONITOR: FAA-RD 72-15

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (RADAR LANDING CONTROL, SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, K BAND, GLIDE PATH
SYSTEMS, ACCEPTABILITY, INSTRUMENT LANDINGS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: *INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS, TALAR 4
RADAR, TALAR (TACTICAL LANDING APPROACH
RADAR), TACTICAL LANDING APPROACH RADAR

(U)

TALAR IV OPERATES AT 15.5 GHZ (KU-BAND
MAGNETRON OUTPUT), PROVIDING LOCALIZER AND GLIDE
SLOPE SIGNALS FOR APPROACH GUIDANCE FOR AIRCRAFT
EQUIPPED WITH A RECEIVER. THE FAA UNITS WERE
MODIFIED TO PROVIDE GLIDE SLOPE ANGLES BETWEEN 6
DEGREES AND 9 DEGREES, TO INCLUDE A TRANSMITTER
MONITOR, AND TO TRANSMIT AN IDENTIFICATION CODE.
THE MAGNETRON LIFE IS ABOUT 500 HOURS. THE
MONITOR IS INADEQUATE BECAUSE OF DRIFT, BUT OVERALL
THE TALAR HAS BEEN A RELIABLE AND USEFUL TOOL.
THE GUIDANCE SIGNALS ARE GENERALLY OF GOOD QUALITY.
THE TRANSMITTER LOCATION, IN RELATION TO THE
RUNWAY, AFFECTS THE PILOT'S ABILITY TO SET THE
AIRCRAFT DOWN AT THE DESIRED TOUCHDOWN POINT.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-740 476 1/3 20/4 1/1
DAYTON UNIV OHIO RESEARCH INST

METHOD FOR THE PREDICTION OF PERFORMANCE OF
STOL HIGH LIFT SYSTEMS NEAR MAXIMUM LIFT
COEFFICIENT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. JAN-SEP 71,
DEC 71 54P BAUER, PAUL T. ;
CONTRACT: F33615-70-C-1019
PROJ: AF-1366
TASK: 136617
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-71-169

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*LIFT; *FLOW SEPARATION), (*SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES; LIFT), MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION,
TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER; FLOW FIELDS;
MATHEMATICAL MODELS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *MAXIMUM LIFT COEFFICIENT (U)

POTENTIAL FLOW AND BOUNDARY LAYER METHODS ARE
IDENTIFIED AND DEVELOPED FOR THE ANALYTIC CALCULATION
OF THE PERFORMANCE OF LIFT SYSTEMS WITH SIGNIFICANT
FLOW SEPARATION. PARTICULAR EMPHASIS IS GIVEN TO
THE USE OF THE PRESENTED METHODS IN THE CALCULATION
OF THE FLOW FIELD FOR A SINGLE AIRFOIL IN
DEMONSTRATION OF THEIR CAPABILITY. A PROCEDURE FOR
APPLICATION TO MULTIPLE ELEMENT HIGH LIFT SYSTEMS IS
INDICATED. SPECIAL CONSIDERATION IS GIVEN TO THE
REPRESENTATION OF TURBULENT SEPARATING BOUNDARY
LAYERS AND AN EMPIRICAL COMPUTATIONAL PROCEDURE HAS
BEEN DEVELOPED WHERE NONE HAD PREVIOUSLY EXISTED.
THE WORK PRESENTED HEREIN PROVIDES A THOROUGH BASIS
ON WHICH TO DEVELOP AN ACCURATE COMPUTER SIMULATION
MODEL OF HIGH LIFT SYSTEMS WITH SIGNIFICANT FLOW
SEPARATION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-742 093 1/5 8/6
DAYTON UNIV OHIO RESEARCH INST

RUNWAY DISTRIBUTION STUDY (SELECTED COUNTRIES).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. SEP 70-SEP 71,
SEP 71 337P BOEHMER, ROBERT P. I
REPT. NO. UDRI-TR-71-48
CONTRACT: F33615-71-C-1075

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-742 096.

DESCRIPTORS: (•LANDING FIELDS, •SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES), (•SOUTHEAST ASIA: LANDING FIELDS),
(•SOUTH AMERICA, LANDING FIELDS), (•AFRICA,
LANDING FIELDS), (•EASTERN EUROPE, LANDING
FIELDS), RUNWAYS, MAPPING, ADVANCED PLANNING,
POSITION FINDING, TERRAIN INTELLIGENCE
IDENTIFIERS: FOB(FORWARD OPERATING BASES),
FORWARD OPERATING BASES, MOB(MAIN OPERATING
BASES), MAIN OPERATING BASES, COMPUTER AIDED
ANALYSIS

(U)

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THIS STUDY WAS TO ESTABLISH THE
DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN OPERATING BASES (MOB) AND
FORWARD OPERATING BASES (FOB) WITHIN 44 SELECTED
COUNTRIES. EACH COUNTRY WAS DIVIDED INTO CELLS OF
EQUAL AREA AND THE DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE RUNWAYS ARE
WITH RESPECT TO THE MIDPOINTS OF THE CELLS. THE
REPORT GRAPHICALLY PRESENTS THE AIRFIELD
DISTRIBUTIONS GENERATED BY THIS STUDY. THE RESULTS
ARE TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN AIRLIFT STUDY
TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF STOL AND VTOL
AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOMOB

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-742 096 1/5 8/6
DAYTON UNIV OHIO RESEARCH INST

RUNWAY DISTRIBUTION STUDY (EUROPEAN COUNTRIES).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
APR 72 173P BOEHMER, ROBERT P. ;
REPT. NO, UDR1-TR-72-22
CONTRACT: F33615-72-C-1049

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: SEE ALSO AD-742 093.

DESCRIPTORS: (•LANDING FIELDS, •WESTERN EUROPE),
(•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, LANDING FIELDS),
RUNWAYS, MAPPING, ADVANCED PLANNING, POSITION
FINDING, TERRAIN INTELLIGENCE

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: FOB(FORWARD OPERATING BASES),
FORWARD OPERATING BASES, MOB(MAIN OPERATING
BASES); MAIN OPERATING BASES, COMPUTER AIDED
ANALYSIS

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THIS STUDY WAS TO ESTABLISH THE
DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN OPERATING BASES (MOB) AND
FORWARD OPERATING BASES (FOB) WITHIN 18 EUROPEAN
COUNTRIES. EACH COUNTRY WAS DIVIDED INTO CELLS OF
EQUAL AREA AND THE DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE RUNWAYS ARE
WITH RESPECT TO THE MIDPOINTS OF THE CELLS. THE
REPORT GRAPHICALLY PRESENTS THE AIRFIELD
DISTRIBUTIONS GENERATED BY THIS STUDY. THE RESULTS
ARE TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN AIRLIFT STUDY
TO DETERMINE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF STOL AND VTOL
AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

/ZOM08

UNCLASSIFIED

DCC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-742 314 1/3
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

DESIGN OF A LONGITUDINAL FLIGHT CONTROL
SYSTEM FOR A STOL TRANSPORT IN THE LANDING
CONFIGURATION.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS:
MAR 72 121P HAMILTON, EDWIN L. ;
REPT. NO. GE/EE/72-13

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, DESIGN),
(SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS),
PITCH(MOTION); CONTROL SYSTEMS, STABILITY,
FLIGHT PATHS, EQUATIONS OF MOTION; AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, THESES

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: CONTROL THEORY, COMPUTER AIDED
ANALYSIS

(U)

THE LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS OF A MEDIUM STOL
TRANSPORT ARE STUDIED TO DETERMINE THE AUGMENTATION
NECESSARY TO PROVIDE AN ACCEPTABLE LONGITUDINAL
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM, AND A FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM IS
SYNTHESIZED AND EVALUATED. WIND TUNNEL DATA IS
ANALYZED AND AN OPERATING ENVELOPE IS DEFINED.
LONGITUDINAL HANDLING QUALITIES OF THE UNAUGMENTED
AIRCRAFT ARE COMPARED TO AIR FORCE REQUIREMENTS,
AND DESIGN CRITERIA ARE FORMULATED. A LONGITUDINAL
FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM WHICH UTILIZES PARALLEL
ACTUATION OF BOTH ELEVATOR AND DIRECT-LIFT CONTROL
SPOILERS THROUGH MOVEMENT OF THE PILOT'S STICK IS
SYNTHESIZED USING ROOT LOCUS TECHNIQUES. THE
SYSTEM IS BASED UPON CONTROL OF THE FLIGHT PATH.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-742 463 13/2 1/3 1/5
AMERICAN AIRLINES NEW YORK

AIRLINE VIEW OF STOL SYSTEM
REQUIREMENTS.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.

FEB 72 172P

REPT. NO. AAL-ER/D-56

MONITOR: DOT-OS 10075

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•AIR TRANSPORTATION, ADVANCED
PLANNING), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •TERMINAL
FLIGHT FACILITIES), COMMERCIAL PLANES, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, TAKE-OFF, FLIGHT PATHS, COSTS, SITE
SELECTION, MANAGEMENT PLANNING, DECISION MAKING
IDENTIFIERS: •MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(U)

(U)

CONVENTIONAL AIR AND RAIL SYSTEMS ARE INCAPABLE OF
PROVIDING NEEDED SHORT-HAUL SERVICE FOR THE INCREASED
CAPACITY REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEAR FUTURE. SOME
IMPROVEMENTS CAN BE MADE BUT A NEW, INTEGRATED SHORT-
HAUL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM MAY BE NEEDED TO
SUPPLEMENT THE PRESENT SYSTEM. THE COMPLEXITY AND
MAGNITUDE OF THE PROBLEM REQUIRE SIGNIFICANT
LEADERSHIP AND FUNDING BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
THE AIRLINES' AREAS OF CONCERN INCLUDE THE
AIRCRAFT, STOLPORTS, ATC, MARKETING, SAFETY,
ECONOMICS, AND ACCEPTANCE BY PASSENGERS AND
STOLPORT NEIGHBORS. THIS PAPER ADDRESSES REDUCED
TAKEOFF AND LANDING (RTOL), PROPELLER STOL
TRANSPORT (PST), JET STOL TRANSPORT (JST),
ATC, STOLPORT SITING, ROUTE ANALYSIS,
CERTIFICATION AND SAFETY, AIRLINE SERVICE
REQUIREMENTS, ECONOMICS, METROFLIGHT DEMONSTRATION
NEED, STOLPORT ACCEPTANCE, PUBLIC DEMAND
STIMULATION AND STOL DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM MANAGEMENT.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-743 257 1/1 20/4
TORONTO UNIV (ONTARIO) INST FOR AEROSPACE STUDIES

AERODYNAMICS OF WING-SLIPSTREAM
INTERACTION: A NUMERICAL STUDY,

(U)

SEP 71 86P ELLIS, N. D. I
REPT. NO. UTIAS-169
CONTRACT: AF-AFOSR-1885-70
PROJ: AF-9781
TASK: 978102
MONITOR: AFOSR TR-71-3086

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•THIN WINGS, LIFT), (•SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES, THIN WINGS), FLOW FIELDS, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, VORTICES, PROPELLERS(AERIAL),
INTERFERENCE, EQUATIONS OF MOTION, NUMERICAL
METHODS AND PROCEDURES, PROGRAMMING(COMPUTERS),
THEORY, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, CANADA
IDENTIFIERS: •WING SLIPSTREAM INTERACTIONS

(U)

(U)

A FUNDAMENTAL THEORY OF WING-SLIPSTREAM INTERACTION
ACCOUNTS FOR SLIPSTREAMS OF ARBITRARY CROSS-SECTION
BY MEANS OF VORTEX SHEATHS. THESE SHEATHS TOGETHER
WITH THE WING CIRCULATION PATTERN ARE DICTATED BY THE
BOUNDARY CONDITIONS; THE ANALYSIS LEADS TO
SIMULTANEOUS INTEGRAL EQUATIONS FOR THEIR
DETERMINATION. IN A MULTIPLE LIFTING LINE
APPROXIMATION THESE ARE ULTIMATELY REDUCED TO
SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS FOR MACHINE
INVERSION. PROGRAMS FOR DIGITAL COMPUTER HAVE BEEN
DEVELOPED FOR THE CASE OF ROUND SLIPSTREAMS
DISTRIBUTED WITH LATERAL SYMMETRY ON A RECTANGULAR
WING. (AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-743 555 17/7 1/3
NATIONAL AVIATION FACILITIES EXPERIMENTAL CENTER ATLANTIC
CITY N J

EVALUATION OF STOL MODULAR INSTRUMENT LANDING
SYSTEM (MODILS).

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. MAY 70-JUL 71,
MAY 72 54P ADAMS, GLEN D. I
REPT. NO. FAA-NA-72-11
PROJ: FAA-320-114-02X
MONITOR: FAA-RD 72-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•GLIDE PATH SYSTEMS;
RELIABILITY(ELECTRONICS)), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES; •INSTRUMENT LANDINGS); C BAND; DISTANCE-
MEASURING EQUIPMENT; MICROWAVE EQUIPMENT;
TRANSMITTER-RECEIVERS; AIRCRAFT ANTENNAS;
PROPORTIONAL NAVIGATION; FLIGHT TESTING (U)
IDENTIFIERS: MODILS(MODULAR INSTRUMENT LANDING
SYSTEMS); MODULAR INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS,
EVALUATION (U)

THE FAA PROCURED TWO MODULAR INSTRUMENT LANDING
SYSTEM (MODILS) GROUND STATIONS FOR SHORT TAKE-OFF
AND LANDING (STOL) OPERATIONAL EVALUATION.
MODILS OPERATES AT 5.2 GHZ (C-BAND SOLID-STATE
TRANSMITTER), PROVIDING LOCALIZER AND GLIDE SLOPE
SIGNALS, FROM A COMMON SITE, FOR APPROACH GUIDANCE TO
AIRCRAFT EQUIPPED WITH A MODILS RECEIVER.
PROPORTIONAL GUIDANCE IS PROVIDED FROM 3 DEGREES TO
12 DEGREES ELEVATION AND ABOUT PLUS OR MINUS 30
DEGREES IN AZIMUTH. THE PILOT MAY SELECT HIS GLIDE
SLOPE ANGLE IN INCREMENTS OF 0.1 DEGREES, AND ONE OF
THREE LOCALIZER COURSES; PARALLEL TO RUNWAY
CENTERLINE, 2 DEGREES SKEW ONE SIDE AND 6 DEGREES
SKEW THE OTHER SIDE. THE PILOT MAY ALSO SELECT HIS
INDICATOR SENSITIVITIES. AN INTEGRAL DISTANCE
MEASURING EQUIPMENT (DME) IS INCLUDED WHICH
PROVIDES READOUTS TO 0.01 NMI. THE SYSTEM PROVIDES
GOOD QUALITY GUIDANCE SIGNALS TO ADEQUATELY SUPPORT
CATEGORY I TYPE (200-FOOT DECISION HEIGHT)
OPERATIONS. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-743 829 1/3 1/2
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

STATIC AND DROP TESTS OF A QUARTER SCALE
MODEL OF THE CC-115 AIRCRAFT EQUIPPED WITH AN
AIR CUSHION LANDING SYSTEM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL MEMO.;
JAN 72 44P VAUGHN, JOHN C. , III;
CAMPBELL, SHADE ; POOL, DAVID J. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TM-72-01-FEM

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS), AIRPLANE MODELS, DROP TESTING, GROUND
EFFECT MACHINES, HOVERING, TEST EQUIPMENT, TEST
METHODS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: CC-115 AIRCRAFT, ACLS; AIR CUSHION
LANDING SYSTEMS), AIR CUSHION LANDING
SYSTEMS

(U)

STATIC LOAD DEFLECTION TESTS AND VERTICAL DROP
TESTS WERE PERFORMED ON A QUARTER SCALE MODEL OF A
CANADIAN CC-115 (BUFFALO) AIRCRAFT EQUIPPED
WITH AN AIR CUSHION LANDING SYSTEM (ACLS).
THE MODEL WEIGHED 610 LBS AND THE ACLS AIR SUPPLY
WAS FURNISHED BY TWO ELECTRIC FANS. THE STATIC LOAD
DEFLECTION TESTS SHOWED THAT THE MODEL WEIGHT COULD
BE INCREASED FROM 610 LBS TO 1310 LBS BEFORE THE FANS
STALLED. THE MODEL DEFLECTION ONE INCH WHEN 560 LBS
WERE ADDED TO IT DURING HOVER OVER A SOLID SURFACE.
THE PORTION OF THE WEIGHT SUPPORTED BY THE TRUNK
(INSTEAD OF THE CUSHION) INCREASED FROM 3% AT
610 LBS TO 24% AT 1310 LBS. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-744 104 1/3
AIR FORCE FLIGHT DYNAMICS LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

A STUDY OF THE EFFECTS OF PARAMETER
VARIATION ON THE FLYING QUALITIES OF THE XV-
4B V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT., OCT 67-OCT 69,
MAR 72 133P JONES, ARTHUR G. ;
REPT. NO. AFFDL-TR-72-44
PROJ: AF-82190712

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), HOVERING,
PITCH(MOTION), STABILITY, ROLL, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-4 AIRCRAFT, XV-4B AIRCRAFT,
TRANSITION FLIGHT (U)

THE DOMINATING INFLUENCE OF THE PROPULSION SYSTEM
ON THE DYNAMIC MOTION OF A V/STOL AIRCRAFT
OPERATING IN THE HOVER OR LOW-VELOCITY FLIGHT MODES
HAS GREATLY INCREASED THE DIFFICULTY OF DEVELOPING
SUCH AN AIRCRAFT TO BE STABLE AND CONTROLLABLE DURING
THESE MODES. SMALL VARIATIONS IN STABILITY
DERIVATIVES CAUSED BY EITHER CHANGES IN THE
PROPULSIVE SYSTEM OR ERRORS IN MEASUREMENT OR
ANALYTICAL PREDICTION PROGRAMS HAVE BEEN SHOWN TO
CAUSE SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE DYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS OF SUCH AIRCRAFT. TO BETTER
UNDERSTAND RELATIONSHIPS, A PROGRAM WAS PERFORMED
USING THE LOCKHEED XV-4B JET-LIFT AIRCRAFT AS A
SUBJECT CONFIGURATION. DURING THIS PROGRAM, THE
MAGNITUDES OF TEN OF THE STABILITY DERIVATIVES USED
TO DESCRIBE THE AIRCRAFT WERE VARIED INDIVIDUALLY,
AND THE CHANGE IN THE ROOTS OF THE LINEARIZED,
UNCOUPLED EQUATIONS OF MOTION NOTED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

NO 591 1/4
WIEGLER INC GRAND RAPIDS MICH INSTRUMENT DIV

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF A CONTROL-DISPLAY
SYSTEM FOR A TACTICAL V/STOL WEAPON SYSTEM. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. MAY 65-MAY 66,
DEC 66 86P FELLINGER, JERRY G. ;
HARDWICKE, ROGER M. ;
REPT. NO. GRR-66-1221
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-2540
PROJ: AF-6190
TASK: 619011
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-66-118

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
INSTRUMENTS). (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, FLIGHT
INSTRUMENTS). FEASIBILITY STUDIES, FLIGHT
SIMULATORS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, INSTRUMENT PANELS,
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), COMPUTER LOGIC,
ATTITUDE INDICATORS, COURSE INDICATORS, HOVERING,
CATHODE RAY TUBES, TACTICAL WEAPONS, FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEMS, INSTRUMENT LANDINGS, FLIGHT SPEED
INDICATORS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: LIFT ENGINES, CRUISE ENGINES (U)

THIS REPORT DESCRIBES A 12-MONTH STUDY EFFORT TO
INVESTIGATE THE REQUIREMENTS OF V/STOL CONTROL-
DISPLAY SYSTEMS. DURING THE EVALUATION PHASE A
FIXED-BASE, DYNAMIC SIMULATOR WAS USED TO REPRESENT A
V/STOL AIRCRAFT WITH FOUR LIFT ENGINES AND TWO
CRUISE ENGINES. THE LOW SPEED FLIGHT REGIMES,
PARTICULARLY THE LANDING TRANSITION, RECEIVED PRIMARY
EMPHASIS. CONTROLLED EXPERIMENTS WERE CONDUCTED TO
EVALUATE FOUR SEPARATE HOVER INDICATOR CONCEPTS
INCLUDING HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR, CATHODE RAY
TUBE, ATTITUDE DIRECTOR INDICATOR, AND
ELECTROLUMINESCENT CROSS-GRID DISPLAYS. THESE
EXPERIMENTS INDICATED THAT IFR APPROACHES WITH V/
STOL AIRCRAFT CAN BE MADE SAFELY AND EFFICIENTLY
AND THAT THE CONTROL-DISPLAY SYSTEM HAS A SIGNIFICANT
EFFECT OF FUEL CONSUMPTION, LANDING SITE
REQUIREMENTS, AND PILOT PERFORMANCE IN MAKING LANDING
APPROACHES. RESULTS OF INTEGRATED FLIGHT
CONTROL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS ARE
DISCUSSED AND PRELIMINARY DESIGNS OF FLIGHT DIRECTOR
AND AUTOPILOT SYSTEMS ARE DESCRIBED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-807 697 1/4
HONEYWELL INC MINNEAPOLIS MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH
CENTER

DISPLAY AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS STUDY FOR A V/STOL
TACTICAL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME I. ANALYSES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT. 1 JUN 65-1 JUN
66.

DEC 66 139P OLSON, BERNARD A. I
REPT. NO. 12512-FR1-VOL-1
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-2527
PROJ: AF-6190
TASK: 6190011
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-66-114-VOL-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DISPLAY
SYSTEMS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DISPLAY
SYSTEMS), FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS, TACTICAL WEAPONS,
SIMULATION, LEVEL FLIGHT, HOVERING, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), TAKE-OFF,
DIGITAL COMPUTERS, DATA PROCESSING SYSTEMS,
PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, INSTRUMENT LANDINGS. (U)
IDENTIFIERS: FORTRAN (U)

A STUDY OF THE DISPLAY/CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR A
TACTICAL V/STOL AIRCRAFT WAS CONDUCTED USING
ANALYTICAL AND SIMULATION TECHNIQUES. WORKLOAD
LEVELS WERE CALCULATED BY THE DISCONTINUOUS CONTROL
ANALYSIS TECHNIQUE FOR THE V/STOL CREW'S DISCRETE
TASKS. PILOT WORKLOAD LEVELS WERE EMPIRICALLY
ESTABLISHED FOR LEVEL AERODYNAMIC FLIGHT, TRANSITION
TO HOVER, HOVER, AND LANDING FROM HOVER. A
SCIENTIFIC DATA SYSTEMS 9300 HYBRID COMPUTER
WAS USED TO SIMULATE THE UNIQUE MISSION PHASES OF A
V/STOL AIRCRAFT. THE STOL LANDING AND
TAKCOFF MISSION PHASES WERE ALSO SIMULATED. THREE
LANDING DISPLAY FORMATS, TWO MANUAL CONTROL MODES,
THREE THRUST-TO-WEIGHT RATIOS AND THREE WIND
CONDITIONS WERE EVALUATED. A LANDING DISPLAY
FORMAT WAS DEVELOPED THAT WAS DEMONSTRATED ON THE
HYBRID SIMULATION TO BE FEASIBLE FOR OPERATING A V/
STOL IFR WITH MINIMUM ELECTRONIC AIDS ON THE
GROUND AND LESS THAN 100 PERCENT PILOT WORKLOAD.
(AUTHOR) (U)

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-807 698 1/4
HONEYWELL INC MINNEAPOLIS MINN SYSTEMS AND RESEARCH
CENTER

DISPLAY AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS STUDY FOR A V/STOL
TACTICAL AIRCRAFT. VOLUME II. APPENDIXES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT. 1 JUN 65-1 JUN
66,

DEC 66 203P OLSON, BERNARD A. I
REPT. NO. 12512-FRI-VOL-2
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-2527
PROJ: AF-6190
TASK: 6190D11
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-66-114-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DISPLAY
SYSTEMS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, DISPLAY
SYSTEMS), FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS, INSTRUMENT LANDINGS,
SIMULATION, LEVEL FLIGHT, HOVERING, AIRCRAFT
LANDINGS, PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), TAKE-OFF,
DIGITAL COMPUTERS, DATA PROCESSING SYSTEMS,
TACTICAL WEAPONS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES (U)
IDENTIFIERS: FORTRAN (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-909 185 1/3 20/4
AIR FORCE AERO PROPULSION LAB WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB
OHIO

AN ANALYTICAL METHOD OF DETERMINING GENERAL DOWNWASH
FLOW FIELD PARAMETERS FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT. APR-AUG 66,
NOV 66 61P HOHLER, DAVID J. I
REPT. NO. AFAPL-TR-66-90
PROJ: AF-8174
TASK: 817401

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
DOWNWASH), (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DOWNWASH),
EXHAUST GASES, GRAPHICS, EQUATIONS, FLOW FIELDS,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS,
VELOCITY, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, TERRAIN, PRESSURE,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, HAZARDS (U)

THIS REPORT PRESENTS A METHOD OF ANALYTICALLY
DETERMINING THE GENERAL DOWNWASH FLOW FIELD
PARAMETERS OF VARIOUS TYPES OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT.
THE BASIC DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE OPERATION OF V/
STOL AIRCRAFT AND CONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT IS THEIR
METHOD OF TAKE-OFF AND LANDING. DURING THESE
OPERATIONS, V/STOL AIRCRAFT PRODUCE HIGH DOWNWASH
AIR VELOCITIES THAT IMPINGE AND SPREAD OUT OVER THE
SURFACE OF THE GROUND. DEPENDING ON THE SIZE,
TYPE, AND NUMBER OF ENGINES ON THE AIRCRAFT, THIS
DOWNWASH CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO NEARBY AIRCRAFT,
EQUIPMENT, OR PERSONNEL. PAST THEORETICAL METHODS
BASED ON INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW THEORY HAVE BEEN
UNSUCCESSFUL IN ESTABLISHING A MEANS OF COMPUTING
THIS DOWNWASH FLOW FIELD. A COMBINED METHOD,
HOWEVER, OF PROVEN EXPERIMENTAL DATA AND CERTAIN
ANALYTICAL APPROACHES HAVE YIELDED A USEFUL MEANS OF
PREDICTING THE GENERAL DOWNWASH FLOW FIELD
PARAMETERS. THIS REPORT PRESENTS THESE APPROACHES
AND DEMONSTRATES THEIR USEFULNESS. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-818 980 1/3 1/5
ARMY ENGINEER WATERWAYS EXPERIMENT STATION VICKSBURG
MISS

PILOT STUDY OF RESPONSE OF CV-2 AIRCRAFT TO IRREGULAR
TERRAIN. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. SEP-OCT 65,
JUL 67 108P GREEN, ANDREW J. , JR.;
RUSH, EDGAR S. I
REPT. NO. AEWES-TR-3-790
PROJ: DA-1-V-0-21701-A-047

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •LANDING
FIELDS), CANADA, TERRAIN, SURFACE ROUGHNESS,
TAKE-OFF, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, TAXIING,
MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, COMPUTER PROGRAMS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, FLIGHT TESTING, LANDING GEAR,
RESPONSES, ARMY AIRCRAFT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: V-2 AIRCRAFT (U)

THE INVESTIGATION REPORTED HEREIN WAS A PILOT STUDY
UNDERTAKEN TO DEVELOP MEANS OF PREDICTING THE
PERFORMANCE OF A CV-2 AIRCRAFT ON IRREGULAR TERRAIN
AND OF QUANTIFYING SURFACE ROUGHNESS. SPECIAL
TESTS WERE CONDUCTED TO ASCERTAIN THE NATURAL
FREQUENCY AND DAMPING CHARACTERISTICS IN BOTH THE
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONS OF THE ELEMENTS OF
THE AIRCRAFT. LANDING, TAKEOFF, AND TAXI TESTS
WERE CONDUCTED AT 16 FIELD SITES IN THREE GENERAL
AREAS; ACCELEROMETERS AND STRAIN GAGES WERE USED TO
RECORD RESPONSES OF 12 CRITICAL COMPONENTS OF THE
AIRCRAFT. SIMPLE MATHEMATICAL MODELS TO PREDICT
THE DYNAMIC RESPONSES OF CERTAIN OF THE AIRCRAFT
COMPONENTS WERE DEVELOPED FOR SOLUTION BY BOTH ANALOG
AND DIGITAL COMPUTERS AND WERE VERIFIED BY COMPARISON
WITH MEASURED DATA. BECAUSE OF CERTAIN ASSUMPTIONS
USED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MODELS, THE PREDICTED
DATA DID NOT AGREE EXACTLY WITH THE ACTUAL DATA.
ALTHOUGH THE PREDICTIONS WERE OF USEFUL ACCURACY,
IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT AN ANALOG MODEL, EXCITED BY
MEASURED TERRAIN DATA, BE USED TO DETERMINE THE
ADEQUACY OF A SURFACE FOR LANDINGS OF THE CV-2
AIRCRAFT. TO OBTAIN THE TERRAIN INPUT, AN
OUTRIGGER TRAILER DYNAMOMETER WITH AN ACTUAL
PROTOTYPE AIRCRAFT TIRE AS THE TERRAIN FOLLOWER IS
PROPOSED. (AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-819 971 1/3 20/4 5/5
ARMY TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH COMMAND FORT EUSTIS VA

CAL/TRECOM SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS VOL II. DYNAMIC
LOAD PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL
AIRCRAFT, JUNE 26-28, BUFFALO, N.Y. (U)

63 2919

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTION: (*HELICOPTERS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC LOADING), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SYMPOSIA), ARMY AIRCRAFT, WIND TUNNEL MODELS,
AIRPLANE MODELS, FLIGHT TESTING, STRESSES, LEVEL
FLIGHT, TRANSPORT PLANES, TILT WINGS, STRUCTURAL
PROPERTIES, PROPELLERS(AERIAL), FLUTTER,
MILITARY REQUIREMENTS, DRIVE SHAFTS, VIBRATION,
DATA PROCESSING SYSTEMS, ROTOR BLADES(ROTARY
WINGS), ROTARY WINGS, MAN-MACHINE SYSTEMS, HUMAN
ENGINEERING, GUST LOADS, LOADING(MECHANICS),
AIRCRAFT LANDINGS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT, GUST ALLEVIATION

(U)

CONTENTS: A REVIEW OF THE STRUCTURAL
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE XC-142A
AIRCRAFT; PROPELLER WHIRL FLUTTER
CONSIDERATIONS FOR V/STOL AIRCRAFT; HIGH-
SPEED SHAFTING FOR POWER TRANSMISSION IN
AIRCRAFT; DYNAMIC TORSIONAL PROBLEMS IN
VTOL DRIVE TRAINS WITH UNIVERSAL JOINTS;
RECENT WORK AT THE ROYAL AIRCRAFT
ESTABLISHMENT ON HELICOPTER DYNAMIC LOADS;
WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO HIGH BLADE
INCIDENCE PROBLEMS; SOME RESULTS FROM THE
ARMY LOW ALTITUDE, HIGH-SPEED FLIGHT
PROGRAM (MAN-MACHINE); HUMAN FACTOR
PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH LOW ALTITUDE HIGH-
SPEED (LAHS) FLIGHT; EFFECT OF GUST
ALLEVIATION SYSTEM ON DYNAMIC AIRLOADS; AND
AN ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATION OF AIRCRAFT
LOADS INDUCED BY ROUGH TERRAIN
LANDINGS.

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-819 972 1/3 20/4
ARMY TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH COMMAND FORT EUSTIS VA

CAL/TRECOM SYMPOSIUM PROCEEDINGS VOL III. DYNAMIC
LOAD PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH HELICOPTERS AND V/STOL
AIRCRAFT, JUNE 26-28, BUFFALO, N.Y. (U)

63 101P

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
AERODYNAMIC LOADING), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES,
SYMPOSIA), ARMY AIRCRAFT, DUCTED FANS, AXIAL-
FLOW FANS, RESEARCH PLANES, TRANSPORT PLANES,
STRESSES, AIRCRAFT INDUSTRY, WING-BODY
CONFIGURATIONS, ROTOR BLADES(ROTARY WINGS),
ROTARY WINGS, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, VIBRATION,
HELICOPTER ROTORS, BLADE AIRFOILS, HARMONIC
ANALYSIS, LOADING(MECHANICS), DRIVE SHAFTS,
TILT WINGS, FUSELAGES, FLUTTER,
PROPELLERS(AERIAL), VECTOR ANALYSIS (U)
IDENTIFIERS: LIFT ENGINES, C-130 AIRCRAFT, V-4
AIRCRAFT, V-5 AIRCRAFT, TRANSITION FLIGHT,
HELICOPTER BLADE TIPS, C-142 AIRCRAFT, H-21
AIRCRAFT (U)

CONTENTS: PRESENT AND FUTURE HELICOPTER
DYNAMIC LOADS RESEARCH; DYNAMIC LOADS
PROBLEMS; STATUS OF HELICOPTER DYNAMIC LOAD
PROBLEMS AT HILLER AIRCRAFT COMPANY;
DYNAMIC LOADS RESEARCH; HELICOPTER DYNAMIC
LOADS RESEARCH REQUIREMENTS; DYNAMIC LOAD
PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT;
UNRESOLVED DYNAMIC LOADS PROBLEMS
ASSOCIATED WITH V/STOL AIRCRAFT OF
CONVENTIONAL STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATIONS;
DYNAMIC LOAD PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH V/
STOL AIRCRAFT; TWO XV-5A DYNAMIC LOAD
CHARACTERISTICS; AND DYNAMIC LOAD PROBLEMS OF
V/STOL AIRCRAFT. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-825 451 1/3 20/4
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

THE RESPONSE OF A HOVERING V/STOL AIRCRAFT TO
DISCRETE TURBULENCE.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
JUN 67 116P GOGOSHA, OREST R. IMORIARTY,
THOMAS E. I
REPT. NO. GGC/EE/67-7

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•TRANSPORT PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (•VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS), (•SHORT
TAKE-OFF PLANES, HOVERING), TURBULENCE,
RESPONSE, VORTICES, SHEAR STRESSES, STABILITY,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS, TILT
WINGS, GUST LOADS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, PILOTS,
TRANSFER FUNCTIONS
IDENTIFIERS: C-142 AIRCRAFT

(U)

(U)

THE REPORT ANALYZES THE PERFORMANCE OF THE XC-
142A V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN HOVER WHEN SUBJECTED TO
DISCRETE TURBULENCE INPUTS IN THE FORM OF VORTICES
AND WIND SHEAR. THE AIRCRAFT AND TURBULENCE ARE
REPLACED BY APPROXIMATE MATHEMATICAL MODELS AND THE
RESPONSE OF THE AIRCRAFT IS CALCULATED USING A
DIGITAL COMPUTER. BY USING THE RESULTS OF A
SEPARATE ANALOG SIMULATION, TWO PILOT TRANSFER
FUNCTIONS ARE DEVELOPED WHICH SATISFACTORILY PERFORM
THE ASSIGNED STATION KEEPING TASK. CONTROL
SENSITIVITIES ARE COMPUTED AND COMPARED TO MAXIMUM
AVAILABLE VALUES. IT IS CONCLUDED THAT CONTROL
POWER IS NOT A LIMITING FACTOR IN THE PERFORMANCE OF
THE XC-142A IN HOVER. (AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-835 232 4/1 1/3
TRAVELERS RESEARCH CENTER INC HARTFORD CONN

TAKE-OFF AND LANDING CRITICAL ATMOSPHERIC TURBULENCE
(TOLCAT) ANALYTICAL INVESTIGATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. APR 67-MAR 68,
MAR 68 93P BOWNE, NORMAN E.; ANDERSON,
GERALD E. ;
CONTRACT: F33615-67-C-1557
PROJ: AF-7235
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-68-23

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, *CLEAR AIR
TURBULENCE), ATMOSPHERIC MOTION, TAKE-OFF,
AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, BOUNDARY LAYER, HANDLING,
PROBABILITY, NAVIER-STOKES EQUATIONS, STRESSES,
VISCOSITY, DIFFUSION, HEAT, STABILITY,
VELOCITY, MODELS(SIMULATIONS), ANEMOMETERS,
MEASUREMENT, LOW ALTITUDE, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF
PLANES (U)

IDENTIFIERS: TOLCAT(TAKE OFF AND LANDING
CRITICAL ATMOSPHERIC TURBULENCE) (U)

A REVIEW AND ANALYSIS OF CURRENT KNOWLEDGE OF
TURBULENCE IN THE ATMOSPHERIC BOUNDARY LAYER IS
PRESENTED. PARTICULAR EMPHASIS IS ON IDENTIFYING
AND ANALYZING THE ASPECTS OF LOW ALTITUDE TURBULENCE
THAT HAVE THE GREATEST INFLUENCE ON THE DESIGN AND
OPERATION OF V/STOL AIRCRAFT IN THE ATMOSPHERIC
BOUNDARY LAYER. THE NATURE, QUALITY AND
APPLICABILITY OF REPORTED TURBULENCE MEASUREMENTS IS
DISCUSSED, AND SEVERAL RESULTING EMPIRICAL
DESCRIPTIONS OF THE BOUNDARY LAYER ARE COMPARED.
DEFICIENCIES IN THE DATA ARE SPECIFICALLY
IDENTIFIED AND DISCUSSED. THE FOUNDATIONS,
ASSUMPTIONS, AND LIMITATIONS OF THE STATISTICAL
ANALYSES OF BOUNDARY LAYER TURBULENCE WHICH ARE NOW
IN USE ARE IDENTIFIED AND DISCUSSED. THE NATURE OF
ATMOSPHERE-VEHICLE INTERACTIONS AND CURRENT AND
POTENTIAL METHODS OF ANALYZING THESE INTERACTIONS ARE
DISCUSSED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-838 391 1/3 12/1
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

A SIMPLE GRAPHICAL METHOD FOR EVALUATING THE EFFECT
OF THRUST VECTOR TILT ON THE AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
JUL 68 34P BIELKOWICZ, PETER I
MONITOR: AFIT TH-68-6

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, THRUST),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, TILT WINGS), VECTOR
ANALYSIS, ANGLE OF ATTACK, JET MIXING FLOW,
DEFLECTION, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES,
EQUATIONS OF MOTION, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
FLIGHT PATHS, VELOCITY (U)
IDENTIFIERS: *THRUST VECTOR TILT, (U)
GRAPHS(CHARTS)

THE SEMI-GRAPHICAL METHOD PRESENTED IN THE REPORT
MAY BE USEFUL FOR THE PRELIMINARY PERFORMANCE
COMPUTATION FOR AN AIRCRAFT WITH THE VARIABLE THRUST
AXIS TILT. APPLICATION TO DIFFERENT FLIGHT
PROBLEMS IS SHOWN. OPTIMIZATION OF SOME FLIGHT
PARAMETERS CAN BE ACHIEVED BY SIMPLE GRAPHICAL
CONSTRUCTION. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-838 777 1/3 20/4 9/2
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

A PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF THE XV-4B VTOL AIRCRAFT
COMPUTER SIMULATION. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
MAR 68 223P KELLAR, ROBERT P. GREEN,
DONALD C. I
REPT. NO. GAM/AE-68-4

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), RESEARCH PLANES, MATHEMATICAL
MODELS, SIMULATION, STABILITY, CONTROL,
ELEVATORS, AERIAL RUDDERS, HANDLING, VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, AILERONS, PITCH(MOTION),
THESES, FLOW CHARTING, GROUND EFFECT (U)
IDENTIFIERS: COMPUTER SIMULATION, XV-4B
AIRCRAFT, DEGREES OF FREEDOM (U)

THIS STUDY WAS A PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE
THE EFFECT UPON STABILITY AND CONTROL OF THE XV-
4B VTOL AIRCRAFT, DUE TO A VARIATION OF
AERODYNAMIC DERIVATIVES. SOME INFORMATION IS
PRESENTED ON A HYBRID COMPUTER SYSTEM WHICH WAS USED.
A PITCHING MOMENT ANALYSIS WAS MADE WITH AN
ELEVATOR STEP INPUT. A LATERAL-DIRECTIONAL
ANALYSIS WAS MADE WITH A RUDDER AND AILERON IMPULSE.
VARIATIONS WERE MADE FOR FOUR DIFFERENT FLIGHT
CONDITIONS. THE AIRCRAFT WAS TRIMMED AT EACH
FLIGHT CONDITION AND A NOMINAL RUN WAS RECORDED.
THEN EACH DERIVATIVE WAS VARIED, ONE AT A TIME, AND
THE RESULTS RECORDED. (AUTHOR) (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZDM08

AD-838 823 1/3 20/4
AIR FORCE INST OF TECH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO SCHOOL OF
ENGINEERING

THE AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF NON-AERODYNAMIC
SHAPES. (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
JUN 68 66P LEHMANN, MAURICE JOHN WILLIAM
;
REPT. NO. GAM/AE/68-6

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, EXTERNAL
STORES), (•EXTERNAL STORES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), HELICOPTERS, RECTANGULAR BODIES,
CYLINDRICAL BODIES, BLUNT BODIES, LIFT, DRAG,
PITCH(MOTION), ANGLE OF ATTACK, VERTICAL TAKE-
OFF PLANES, FAIRINGS, STABILITY, FLOW
VISUALIZATION, WIND TUNNEL MODELS, MODEL TESTS,
REYNOLDS NUMBER (U)
IDENTIFIERS: NONAERODYNAMIC SHAPES,
GRAPHS(CHARTS), DYNAMIC PRESSURE, LIFT DRAG
RATIO (U)

A WIND TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF THREE BASIC SHAPES
(CUBES, RECTANGLES, AND CYLINDERS) WAS CONDUCTED
TO DETERMINE THE AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF
SIMILAR SHAPED CARGOS CARRIED EXTERNALLY BY
HELICOPTERS OR V/STOL AIRCRAFT. THE RATIO OF
SIDE AREA TO FRONTAL AREA WAS USED AS A PARAMETER TO
PLOT THE LIFT, DRAG, AND PITCHING MOMENT VERSUS ANGLE
OF ATTACK FOR THE THREE SHAPES. THE LIFT, DRAG,
AND PITCHING MOMENT COEFFICIENTS WERE PLOTTED FOR
ANGLES OF ATTACK FROM +5 DEGREES TO -90 DEGREES.
THE CHANGE IN SLOPES OF THE PITCHING MOMENT OF BOTH
RECTANGLES AND CYLINDERS WAS SMOOTH AND GRADUAL
INDICATING NO RAPID CHANGES IN STATIC STABILITY.
BY USING A VERY FLAT NOSE FAIRING, IT WAS POSSIBLE
TO REDUCE THE DRAG BY 30% AT 0 DEGREES ANGLE OF
ATTACK WITHOUT INCREASING THE FORCES AT THE LARGER
ANGLES OF ATTACK. (AUTHOR) (U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-844 579 1/2 1/3
PRINCETON UNIV N J

THE PRINCETON PENNSYLVANIA ARMY AVIONICS
RESEARCH PROGRAM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: ANNUAL REPT. NO. 2, 1 JUN 67-30 JUN
68.

NOV 68 114P BORN, GERARD J. IDUKES,
THEODOR A. IDURBIN, ENOCH J. IGRAHAM, FRANK
D. ISCHMITZ, FREDERIC H. I
CONTRACT: DA-28-043-AMC-02412(E)
PROJ: DA-1-H-162202-A-219
TASK: 1-H-162202-A-21907
MONITOR: ECOM 02412-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*HELICOPTERS, FORMATION FLIGHT),
(*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES, TURNING FLIGHT),
(*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, EQUATIONS OF MOTION),
APPROACH, AIRCRAFT LANDINGS, FLIGHT PATHS,
MATHEMATICAL MODELS,
TRANSFORMATIONS(MATHEMATICS), GLIDE PATH
SYSTEMS, TAKE-OFF, INSTRUMENTATION, ELECTROSTATIC
FIELDS

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: STATION KEEPING, *MANAGEMENT
INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(U)

THIS SECOND ANNUAL REPORT OF WORK DONE UNDER
CONTRACT DA 28-043 AMC-02412(E) IN SUPPORT OF
THE USAECOM AVIONICS LABORATORY PROGRAM COVERS
FIVE TASKS: (1) SIMPLE MODELING AND
FUNDAMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS OF THE STATION KEEPING
CONTROL LOOP ARE PRESENTED. (2) IN THIS REPORT,
A PROBLEM OF CONSIDERABLE INTEREST TO PEOPLE INVOLVED
WITH IMPROVING EXISTING STEADY-STATE STOL TAKE-OFF
TECHNIQUES IS DISCUSSED THEORETICALLY: MINIMUM
DISTANCE TO CLEAR AN OBSTACLE OF A GIVEN FIXED
HEIGHT. (3) A SYSTEM STUDY OF LOW
VISIBILITY APPROACH AND LANDING IS A SIMULATION
OF THE CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS OF HELICOPTERS
COMBINED WITH MODELED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PILOT TO
DETERMINE GUIDANCE PARAMETERS NEEDED FOR LOW
VISIBILITY APPROACHES. (4) AN EXAMINATION OF
INSTRUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS TO PERMIT CONTROL OF
HELICOPTER AND VTOL FLIGHT PERFORMANCE. (5)
RESULTS OF A PRELIMINARY SURVEY OF THE PHENOMENON OF
TRIBOELECTRICITY AS IT APPLIES TO THE PROBLEM OF
HELICOPTER ELECTRICAL CHARGING ARE REPORTED.
(AUTHOR)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-857 455 21/5 1/3
RYAN AERONAUTICAL CO SAN DIEGO CALIF

SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION FOR A LIFT FAN
PROPULSION SYSTEM.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL TECHNICAL REPT. 1 JUL 65-1 MAR
66,

MAY 69 48P DAVIS, WALTER B. ;ELA,

BENJAMIN W. 1

REPT. NO. 29469-3

CONTRACT: DA-44-177-AMC-345(T)

PROJ: DA-1-F-131201-D-161

MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-69-22

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, DUCTED
FANS), (*DUCTED FANS, LIFT), TURBOJET ENGINES,
SPECIFICATIONS, WINGS, DESIGN, INTERFACES
IDENTIFIERS: *LIFT FANS

(U)

(U)

THE REPORT PRESENTS PROPULSION SYSTEM COMPONENT
DESIGN REQUIREMENTS BELIEVED TO BE NECESSARY FOR
SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF OPERATIONAL LIFT FAN
AIRCRAFT. THE WORK WAS DONE FOR THE PURPOSE OF
IDENTIFYING LIFT FAN AIRFRAME AND PROPULSION SYSTEM
PERFORMANCE AND INSTALLATION INTERFACES. THE
REQUIREMENTS PRESENTED IN THE REPORT REFLECT
EXPERIENCE GAINED FROM THE XV-5A LIFT FAN
AIRCRAFT FLIGHT TEST PROGRAM. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-857 62 1/3
AEROPHYSICS CO WASHINGTON D C

REVIEW AND PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF LIFTING
HORIZONTAL-AXIS ROTATING-WING AERONAUTICAL
SYSTEMS (HARWAS). (U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: TECHNICAL REPT.,
MAR 69 420P FOSHAG, WILLIAM F. BOEHLER,
GABRIEL D. J
CONTRACT: DAAJ02-67-C-0046
PROJ: DA-1-F-162204-A-142
TASK: 1-F-162204-A-14231
MONITOR: USAAVLABS TR-69-13

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, •REVIEWS),
(•ROTARY WINGS, SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES), VERTICAL
TAKE-OFF PLANES, LIFT, ROTATION, MAGNUS FORCE,
AUTOROTATION, PROPELLERS(AERIAL), TURBINES,
DESIGN, MARINE PROPULSION, AIRFOILS, FLAPS,
GLIDERS, DECELERATION, RESEARCH PLANES (U)

IDENTIFIERS: HARWAS(HORIZONTAL AXIS ROTATING
WING AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS), •HORIZONTAL AXIS
ROTATING WING AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS, ROTARY WING
AIRCRAFT, WINDMILLS, DHC-5 AIRCRAFT, C-5
AIRCRAFT, CYCLOGIRO AIRCRAFT, HELICOPLANES, X-19
AIRCRAFT, X-100 AIRCRAFT, MAGNUS EFFECT
AIRFOILS (U)

AMONG THE PURELY AERONAUTICAL APPLICATIONS, NEAR-
HORIZONTAL AXIS AS WELL AS HORIZONTAL AXIS DEVICES
ARE CONSIDERED. THE FORMER COVER THE RADIAL-LIFT
PROPELLER OR •SELF-PROPELLING• WING; THE LATTER COVER
MAGNUS EFFECT AND RELATED SYSTEMS; CYCLOGIRO
SYSTEMS AND HORIZONTAL-AXIS PROPELLER SYSTEMS WITH
CYCLIC PITCH. A LIMITED INVESTIGATION OF NON-
AERONAUTICAL APPLICATIONS OF HARWAS IS ALSO MADE,
WHICH COVERS WING-ROTOR TYPE WINDMILLS, CYCLOGIRO
WINDMILL TURBINES, MAGNUS EFFECT SHIP PROPULSION
AND CYCLOIDAL SHIP PROPULSION. APPROXIMATELY 1200
REFERENCES ARE LISTED. A SERIES OF CROSS-INDEX
TABLES IS ALSO INCLUDED TO PROVIDE A QUICK MEANS FOR
THE READER TO DETERMINE THE CONTENT AND AVAILABILITY
OF THE REFERENCES. AN ANALYSIS OF THE VARIOUS LIFT
SYSTEMS PERTINENT TO THE HARWAS FIELD IS MADE WITH
A VIEW TO POTENTIAL AIR VEHICLE APPLICATIONS. OVER
20 ORIGINAL AERONAUTICAL APPLICATIONS ARE IDENTIFIED
AND EVALUATED IN THE LIGHT OF RECENT ADVANCES IN
POWER PLANTS. (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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UNCLASSIFIED

DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AD-842 843 1/3 20/4 21/5
LOCKHEED-CALIFORNIA CO BURBANK

PROPULSION STUDY FOR STOL AIR-SEA
CRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT. 16 DEC 68-15 SEP 69,
SEP 69 149P ANDERSON, ARTHUR B. BROWN,
ALAN C. HOHMAN, EDWARD H. I
REPT. NO. LR-22620
CONTRACT: N00C14-39-C-0024
PROJ: NR-212-191

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, AERODYNAMIC
CHARACTERISTICS), (•AMPHIBIAN PLANES,
•PROPULSION), OPTIMIZATION, ADVANCED PLANNING,
CANARD CONFIGURATION, LIFT,
PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS), TURBOFAN ENGINES,
AERODYNAMIC CONTROL SURFACES, WEIGHT, DUCTS

(U)

THE PURPOSE OF THE STUDY WAS TO INVESTIGATE
AERODYNAMIC-PROPULSION CONCEPTS APPLICABLE TO THE
CANARD CONFIGURATION STOL AIR-SEA CRAFT, AND IN
PARTICULAR TO DEVELOP AND USE A METHODOLOGY FOR
OPTIMIZING COMBINATIONS OF DIRECT LIFT AND AUGMENTED
WING LIFT. A COMPUTER PROGRAM WAS DEVELOPED THAT
OPTIMIZED THE PROPULSION SYSTEM BY MAXIMIZING THE
AIRPLANE RANGE FOR A GIVEN MISSION AND A FIXED
INITIAL AIRPLANE WEIGHT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

UNCLASSIFIED

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

AU-863 963 1/3
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIV WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OHIO

THE EXHIBITION OF NEW SOVIET FIGHTERS AND
FIGHTER-BOMBERS,

(U)

AUG 69 14P RENDULIC, ZLATKO ;
REPT. NO. FTD-HT-23-149-69
PROJ: FTD-7230178

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: EDITED TRANS. OF VAZDUHOPLOVNI
GLASNIK (YUGOSLAVIA) N1 P24-34 1968.

DESCRIPTORS: (*JET FIGHTERS, USSR), (*ATTACK
BOMBERS, USSR), AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS,
SWEEP-BACK WINGS, DELTA WINGS, SUPERSONIC PLANES,
SHORT TAKE-OFF PLANES, VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
VARIABLE-SWEEP WINGS, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS,
YUGOSLAVIA

(U)

IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS

(U)

THIS ARTICLE DEALS WITH MATERIAL WHICH APPEARED IN
FLUGWELT (NO. 12, 1967) AND INTERAVIA (NO
9, 1967) AND COVERS SOVIET FIGHTERS AND FIGHTER-
BOMBERS FROM 1950 TO 1965. ILLUSTRATED ARE THE
E-166 (EXPERIMENTAL PLANE FROM THE MILOYAN
DESIGN GROUP), A SUKHOY SINGLE-ENGINE JET FIGHTER
(MIG 21), A SUKHOY TWIN-ENGINE JET PURSUIT
PLANE, A PLANE WITH VARIABLE WINGS BASED ON THE SU-
7B, A LATER VERSION OF THE SAME, AND A LONG-RANGE
TWIN-JET PURSUIT PLANE FLYING AT 2.8-3 TIMES THE
SPEED OF SOUND. THESE PLANES ARE COMPARED IN
AVAILABLE DETAIL WITH PLANES OF WESTERN
MANUFACTURE. STOL AND VTOL TYPES ARE ALSO
MENTIONED. THE AUTHOR NOTES THE UNUSUALLY LARGE
NUMBER OF PLANES PROJECTED IN THE USSR, HE
MENTIONS THE HAWKER-SIDDELEY P-1127 AS THE MOST
SUCCESSFUL PLANE OF ITS TYPE AND DISCUSSES THE F-
111, MIRAGE G, AND YF-11. HE CONCLUDES THAT
THE LARGE NUMBER OF NEW SOVIET PROTOTYPES INDICATES
THAT THE USSR IS AGAIN LAYING GREAT STRESS ON
SUPPORTING AIRCRAFT. (AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOMOB

AD-873 264 1/3
UNITED AIRCRAFT CORP EAST HARTFORD CONN RESEARCH LABS

PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF THE COUNTER-FLOW
JET FLAP.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL ENGINEERING REPT. 2 JUN 69-1
FEB 70,

MAR 70 57P FINK, MARTIN R. ISTOEFFLER,
RICHARD C. ;
REPT. NO. UACRL-J910843-3
CONTRACT: N00019-69-C-0559

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (•JET FLAPS, DESIGN), (•SHORT TAKE-
OFF PLANES, JET FLAPS), LIFT, FLOW
VISUALIZATION, TRAILING EDGE,
MODELS(SIMULATIONS), PITCH(MOTION), JET
PUMPS, WINGS

(U)

PRELIMINARY EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES WERE CONDUCTED TO
PROVIDE DESIGN INFORMATION FOR A THREE-DIMENSIONAL
WING MODEL CONTAINING A COUNTER-FLOW JET FLAP. THIS
HIGH-LIFT DEVICE USES A FORWARD-FACING EJECTOR TO
INDUCE AIRFLOW INTO A BLUNT, OPENED TRAILING EDGE.
THAT FLOW, MIXED WITH THE EJECTOR PRIMARY FLOW, IS
DIRECTED DOWNWARD AT APPROXIMATELY MID-CHORD OF THE
WING LOWER SURFACE, JUST DOWNSTREAM OF A SHORT RIGID
SPLIT FLAP. THE JET FLAP LOCATION AT MID-CHORD IS
EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SMALL PITCHING MOMENTS ABOUT THE
QUARTER-CHORD. PRELIMINARY TESTS OF A TWO-
DIMENSIONAL AIRFOIL IN A SMOKE TUNNEL WERE PERFORMED
TO OBTAIN QUALITATIVE AERODYNAMIC PERFORMANCE DATA
AND MEASUREMENTS OF EJECTOR OPERATING ENVIRONMENT.
TWO-DIMENSIONAL TESTS OF THE JET PUMP, DUCT, AND
TURNING VANES WERE CONDUCTED TO ASSIST IN SELECTING A
SATISFACTORY EJECTOR CONFIGURATION. RESULTS OF
THESE TESTS WERE USED IN THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION
OF AN UNTWISTED 10-FT SPAN RECTANGULAR WING OF ASPECT
RATIO 8.4 EQUIPPED WITH A COUNTER-FLOW JET FLAP.
(AUTHOR)

(U)

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DDC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. /ZOM08

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CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LAB INC BUFFALO N Y FLIGHT RESEARCH
DEPT

BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND USER GUIDE FOR
MIL-F-83300-MILITARY SPECIFICATION --
FLYING QUALITIES OF PILOTED V/STOL
AIRCRAFT.

(U)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
MAR 71 469P CHALK, CHARLES R. ;KEY,
DAVID L. ;KROLL, JOHN , JR. ;WASSERMAN, RICHARD
;RADFORD, ROBERT C. ;
CONTRACT: AF 33(615)-3736, F33615-70-C-1322
PROJ: AF-698DC
MONITOR: AFFDL TR-70-88

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (*VERTICAL TAKE-OFF PLANES,
PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING)), (*SHORT TAKE-OFF
PLANES, SPECIFICATIONS), MILITARY REQUIREMENTS,
STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEWS, FLIGHT TESTING, HOVERING (U)

THE SPECIFICATION WAS COMPILED AFTER AN EXTENSIVE
LITERATURE REVIEW AND MANY MEETINGS AND DISCUSSIONS
WITH PERSONNEL FROM ESSENTIALLY ALL CONCERNED
CIVILIAN AND GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS. THE REPORT
ATTEMPTS TO EXPLAIN THE CONCEPT AND PHILOSOPHY
UNDERLYING THE V/STOL SPECIFICATION AND TO
PRESENT SOME OF THE DATA AND ARGUMENTS UPON WHICH THE
REQUIREMENTS WERE BASED. THE DOCUMENT SHOULD ALSO
SERVE AS A SUMMARY OF THE STATE OF THE V/STOL
FLYING QUALITIES ART AS DETERMINED FROM FLIGHT TEST,
SIMULATION, ANALYSIS, AND THEORY. (AUTHOR) (U)

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/ZOM08

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CORPORATE AUTHOR - MONITORING AGENCY

•ADCOLE CORP WALTHAM MASS

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V/STOL APPROACH SYSTEM.
(FAA-RD-66-56)
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•ARMY TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH COMMAND
FORT EUSTIS VA

CAL/TRECOM SYMPOSIUM
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JUNE 26-28, BUFFALO, N.Y.
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• ARNGLO ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER
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RESEARCH PHOENIX ARIZ

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AVSER-65-18
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2023 917002
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THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND
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RESEARCH PROGRAM TO DETERMINE
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THE GROUND EFFECT TAKE-OFF AND
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INVESTIGATION OF AN ISOLATED
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PERFORMANCE AND OSCILLATORY STRESS.
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D210-10201-1
STOL HIGH-LIFT DESIGN STUDY.
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• BUREAU OF NAVAL WEAPONS

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NAVREPS-RS 64 17

ESTIMATION OF STOL A/C TAKE-OFF
DISTANCES.
AD-603 375

• CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSES WASHINGTON
D C OPERATIONS EVALUATION GROUP

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IRM15
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